"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; fair, cooler Thursday; west winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,911. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1909.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark / Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

REFORM LOSES IN OTHER CITIES

Machine Tickets Carried in Buffalo, Albany, Cincinnati, San Francisco and Others.

CLEVELAND OUSTS JOHNSON

Gibboney Badly Beaten in Philadelphia—Anti-Mormons Hold Salt Lake.

MASSACHUSETTS IS CLOSE

Tariff and Primaries Issues Cut the Republican Plurality to Less Than 10,000.

MARYLAND NEGROES SAFE

Amendment to Disfranchise Them Apparently Beaten—Rhode Island Republican, Virginia Democratic.

Throughout the Union yesterday the general result was such as to give no encouragement to municipal reformers. In almost every place where that was made a pronounced issue the verdict was on the side of the machine.

Despite President Taft's attitude of hostility toward the Cox machine in Cincinnati that organization won out; the reformers were whipped out of their boots in Philadelphia; the labor organizations that elected Schmitz in San Francisco are again victorious, and Heney, the militant reformer of California, is apparently thoroughly trounced.

The Fingy Conners machine wins in Buffalo, and the Barnes machine in Albany.

About the only gleam of hope for municipal reformers is to be found in the Indianapolis election, where Gauss, the Democratic candidate, was defeated by Lewis Shank. The brewers and the liquor interests generally are said to have spent money like water to elect Gauss, and Thomas Taggart worked for him. Even this victory, however, is somewhat discounted by the fact that Gauss was personally an honest and high-class man, not at all a machine candidate. While Boss Taggart is a sufferer by the result, Gauss was not a typical Taggart man.

One exception to the general rule was found in Toledo, where Brand Whitlock, the independent Mayor, was re-elected by about 2,500 plurality.

Few State Elections.

There were only three elections for Governor yesterday—in Rhode Island, Virginia, and Massachusetts. The Republicans carried Rhode Island and Massachusetts, and the Democrats, as usual, won in Virginia.

Gov. Abram J. Pothier is re-elected in Rhode Island over Olney Arnold by a plurality of at least 7,000.

The chief interest in Rhode Island was over the Constitutional amendments redistricting the State and giving the Governor the veto power. The latter has been carried and the former appears to be. The cities, disgusted over being outvoted by the country towns, have voted for it despite the opposition of the Democrats.

Judge William Hodges Mann is elected Governor of Virginia to succeed Claude A. Swanson, after a campaign of unusual bitterness. The Republican candidate was Capt. William P. Kent, and toward the closing of the contest attacks affecting Kent's integrity were made by Congressman Glass and Gov. Swanson.

Minor State offices were filled in Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Nebraska. The centre of interest in Maryland, however, was the constitutional amendment disfranchising the bulk of the negro population. This amendment has been beaten, as a similar amendment was four years ago, but by a smaller majority. This result puts an end to the effort of the Gorman machine to secure control of the election machinery, according to the men who opposed the adoption of the amendment on that ground.

Bay State Anti-Tariff Vote.

The only result of National significance is in Massachusetts, where the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill was a prominent issue. Ex-State Senator Vahey, the Democratic candidate for Governor, loses by 8,000, after running heavily in Boston. Gov. Draper's small plurality—it was 60,000 last time—is taken as a strong indication of the attitude of Massachusetts toward the Tariff bill in the Congressional election next year.

Direct nominations also entered into the Massachusetts campaign, Vahey making his fight on that issue nearly as much as on tariff revision. National issues, however, may be regarded as the chief factor in this virtual victory for the Democratic platform.

This was the only State in the Union where the tariff question was directly presented as an issue. In their effort to conciliate the tariff revision Republican voters the Democrats went to the length of nominating two low-tariff Republicans on their ticket, one of whom, Eugene N. Foss, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, has been the most strenuous advocate of that reform in the Republican Party. Foss ran only slightly ahead of Vahey.

In New Jersey the Republicans have made a clean sweep. Mark M. Fagan, the "New Idea" ex-Mayor of Jersey City, has again been defeated by Mayor Wittpen. The Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican. Gov. Fort's campaign against liquor in Atlantic City has been answered by a "wet" majority there.

Nebraska is in doubt. The election in that State is for Supreme Court Judges. Great Democratic gains are shown, and the outlook appears to be satisfactory for Mr. Bryan if he decides to make the race for Senator next year. His friend Dahlman, the "cowboy Mayor" of Omaha, has made a clean sweep in Douglas County for his organization.

The chief interest outside of New York, however, centred not on these State contests but on the many municipal elections throughout the Union.

Mayor Johnson Beaten at Last.

Of these the liveliest was in Cleveland, where Mayor Tom L. Johnson has at last met his Waterloo. He was first elected in 1901, and has come up for re-election in every campaign since then. Even so strong a man as Senator Theodore E. Burton was unable to break his grip two years ago. But in this election Johnson, opposed by a candidate without half Burton's renown—Herman C. Baehr—has been defeated. He concedes Baehr's election by 1,500. What seems to have been the decisive factor was the overturning of Johnson's three-cent fare programme in Cleveland, although that issue did not figure on the stump to any great extent. Baehr's majority is between 4,000 and 6,000.

In Louisville there was a bitter campaign, the counterpart of that in New York, and the result indicates the election of W. O. Head, the Democratic candidate, over Mayor Grinstead, the Republican candidate. There were two other candidates in the field.

The American, or anti-Mormon, candidate in Salt Lake City, Mayor J. S. Bransford, has been re-elected. This, however, is largely due to the failure of the opposition parties to pull through a successful fusion.

Gibboney Loses Ground.

D. Clarence Gibboney's fight against the McNichol machine in Philadelphia has ended in a crushing defeat. The Republicans claim the re-election of District Attorney Rotan over Gibboney by a majority of more than 50,000. Gibboney came near getting on the regular Republican ticket at the primaries, and this led to the expectation that he would make a great showing at the polls. This expectation has not been justified. Apparently he has made a poorer run than any reform candidate in Philadelphia has made for some years.

"Dave" Martin, of the "Hog Combine," seems to be elected Register of Wills. There is no crumb of comfort for the reformers in Philadelphia, for Martin represents in his own person all that they have been fighting against, and Rotan has been hand-in-glove with the machine ever since he took office. It was a fair stand-up fight and a complete defeat on the issues.

Gibboney is known as the "Dr. Parkhurst of Philadelphia." He started making exposures as a result of personal investigations, just as Dr. Parkhurst did in 1892, and formed a Vigilance League, which for years has been the terror of the ring. He had the McNichol regime badly scared for quite a while during the present campaign, but the result has been such as to justify Boss Durham in handing down the reins of leadership to Boss "Jim."

San Francisco Halts Reform.

The blackest eye that municipal reform has received in a good many years is that administered in San Francisco, where Francis J. Heney is badly beaten for District Attorney. There was a three-cornered fight for the Mayoralty there, in which all the elements in the Republican party that are opposed to the anti-graft agitation started by Heney united to secure the nomination and election of William Crocker. Crocker is defeated by the labor candidate, P. M. McCarthy. The result in this Mayoralty case simply shows that the labor organizations which elected Schmitz have not lost their grip on the town.

Big Democratic gains are reported in many counties of New York State. Orleans and Clinton Counties have gone Democratic, and Warren is reported to have done so. To offset this that rock-ribbed old fortress of Democracy, Scoharie, has elected a Republican County Clerk. In Buffalo Louis C. Fuhrmann, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, is elected, but the rest of the Democratic ticket, with one exception, has gone down to defeat.

Close Vote on Wadsworth.

Direct primaries cut a considerable figure in the election, and one of its most surprising results was that Speaker Wadsworth barely squeezed through.

Pittsburg has indorsed the proposition for a $7,000,000 bond issue, which was backed by Mayor Magee.

Democrats Carry Bridgeport, Conn.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 2.—City Clerk Buckingham (Dem.) is elected Mayor of Bridgeport by 3,254 plurality. The entire Democratic ticket is elected.

A NEW LTD. FLORIDA TRAIN, The Flamingo. Quickest to Jacksonville and Havana. Inq. Seaboard Air Line, 1183 B'way.

Jones—I didn't realize that the safest life insurance could be obtained at such a low net cost.
Brown—I didn't either until I consulted Tyng & Myrick, 37 Liberty St.—Adv.

MAYOR TOM JOHNSON LOSES IN CLEVELAND

His Three-Cent-Fare Fight Beats Him, People Tiring of Traction War.

OHIO DEMOCRATIC LOSSES

Republicans Win in Cincinnati and Columbus—Whitlock Gets Another Term in Toledo.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 2.—Tom L. Johnson, for four terms Mayor of Cleveland, whose three-cent fare fight made him famous, was defeated to-day for a fifth term by Herman C. Baehr, Republican County Recorder. Unofficial returns from approximately half of the city indicated that Baehr's plurality over Johnson is at least 4,000, and may run to 6,000.

At 10 o'clock Johnson conceded his defeat by 1,500. With him probably went the bulk of the Democratic ticket, those Councilmen who have been conspicuous in their support of his street railway programme suffering most.

The districts now traversed by the three-cent fare lines instituted by Johnson went against him.

Baehr, the first Republican to be elected Mayor of Cleveland in ten years, declared that his election was due to dissatisfaction of the people with the methods of handling city business.

The Mayor, in conceding his defeat, announced that he will be a candidate for Mayor two years hence. Rumors that he would remove to New York were denied by his friends, but Johnson did not comment on them.

The election of Baehr is believed to mean a certain settlement of the long street railway war which Johnson began eight years ago when he demanded a 3-cent rate of fare. Baehr has pledged himself to a settlement on the basis of a 6 per cent. return on the stock of the Cleveland Railway Company, all earnings over that to go to the reduction of fare and the improvement of service. The company has accepted these terms and Mayor Johnson has tentatively done so, reserving the right to fight the settlement at a referendum election. Owing to the fact that five separate ballots had to be cast by each elector, Judges were slow in counting and official returns were much delayed.

The City Council will be Republican, so that Baehr will have clear sailing to put into effect some of the reforms he has promised.

Johnson's defeat is due to his carrying on the street car war long after the people had decided that they wanted a settlement. Though he a few weeks ago agreed to a referendum election on the question, the people generally seem to have doubted his sincerity. Business men of Cleveland, almost to a man, were against him because he had not begun several improvements long needed.

Baehr showed himself to the tremendous crowds which had gathered on the downtown streets and was greeted with prolonged applause.

The acceptance by the voters of the proposed seventy-five-year franchise for a subway system was indicated by the early returns.

Johnson's defeat to-day is his fifth in a year's time at popular elections. He was defeated in the franchise referendum on Oct. 22, 1908, following his six months' control of the street car system; then in his campaign for the election of county officers; next in a referendum on the issue of bonds; again on a street railway referendum, and now meets his own defeat for return to the Mayor's office. In his campaign just closed Johnson abandoned the street railway issue altogether as material and returned to the question of taxes, on which he made his first political campaign twenty years ago as a candidate for Congress in the Cleveland district.

Incomplete returns indicated that the Democrats, who have long enjoyed control of the City Council, have elected only seven Councilmen out of thirty-two.

Returns from over the State show that the Democrats fared badly. This is regarded as a blow to the aspirations of Democratic leaders of Ohio to bring about the nomination of Gov. Harmon for the Presidency in 1912.

In Cincinnati Dr. Louis Schwab, the Cox candidate, will run possibly 8,000 ahead of John Wild Peck, the young man for whom Harmon and the State leaders were fighting for the Mayoralty. The Vice Mayor race there was closer, running about 4,000 in favor of the Republican candidate, present Mayor John Galvin.

Brand Whitlock, author and political successor of the late "Golden Rule" Mayor, Samuel M. Jones, was elected Mayor of Toledo by about 4,500 for a third term. Virtually the entire independent ticket was elected with him, including the City Council.

Marshall, Republican candidate for Mayor of Columbus, who as City Solicitor has fought the traction monopoly for two years, was elected by from 6,000 to 8,000. Vance, the Democratic candidate, was backed by the street railway company.

Canton went Democratic by a large majority. In Dayton, which is a strong Democratic city, the usual majority was greatly reduced, Mayor Edward Burckhart being returned to office.

Wallace D. Yaple was re-elected Democratic Mayor of Coshocton. Jonees, Republican, was elected in Youngstown over Craver, Democratic. Mansfield returned Huntington Brown, Republican, Mayor. Springfield went Democratic again, electing Charles J. Bowlus Mayor.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Returns from fifty-four precincts in this city give a Republican gain of 732 votes. This indicates the election of Dr. Louis Schwab for Mayor by a majority of 5,000. Republican Headquarters claims the election of the entire Republican ticket.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Republican headquarters concede the re-election of Mayor Whitlock, independent, by probably 2,500 plurality.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Marshall, Republican candidate for Mayor, who, as City Solicitor for two terms, has fought the traction monopoly, is elected by a majority of 6,000 to 8,000. Vance, the Democratic candidate, was backed by the street railway company and the Liquor League.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Mayor Searcy, Dem., was re-elected by 600 over Gustin, Rep.

HAMILTON, Ohio, Nov. 2.—A. Rothwell, Rep., was elected Mayor by 300 over Present Mayor Straune, Dem.

CANTON, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Unofficial and incomplete returns show the re-election of Turnbull, Dem., for Mayor by a large majority. Dougherty, Rep., concedes defeat.

DEWEY'S SAUTERNE OR MOSELLE. Elegant White Table Wines. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York.

CHANLER WINS TWO SEATS.

Former Lieutenant Governor Is Elected Assemblyman and Supervisor.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Nov. 2.—After the most strenuous campaign in years on the part of the Democrats, the two Chanler brothers, Lewis S. Chanler and Robert W. Chanler, have received an emphatic indorsement by the voters of Dutchess County. Robert Chanler's administration of the Sheriff's office, which was one of the big issues of the campaign, has been approved by the election of his choice for his successor, John E. Townsend, by a majority estimated at 600.

Greater interest even than in the Shrievalty contest was shown in Former Lieut. Gov. Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler's campaign for Assemblyman in the Second District. Mr. Chanler was bitterly opposed by the Republican organization in every town and voting district. To meet the vigorous fight against him, Mr. Chanler went on the stump and spoke almost nightly before cheering crowds. He made the issue the question of recognition of the work he has accomplished as a Supervisor in reforming the county's finances. Mayor John K. Sague stood shoulder to shoulder with him.

The returns to-night show Lewis Chanler's election as Assemblyman by a plurality of between 300 and 400. He has also been re-elected Supervisor of Red Hook by a plurality of 83.

Dutchess County was strongly Republican before the advent of the Chanler brothers. To-day the voters for the second time returned a Democratic plurality on the county ticket. The officials who first went into office on the Chanler tidal wave three years ago have all been re-elected.

The friends of Lewis Chanler feel that he is in line for recognition as Democratic leader in the Assembly. They say his experience as Lieutenant Governor fits him for this position, and the work he and his brother have accomplished in rejuvenating the Democracy in Dutchess County entitles the Assemblyman-elect to consideration as a capable and winning leader in the field.

GIBBONEY BEATEN BY 50,000.

Reform Ticket in Philadelphia Overwhelmed—State Republican by 100,000.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Samuel P. Rotan, Rep., was re-elected District Attorney to-day over D. Clarence Gibboney, the Penn party and Democratic candidate, by a majority exceeding 50,000. The entire Penn ticket went down to defeat. Victories won in the recognized independent wards were overcome in the overwhelming organization sweep.

David Martin for Register of Wills, and Morrell Dobbins for City Treasurer, commanded the full Republican vote, and little cutting of the county ticket was reported. Judge Von Moschzicker, Republican candidate for the Supreme Court, ran slightly behind his colleagues on the county ticket.

The Republican State ticket was elected by about 100,000 plurality. The successful men are Supreme Court Judge Robert Von Moschzicker, Philadelphia; State Treasurer, J. A. Stober, Lancaster, and Auditor General, A. E. Sisson, Erie.

Voters generally ignored the proposed constitutional amendments, although there was real opposition to Amendment 7, which provided for the appointment of election officers. The most important amendment abolishes the February election, and the one next year will be the last.

Penn leaders declared late to-night that fraud had been perpetrated in the river and organization wards, and they plan to demand a wholesale opening of ballot boxes. Some instances of repeating were reported, and an investigation into the conduct of politicians and reported frauds in the election will be made the basis of a thorough investigation by the Committee of Seventy.

The election was a decisive conflict between the organization and the independent forces. Many of the issues of the election were the same as those of three years ago, when the same candidates for the leading office were pitted against each other. In that contest the organization had just emerged from the civic revolution of 1905, and then the officeholders were not entirely loyal to the organization.

Disaffection in the Democratic ranks over the nomination of Gibboney at the primaries caused a large Democratic vote to be thrown to Rotan. The laboring element did not stand solidly by Murphy, the labor candidate on the Penn ticket, although the wards where organized labor is strong cast heavy votes for the Penn ticket.

Activity of policemen and office holders at all the 1,174 election divisions in the city was evident from the opening of the polls until their closing at 7 o'clock, and according to reports received at the Penn party headquarters no attempt was made by the police to interfere with attacks on Penn party workers by ruffians.

In every instance where a Penn party worker was attacked the police arrested the Penn party man, and he was hustled off to a station house and then transferred from that station to another at a distance. Magistrates Eisenbrown, Barrett, and Gorman sat at the Penn party headquarters all day, and by 7 o'clock had heard of more than 100 Penn party men having been arrested, and they had succeeded in obtaining the release of fewer than half that number.

Men who had been arrested on various charges were found after a long search at station houses remote from the place where they had been taken in custody, and several were ultimately located in Moyamensing Prison, and habeas corpus proceedings had to be resorted to in order to obtain their release.

PITTSBURG VOTES BOND ISSUE.

Uusual Republican Majorities for State and County Offices.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 2.—By the will of the voters, expressed in a plurality of 10,000 in favor of the $7,000,000 bond issue, Greater Pittsburg forgot party lines to-day in favor of municipal improvements.

Allegheny County rolled up the usual Republican majority for State and county offices. As usual, authoritative figures will not be available until the latter part of the week.

N. Y. TO ATLANTA AND RETURN—$20.10. Via P. R. R. & Southern Ry. Automobile Exhibition and Race Meet Nov. 4-6. N. Y. Office 1,200 B'way.—Adv.

REPUBLICANS CUT BADLY IN BAY STATE

Gov. Draper Is Winner by 8,000 Plurality, in Place of 60,000 Last Year.

OPPOSITION TO THE TARIFF

Labor's Fight Also Contributed to Increase the Democratic Vote—Boston Adopts New Form of Government.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Massachusetts registered disaprpoval of the Aldrich tariff by cutting down Gov. Draper's plurality greatly. Although the Republicans won the State election to-day, their customary majorities were cut to the narrowest limits. Gov. Draper was elected by a plurality of only 8,382 over James H. Vahey, the Democratic candidate, compared witr a lead of 60,156 last year. The complete returns were: Draper, 190,045; Vahey, 181,663.

The fight for the Lieutenant Governorship was even closer, the result for the entire States being: Louis A. Frothingham, (Rep.,) 184,870; Eugene N. Foss, (Dem.,) 179,661. Frothingham's plurality was 5,209, and compares with 96,307, his margin last year.

The remainder of the Republican State ticket was also aleceted.

Suffolk County chose a new District Attorney. Joseph C. Pelletier (Dem.) was elected over the present incumbent, Arthur D. Hill, (Rep.,) by about 1,500.

The following State ticket was elected:

Governor—EBEN S. DRAPER of Hopedale.
Lieutenant Governor—LOUIS A. FROTHINGHAM of Boston.
Secretary of State—WILLIAM M. OLIN of Boston.
Treasurer and Receiver General—ELMER A. STEVENS of Somerville.
Auditor—HENRY E. TURNER of Malden.
Attorney General—DANA MALONE of Greenfield.

The next Legislature will show the customary Republican majorities in both branches.

In this city District Attorney Arthur D. Hill was defeated by his Democratic opponent, Joseph C. Pelletier.

Such a reduction of the Republican vote was not expected by even the most pessimistic party followers. Two years ago, an off year like this, the Republican candidate for Governor received 106,000 plurality. The fight made by organized labor against Governor Draper is responsible in consideable measure for his small vote this year, but the tariff has been the paramount issue.

Throughout the campaign the Republicans were on the defensive in upholding Gov. Draper's administration and in supporting his veto of the eight hour bill for public employes. This action, which occurred during the last Legislature, solidified the labor forces against him. General apathy on the part of the Republican voters in the country districts was also regarded as partly responsible for the heavy reduction in the vote for the head of the ticket.

Boston voted for an amendment to the City Charter, which makes the Mayor's term four years, with a recall possible at the end of two years, and abolishes nomination by convention of City Councilmen and members of the School Committee.

The city election will take place January 11. The terms of the present members of the city government and the Mayor have been extended to the first Monday in February, when the new Mayor and City Government will be sworn into office.

KENTUCKY FEUDIST IS KILLED.

Shot Down at Election Booth by Man He Had Wounded.

JACKSON, Ky., Nov. 2.—In an election fight in the Spring Fork precinct Tilden Blanton, with a left hand shot, killed Demosthenes Noble, after Noble had crippled Blanton's right arm with a bullet. Noble previously, according to Blanton, had placed a pistol at the breast of two of Blanton's brothers.

Noble was a member of a powerful feudal family and a former employe of Judge James Hargis. Complications are expected. Blanton, whose father was Democratic candidate for County Attorney, was acting as challenger.

The shots were fired while Blanton was leaning from the window of the voting place. He was carried into Jackson to the home of his father, and is held there under arrest.

The home of Mary Dealin at Long's Creek, where were placed the ballots of the precinct, was burned this morning and the ballots were destroyed. According to their political beliefs Jackson and Breathitt County men stigmatize the firing of the house as incendiary or accidental. The most reliable report from the place, which is twenty-two miles away, is that Mr. Dealin was feeding the Lexington soldiers under Capt. Sams when the fire occurred. Fresh ballots were furnished from Jackson.

These are the ballots which an armed crowd of men threatened to take from a Jackson bank last week, and which were finally given to Mary Dealin by Judge Adams for safe keeping.

At Sebastian's Branch precinct the ballots were seized and hidden.

The militia guarded the polls in Jackson and throughout Breathitt County.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 2.—Though returns from thirty scattered precincts may reduce the plurality slightly, indications late to-night are that W. O. Head, Democratic Mayoralty candidate, won over James F. Erinstead, Republican candidate for re-election, by 2,000. The election of the rest of the Democratic ticket is conceded by the Rpublicans.

Support of Head by a heavy labor vote is held responsible for the change in Louisville's political complexion. Negro domination was an issue in a campaign characterized by bitter personalities.

While several arrests were made on minor charges, only one serious clash occurred between whites and blacks. After the polls had closed, and while the street corners were thronged by partisans awaiting returns, Moses Perkins, white, was shot and killed by a negro, who escaped. The shooting followed a political argument. Several shots were fired.

It is said that the good roads constitutional amendment was carried.

* New stylish arrangement called "Tilkit," with Silkoline or Toile Perkins. Spencer's, 31 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

BANNARD TO GAYNOR.

Republican Candidate Congratulates the Mayor-Elect by Telegram.

Otto T. Bannard, at 10 o'clock, sent the following telegram to Justice Gaynor at his home in Brooklyn:

Please accept my congratulations. I wish your Administration success.

Mr. Bannard also sent telegrams of congratulation to William A. Prendergast and John Purroy Mitchel, his associates on the Fusion city ticket.

From his home in Brooklyn, it was announced, William A. Prendergast, the Controller-elect, sent a telegram to William R. Hearst, thanking him for his support, and adding that without that support his election would have been impossible.

CROKER SILENT ON MURPHY.

He Will Not Discuss Probable Deposition of the Tammany Chief.

Richard Croker did not appear last night, at the National Democratic Club, to be personally disturbed at the defeat of Tammany when he received the final returns. He would not comment upon the probable effect of the crushing of the organization by the Fusionists, other than to say that nothing could persuade him to enter active politics again.

"What will be the effect upon Murphy?" he was asked.

"Now, how should I know?" he replied.

"But is it not the unwritten law of the Wigwam that a leader who has gone through a defeat like this should retire and allow a reorganization of the Hall?"

"That's another question I can't answer. I am out of active politics for good, and I mean it when I say it now just as much as I did last Spring. Of course I am sorry that the organization did not pull through its whole ticket, but what can I do about it?"

NO FIGURES ON AMENDMENTS.

Count Centred Upon the Candidates—Probably Carried, However.

Few figures to show the fate of the constitutional amendments and canal referendum can be obtained either in this city or up the State. The count was devoted to the candidates, and the amendments were left to the last. The only definite knowledge was that the vote on them was light.

It is believed, however, that most, if not all, of the four amendments, including that increasing the debt limit of cities for the building of subways and the canal referendum, have carried. Voters usually show little interest in such matters, and those who do vote on them are inclined to vote "yes."

VIRGINIA 23,000 DEMOCRATIC.

Republicans Make Slight Gains in Lower Branch of the Legislature.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 2.—Incomplete returns at 1 o'clock this morning show a Democratic majority in the State of 23,000, which is 4,000 less than the majority polled by Gov. Swanson four years ago. In this computation the Republicans receive every doubtful locality, so that the returns from the rest of the State, if there is any change at all, will increase the Democratic lead slightly.

About half the State has been heard from. The figures of the general estimate are based on the returns so far and estimates of the missing counties, made upon the figures polled at the last election. It is probable that the missing districts will increase the Democratic lead by 2,000 or 3,000. All of the candidates upon the ticket ran together, with the exception of Benjamin O. James, candidate for Secretary of the Commonwealth, who died since his nomination and after his name had been printed upon the ballot. It was necessary to write in the name of Col. James upon the ballot, as was the case also in several of the minor offices. William H. Mann was elected Governor.

Richmond City cast a vote of approximately 5,000, carrying a safe Democratic majority. There was considerable apathy everywhere.

The entire House of Delegates was elected to-day. The Republicans made one or two gains in membership in the House. This will give the minority party a representation of about twenty against eighty Democrats.

The liquor issue was not prominent in the campaign. The liquor interests voting for Mann, who is a Prohibitionist as well as a Democrat, the Democratic leaders having promised that there would be no adverse liquor legislation by the Legislature, which meets in January.

GRAFT-HUNTER HENEY BEATEN

Union Labor Again Victorious in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—P. M. McCarthy, Union Labor candidate for Mayor, is apparently elected over William Crocker, the Republican candidate. Francis J. Heney seems to be badly defeated for District Attorney.

The candidates spoke until almost the last minute, and each gave the cry "Save San Francisco." Chief interest centred in the race between Francis J. Heney, Democratic candidate for District Attorney, and Charles M. Fickert, Republican and Union Labor candidate. Heney declared that he would receive approximately two out of every three votes cast for District Attorney. Fickert estimated his vote at 41,000. The total vote is estimated at 61,000.

The other great fight was between McCarthy, Crocker, and Dr. T. W. Leland, Democratic candidate. Each was sure that he would win. McCarthy was 2 to 1 favorite in the last betting.

The Call, which has supported Crocker and Heney, estimated on the basis of scattered returns up to 9:30 o'clock that McCarthy, Union Labor candidate for Mayor, would be elected by about 10,000 plurality, and that Fickert, Republican and Union Labor, would defeat Heney by about 15,000.

With about one-sixth of the total vote counted late to-night McCarthy, Union Labor candidate for Mayor, had a lead over both his opponents that if maintained would give him a plurality of 1,000. Leland, Democratic candidate, and Crocker, Republican, were nearly a tie for second place.

On the same basis of vote count, Charles M. Fickert, Republican and Union Labor nominee for District Attorney, was leading Francis J. Heney nearly 2 to 1.

THE SHOREHAM, WASHINGTON, D. C. Hotel of Metropolitan standard of excellence. European plan. Cuisine and service the best. John T. Devine, Proprietor.—Adv.

GAYNOR WINS; TAMMANY LOSES ALL THE REST

A Clean Sweep by Fusion of All Offices Outside of the Mayoralty.

GAYNOR'S PLURALITY 72,500

But Fusion Has Carried the Board of Estimate and with It City Control.

WHITMAN DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Beats George Gordon Battle for the Office by About 22,000 Votes.

ALL PATRONAGE TO FUSION

Controllership, Aldermanic Presidency, County Offices, and Supreme Court—All Gone.

BOROUGH PRESIDENTS, TOO

McAneny Wins in Manhattan, Gresser Carries Queens, Miller the Bronx. —And Roesch Is Beaten.

ELECTED.

CITY TICKET.

Mayor.	Plurality.
W. J. GAYNOR, (Tam.)	72,500
Controller.	
W. A. PRENDERGAST, (Fus.)	67,000
President Board of Aldermen.	
J. P. MITCHEL, (Fus.)	54,000

BOROUGH PRESIDENTS.

Manhattan.	
GEORGE McANENY, (Fus.)	16,500
Bronx.	
C. C. MILLER, (Fus.)	1,350
Brooklyn.	
A. E. STEERS, (Fus.)	15,000
Queens.	
L. GRESSER, (Ind.)	3,700
Richmond.	
G. CROMWELL, (Fus.)	140

SUPREME COURT.

First Department—
NATHAN BIJUR, (Fus.)
ALFRED R. PAGE, (Fus.)
EDWARD J. GAVEGAN, (Fus.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

	Plurality.
District Attorney.	
CHARS S. WHITMAN, (Fus.)	22,000
Sheriff.	
JOHN S. SHEA, (Fus.)	27,000
County Clerk.	
H. F. SCHNEIDER, (Fus.)	12,000
Register.	
MAX S. GRIFENHAGEN	12,500
City Court Judge.	
RICHARD H. SMITH, (Fus.)	32,000

KINGS COUNTY.

	Plurality.
Sheriff.	
PATRICK QUINN, (Dem.)	5,771
County Clerk.	
H. C. MOLLOY (Dem.)	5,661
Register.	
FREDK. LUNDY (Dem.)	6,248

William J. Gaynor, Tammany's candidate, was elected Mayor of New York City yesterday over Otto T. Bannard, the Republican-Fusion candidate, and William R. Hearst, candidate of the Civic Alliance.

Mr. Gaynor's plurality was about 72,500. With twentyone election districts missing, he had an actual plurality of 71,653. In a total vote of 572,837, (twenty-one election districts missing,) he polled 246,715. Bannard received 175,062 and Hearst came close up with 150,560.

The opinion was expressed last night, and Mr. Bannard seemed disposed to agree with it, that no small part of the Hearst vote came from the Republican ranks.

Mr. Gaynor's is a barren victory, however, for Tammany has lost the Controllership, the Presidency of the Board of Aldermen, all the four Borough Presidencies, its county ticket, including the District Attorneyship, and with these offices practically every bit of patronage in the gift of the City Government.

Fusion's Sweep.

Except for the Mayoralty, Fusion's victory is complete. The Fusion forces have elected W. A. Prendergast Controller over Robert R. Moore (Tammany) by a plurality of about 67,000.

John Purroy Mitchel, Fusion candidate, wins the Presidency of the Board of Aldermen over John A. Galvin (Tammany) by about 57,000 plurality.

George McAneny, Fusion candidate, is elected Borough President of Manhattan by about 16,500 over Joseph Haag, Tammany's nominee.

W. A. Steers wins the Borough Presidency of the Bronx over C. C. Miller by about 1,350.

dency of Brooklyn, with two votes in the Board of Estimate, by about 15,000.

Lawrence Gresser, Independent Democrat, carries Queens over both Cassidy (Tammany) and De Bragga (Republican) by about 3,700 plurality.

Cyrus C. Miller, Fusion candidate in the Bronx, carries that borough, thanks to the division of the Tammany vote between Alderman Murphy, Tammany candidate, and Louis F. Haffen, the deposed Borough President, running independently, by about 1,350 plurality.

The vote in Richmond is close, but George Cromwell (Fusion) appears to have been re-elected Borough President by 140 votes over Tammany's candidate, McCormack.

In New York County ex-Judge Charles S. Whitman has been chosen District Attorney over George Gordon Battle by approximately 22,000 plurality. Fusion also elects the County Clerk and Register.

In the Supreme Court contest, First Department, the early returns seemed to elect the Tammany candidates, but as the count proceeded their majorities faded away, as had those of the other Tammany candidates. There is little doubt that the Fusion candidates for these offices also have been elected.

Tammany's candidate for the City Court Bench, George F. Roesch, was beaten by Richard H. Smith by 32,000 votes.

What Murphy Says.

"It looks like a clean sweep," said Tammany Leader Murphy early in the evening.

At midnight he gave out a formal statement in which he said he rejoiced in "the magnificent triumph" of Judge Gaynor, whose personal character and public record were thus vindicated after "the most vindictive and untruthful assaults ever made upon a political candidate in my experience."

The defeat of the other candidates Mr. Murphy passed over with a brief expression of regret, and the opinion that it was "in no wise to be attributed to any unfitness or unworthiness on their part."

Mayor-elect Gaynor's sole comment on hearing, when he returned from one of his famous long walks, that he was elected, probably without his associates, was:

"I have nothing to say except that I present my compliments to the newspaper proprietors and editors."

Mr. Bannard said: "I congratulate the city on the election of my associates on the city ticket and a majority of the Board of Estimate, which will secure the city, to a large extent, from the further depredations of Tammany Hall. I regret that I did not gratify my friends by getting more votes, but I am glad to express my thanks for the hard work done by my willing friends and organization. I congratulate Judge Gaynor upon his large vote."

Mr. Hearst said: "If an anti-Tammany Board of Estimate has been elected and if the worst characters on the local Tammany ticket have been defeated, I am thoroughly satisfied with the result of the election and consider my efforts well rewarded."

Mitchel Ready to be Mayor.

John Purroy Mitchel, Fusion candidate for the Presidency of the Board of Aldermen, said at midnight at his headquarters in the Arcade Building that he was prepared to assume the duties of Mayor if Justice Gaynor lives up to his campaign threat of refusing the office, now that his Democratic associates in the contest, the Board of Estimate, were not elected with him.

"Mr. Gaynor has stated publicly and repeatedly," said Mr. Mitchel, "that in case Mr. Murphy's Board of Estimate was not elected to office with him he would resign. We expect so eminent and pious a jurist to keep his word. In that event it would be my duty to assume the office of Mayor, under the law. I am ready to do so, since Mr. Gaynor is determined to thrust the honor upon me.

"I think the Fusion candidates owe their election in a large measure to Mr. Hearst's candidacy," said Mr. Mitchel. "I think the City of New York owes him a debt of gratitude for delivering it from the clutches of Tammany. I expected Mr. Hearst's vote to be much higher. I am surprised at the size of Mr. Gaynor's vote, because I thought the people of the city had come to understand him in this campaign. I had believed confidently that Mr. Bannard would be elected. I regret very much that he has not been, and I think that the City of New York has suffered a great loss in his defeat."

McCarren County Ticket Wins.

The victory of Steers, the Fusion candidate in the race for Borough President in Brooklyn, is the more notable because the Democratic county ticket—Quinn for Sheriff, Molloy for County Clerk, and Lundy for Register—won in the three-cornered county fight by pluralities ranging from five to seven thousand.

In Queens the probabilities early this morning were that Burt J. Humphrey, County Judge, had been reelected, but that the independent candidates for Sheriff and County Clerk, Thomas M. Quinn and Martin Mayer, had won.

In Richmond A. D. Collins (Fusion) was elected Sheriff by 408 plurality over Rendt, (Dem.)

MAYOR.

BOROUGH RECAPITULATION.

Borough.	Bannard. (Fus.)	Gaynor. (Dem.)	Hearst. (C. A.)	E. D. Msg.
Man. & Bronx.	79,766	123,642	77,642	69
Brooklyn	73,386	90,829	48,455	4
Queens	11,237	16,651	14,549	5
Richmond	5,031	7,074	2,588	0
City total	169,420	238,196	143,234	78

78 election districts missing out of a total of 1,679.

Gaynor's plurality, 68,776.

MANHATTAN AND THE BRONX.

A. D.	Bannard. (Fus.)	Gaynor. (Dem.)	Hearst. (C. A.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	1,260	3,934	1,124	0
2d	520	3,689	1,475	1
3d	750	4,643	1,102	2
4th	505	2,777	1,763	0
5th	1,666	4,512	1,599	1
6th	1,321	832	2,169	0
7th	2,071	3,053	1,509	0
8th	485	2,572	2,163	0
9th	1,466	3,268	1,830	0
10th	999	2,212	2,069	3
11th	1,613	3,825	1,819	2
12th	1,189	4,722	1,453	0
13th	1,607	3,475	1,304	1
14th	2,374	4,138	1,710	0
15th	5,588	3,270	1,462	0
16th	1,410	3,482	1,680	1
17th	4,359	3,125	2,149	0
18th	1,390	3,513	2,152	0
19th	4,716	3,824	3,080	0
20th	945	3,580	1,914	2
21st	4,310	3,461	2,862	2
22d	1,473	3,224	2,741	0
23d	6,457	5,902	5,022	2
24th	758	2,333	1,533	2
25th	3,654	2,940	1,579	2
26th	909	1,922	2,589	6
27th	3,487	2,210	1,087	3
28th	940	2,438	1,749	1
29th	4,475	3,212	1,754	0
30th	2,619	4,438	3,767	5
31st	3,532	2,819	3,409	2
32d	3,261	5,863	5,134	10
33d	1,748	3,397	3,141	4
34th	2,678	6,230	3,736	9
35th	3,627	4,971	3,347	4
Total	79,766	123,642	77,642	69

69 election districts missing out of a total of 918.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Bannard. (Fus.)	Gaynor. (Dem.)	Hearst. (C. A.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	1,762	4,339	3,023	1
2d	1,870	3,559	3,534	1
3d	3,379	5,049	4,083	1
4th	4,226	3,704	3,009	2
Total	11,237	16,651	14,549	5

Five election districts missing out of a total of 126.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	Bannard. (Fus.)	Gaynor. (Dem.)	Hearst. (C. A.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	5,031	7,074	2,588	..

No election districts missing out of a total of 44.

CONTROLLER.

BOROUGH RECAPITULATION.

Borough.	Prendergast. (Fus.)	Moore. (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
Man. & Bronx.	150,655	125,036	77
Brooklyn	115,809	83,732	33
Queens	21,425	14,530	8
Richmond	7,144	7,285	..
City total	295,033	220,583	118

118 election districts missing out of a total of 1,679.

MANHATTAN AND THE BRONX.

A. D.	Prendergast. (Fus.)	Moore. (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
1st	2,212	3,500	3
2d	1,857	3,890	1
3d	1,895	4,971	1
4th	1,842	2,429	2
5th	3,092	4,022	3
6th	2,900	1,984	1
7th	2,973	3,406	3
8th	1,990	2,155	3
9th	2,909	2,958	2
10th	2,484	1,923	4
11th	3,100	3,626	3
12th	2,500	4,723	..
13th	2,792	3,484	2
14th	3,934	4,204	..
15th	6,264	3,271	2
16th	3,258	3,640	..
17th	5,077	3,240	1
18th	3,487	3,547	..
19th	7,474	4,052	..
20th	2,585	3,177	4
21st	5,830	2,965	7
22d	3,693	2,963	2
23d	10,047	5,300	7
24th	2,458	2,501	1
25th	4,858	2,956	3
26th	3,532	1,953	5
27th	4,125	3,315	3
28th	2,607	2,432	1
29th	5,892	3,266	1
30th	6,990	5,045	1
31st	7,045	2,863	1
32d	9,612	7,214	3
33d	4,892	3,664	2
34th	7,561	6,130	2
35th	6,797	5,345	3
Total	150,655	125,036	77

77 election districts missing out of a total of 918.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Prendergast. (Fus.)	Moore. (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
1st	4,527	3,381	1
2d	2,524	4,546	..
3d	2,506	4,518	..
4th	4,932	3,277	..
5th	6,764	2,043	1
6th	3,711	2,364	3
7th	3,673	3,725	..
8th	3,064	3,851	1
9th	7,246	5,104	1
10th	5,557	4,101	..
11th	5,449	3,396	1
12th	6,990	3,950	..
13th	3,132	4,005	..
14th	2,944	3,597	..
15th	3,891	3,772	..
16th	7,399	5,247	1
17th	6,174	2,773	1
18th	8,092	3,744	5
19th	3,145	2,740	3
20th	5,080	2,714	3
21st	2,758	1,890	1
22d	10,502	4,735	6
23d	5,744	3,359	5
Total	115,809	83,732	33

33 election districts missing out of a total of 591.

QUEENS.

A. D.	Prendergast. (Fus.)	Moore. (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
1st	3,774	3,610	2
2d	4,303	3,148	2
3d	8,463	5,234	..
4th	4,885	2,538	4
Total	21,425	14,530	8

8 election districts missing out of a total of 126.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	Prendergast. (Fus.)	Moore. (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
1st	7,144	7,285	..

No election districts missing out of a total of 44.

PRESIDENT OF ALDERMEN.

BOROUGH RECAPITULATION.

Borough.	Mitchel. (Fus.)	Galvin. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
Man. and Bronx.	143,245	118,820	65
Brooklyn	93,494	76,096	97
Queens	23,230	15,947	12
Richmond	6,784	6,929	2
City total	261,238	214,690	175

175 election districts missing out of a total of 1,679.

MANHATTAN AND THE BRONX.

A. D.	Mitchel. (Fus.)	Galvin. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	2,423	3,916	1
2d	1,972	3,853	..
3d	2,031	5,205	..
4th	1,915	2,675	1
5th	3,381	4,772	..
6th	2,320	1,540	4
7th	3,005	3,402	3
8th	2,268	2,537	1
9th	2,976	3,077	1
10th	3,031	2,276	2
11th	3,472	4,007	1
12th	2,443	4,612	1
13th	2,931	3,611	1
14th	3,787	4,035	1
15th	6,661	3,372	1
16th	3,245	3,656	..
17th	6,374	3,184	..
18th	3,267	3,407	1
19th	7,106	3,676	2
20th	2,978	3,743	1
21st	7,399	3,586	1
22d	4,008	3,103	1
23d	11,016	5,706	3
24th	2,541	2,839	0
25th	5,508	3,035	1
26th	4,048	2,088	4
27th	4,666	2,421	2
28th	2,578	2,401	1
29th	5,835	3,173	1
30th	6,308	4,528	5
31st	3,569	1,504	2
32d	6,080	4,893	20
33d	3,086	2,379	12
34th	5,302	4,023	14
35th	3,695	2,805	17
Total	143,245	118,820	65

65 election districts missing out of a total of 918.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Mitchel. (Fus.)	Galvin. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	4,032	3,111	3
2d	2,457	4,610	..
3d	2,278	4,851	..
4th	4,175	3,107	2
5th	4,869	2,275	7
6th	3,617	2,450	4
7th	2,740	3,092	4
8th	2,715	3,917	2
9th	6,081	4,239	6
10th	4,800	3,666	3
11th	4,134	3,092	5
12th	6,680	4,304	..
13th	2,702	3,296	3
14th	2,851	3,747	..
15th	3,621	3,932	..
16th	5,326	4,062	9
17th	5,069	2,031	4
18th	2,673	3,268	4
19th	1,372	1,286	14
20th	3,023	1,457	12
21st	2,777	2,015	1
22d	10,828	4,952	5
23d	4,679	2,836	9
Total	93,494	76,096	97

97 election districts missing out of a total of 591.

QUEENS.

A. D.	Mitchel. (Fus.)	Galvin. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	4,350	4,156	2
2d	4,375	3,285	4
3d	8,382	5,272	..
4th	6,114	3,234	6
Total	23,230	15,947	12

12 election districts missing out of a total of 126.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	Mitchel. (Fus.)	Galvin. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg
1st	6,784	6,020	2

Two election districts missing out of a total of 44.

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Business furniture and equipment

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BOROUGH PRESIDENTS.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	McAneny. (Fus.)	Haag. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	2,431	4,020	1
2d	1,870	3,740	1
3d	1,967	4,982	1
4th	1,913	2,376	2
5th	3,409	4,711	0
6th	2,618	1,772	3
7th	3,390	3,807	1
8th	2,216	2,318	2
9th	3,148	3,276	0
10th	3,072	2,517	1
11th	3,079	3,569	3
12th	2,579	4,723	0
13th	2,948	3,667	1
14th	3,992	4,174	0
15th	5,547	2,877	5
16th	3,266	3,628	0
17th	6,353	3,147	0
18th	3,243	3,362	1
19th	7,336	3,774	1
20th	2,963	3,926	1
21st	7,159	3,459	2
22d	4,153	3,229	..
23d	10,544	5,655	3
24th	2,640	2,628	..
25th	5,672	3,143	..
26th	3,397	1,858	6
27th	4,844	2,271	2
28th	2,755	2,559	..
29th	5,811	3,201	1
30th, (part of)	5,279	3,620	2
31st	6,698	2,703	2
Total	126,244	104,645	42

42 election districts missing out of a total of 754.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Steers. (Fus.)	McCobey. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	4,140	3,288	1
2d	2,390	4,643	..
3d	2,170	4,630	1
4th	4,439	3,405	1
5th	5,406	2,907	4
6th	3,846	2,603	3
7th	3,186	3,811	1
8th	2,951	4,234	..
9th	6,566	4,647	4
10th	4,448	3,644	4
11th	4,398	3,260	4
12th	6,302	4,165	1
13th	2,805	3,337	2
14th	2,745	3,751	..
15th	2,737	3,255	4
16th	6,654	5,168	3
17th	6,135	3,280	..
18th	2,587	4,206	4
19th	3,655	3,303	..
20th	4,947	2,804	3
21st	2,942	2,060	..
22d	9,752	4,623	9
23d	5,246	3,143	6
Total	100,453	84,162	55

55 Election Districts missing out of a total of 591.

BRONX.

A. D.	Miller. (Fus.)	Murphy. (Dem.)	Haffen. (R.H.B.D.)	E. D. Msg.
30th	1,387	1,314	357	0
32d	6,123	5,415	2,271	11
33d	1,180	838	1,059	20
34th	4,124	4,524	1,103	13
34th	4,287	3,876	1,397	9
Total	17,110	15,967	6,187	53

68 Election Districts missing out of a total of 164.

QUEENS.

A. D.	DeBragga. (Fus.)	Cassidy. (Dem.)	Gresser. (C. A.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	1,136	3,506	3,279	5
2d	313	1,044	2,214	10
3d	2,962	2,854	4,722	8
4th	1,980	1,975	2,865	14
Total	6,391	10,279	13,080	37

37 Election Districts missing out of a total of 126.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	Cromwell. (Fus.)	McCorm'k. (Dem.)	E. D. Msg.
1st	7,535	7,203	..

No Election Districts missing out of a total of 44.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

A. D.	Whitman. (Fus.)	Battle. (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
1st	2,469	3,937	1
2d	1,960	3,972	0
3d	2,049	5,191	0
4th	1,740	2,237	3
5th	3078	4,147	3
6th	2,409	1,658	4
7th	3,010	3,570	3
8th	1,684	1,844	5
9th	3,238	3,294	0
10th	2,031	2,327	2
11th	2,544	2,670	7
12th	2,590	4,745	0
13th	2,020	3,625	1
14th	3,968	4,286	0
15th	4,715	2,788	8
16th	2,638	2,953	3
17th	4,270	2,441	8
18th	1,877	2,043	8
19th	5,754	3,440	6
20th	2,598	3,479	3
21st	5,120	2,653	9
22d	3,161	2,495	5
23d	8,413	4,600	13
24th	1,918	2,032	4
25th	4,035	2,272	8
26th	939	641	17
27th	4,520	2,517	2
28th	2,189	2,070	3
29th	4,632	2,829	6
30th	3,884	2,709	17
31st	2,934	1,886	18
32d	5,527	4,386	22
33d	1,812	1,291	19
34th	3,147	2,784	23
35th	1,278	923	28
Total	111,855	100,195	257

257 election districts missing out of a total of 918.

VOTE FOR ALDERMEN.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Dist.	Vote.	Plural-ity.	E. D. M's'g
1. T. J. Horgan, R. & F.	1,470	....	..
1. Wm. Drescher, D*	3,890	2,420	1
2. A. Biondi, R. & F.	1,780	....	..
2. M. Stapleton, D*	3,587	1,799	2
3. J. L. Conte, R.	794	....	..
3. T. P. Sullivan, D*	4,437	3,643	3
4. M. J. Murphy, R. & F.	7,481	....	..
4. James J. Smith, D*	2,313	1,565	2
5. John C. McGann, R.	2,244	....	..
5. J. M. Hannon, D.	3,327	83	7
6. A. Moskovitz, D*	1,750	....	..
6. F. J. Dotzler, R. & F.	2,361	611	4
7. E. de K. Townsend, R.	2,487	....	..
7. F. L. Dowling, D*	3,149	662	5
8. Thomas Levy, R.	....	....	..
8. Max S. Levine, D*	....	....	..
9. G. Van Castell, R.	....	....	..
9. W. C. Towen, D.	....	....	..
11. H. W. Beyer, R. & F.*	....	....	..
10. G. J. Schneid'r, R.&F.*	....	....	..
11. H. W. Beyer, R.&F.*	2,320	....	..
11. Louis Wendel, Jr., D.	3,400	1,061	3
12. Henry Bossert, R.	1,129	....	..
12. W. P. Kenneally, D*	4,569	3,440	1
13. J. J. Dawson, R.	1,523	....	..
13. John McCann, D*	3,081	1,558	3
14. P. J. Conroy, R. & F.	....	....	..
14. John Loos, D.	....	....	..
13. G. S. Kleeberg, D.	3,227	....	..
15. N. R. Becker, R.&F.	5,275	2,048	5
16. Thomas Rock, R.&F.	3,207	....	..
16. T. F. Baldwin, D*	3,655	448	..
17. F. E. Loughran, D.	3,135	....	..
17. Jos. Schloss, R.&F.*	5,432	2,297	3
18. Jos. Linhart, R.&F.	1,406	....	..
18. J. J. Nugent, D*	2,804	1,398	3
19. James J. Hines, D*	3,853	....	..
19. Wm. D. Brush, R.&F.	6,704	2,941	2
20. E. Castka, R.&F.	1,067	....	..
20. J. J. Reardon, D*	3,632	2,565	2
21. Bryant Will'rd, R.&F.	....	....	..
21. E. J. Healy, D.	....	....	..
22. J. W. O'Reilly, D*	3,160	....	..
22. M. J. Volkmann, R.&F.	4,174	1,014	..
23. J. H. Boschen, R.&F.	....	....	..
23. J. J. McDonald, D*	....	....	..
24. John A. Bolles, R.&F.	....	....	..
24. J. J. F. Mulcahy, D*	....	....	..
25. W. J. Hannon, R.	....	....	..
25. Charles Delaney, D*	....	....	..
26. James Conrfy, D.	3,085	....	..
26. T. B. Johnson, R. & F*	5,053	1,967	2
27. B. Goldschmidt, R*	1,685	....	..
27. W. J. Desmond, D.	3,479	1,794	7
28. Francis D. Gallatin, D.	2,337	....	..
27. Courtlandt Nicoll, R.	3,595	1,258	3
29. August Bauer, R. & F.	895	....	..
29. John F. Walsh, D*	2,113	1,217	3
30. J. D. Kavanagh, D*	3,337	....	..
30. Ralph Folks, R. & F.	5,478	2,141	2
31. James P. Egan, D.	974	....	..
31. Percy L. Davis, R.&F.*	1,785	811	5
32. L. A. VanNost'nd, R.-F.	1,855	392	5
32. James H. Kehoe, D.	1,463	....	..
33. L. W. Simmons, R.	3,653	....	..
33. Samuel Marx, D*	3,819	166	8
34. Jas. W. Brown, D*	4,746	....	..
34. L. J. Fagan, R. & F.	6,012	1,266	9
35. F. H. Fischedick, R.&F.	....	....	..
35. P. Sheridan, D.	....	....	..
36. J. J. Mulhearn, R.&F.	1,555	....	..
36. W. P. Corbett, D*	1,702	147	6
37 Edw. A. Davis, R.&F.	280	....	..
37. J. J. Hickey, D*	484	204	26
38. Andrew J. Kelly, D.	3,551	....	..
38. A. W. Herbst, R.&F.	3,890	339	19
39. S. B. McLaughlin, D.	380	154	10
39 J. Hamilton, R. & F.	543	....	..
40. F. C Hochdorffer, D.*	1,272	....	..
40. W. H. Finley, R. & F.	1,646	374	7
41 M. J. Crowley, D*	286	....	..
41. W. S. Goodwin, R.&F.	377	91	6

Boarding Houses of the better sort. See Page 17.

CITY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLY.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Dist.	Vote.	Plural-ity.	E. D. M's'g
1. J. Gentleman, R. & F.	1,460	....	3 ..
1. T. B. Caughlan, D.*	3,885	2,425	1
2. J. Shapiro, R. & F.	1,909	....	..
2. A. E. Smith, D.*	3,971	2,062	..
3. I. A. Rubin, R.	1,132	....	..
3. J. Oliver, D.*	5,219	4,081	..
4. C. H. Herbst, R. & F.	515	....	..
4. A. J. Levy, D.*	2,469	1,954	2
5. J. L. Manning, R. & F	2,974	....	..
5. J. J. Walker, D.	4,108	1,134	3
6. A. Stern, D.	1,950	....	3
6. H. Kopp, R. & F.	2,429	479	..
7. P. P. McElligott, D.*	3,347	306	3
7. D. J. Kellerher, R.&F.	3,041	....	..
8. J. P. Segal, R.	764	....	..
8. M. Graubard, D.*	2,527	1,763	1
9. J. C. Hackett, D.*	2,768	1,506	5
9. P. A. Martin, R.	1,262	....	..
10. H. Spielberg, D.*	1,883	485	4
10. J. Kostman, R. & F.	1,398	....	..
11. F. Joyce, R.	2,112	....	..
11. J. J. Boylan, D.	3,600	1,488	3
12. R. L. Lush, R.	1,172	....	..
12. J. A. Foley, D.*	4,862	3,690	..
13. J. J. Hoey, D.*	1,614	....	2
13. E. J. Roche, R. & F.	3,428	1,814	..
14. F. P. Beaudry, R. & F.	2,524	....	..
14. J. J. Herrick, D.*	4,175	1,651	..
15. B. A. Mullally, D.	2,905	....	..
15. W. M. Bennett, R.&F.*	5,647	1,745	5
16. J. Lassner, R. & F.	3,160	....	..
16. M. G. McCue, D.*	3,689	529	..
17. F. R. Toombs, R.&F.*	5,633	2,677	3
17. S. P. Goldman, D.	2,956	....	..
18. R. J. Brennen, R. & F.	1,757	....	..
18. M. Goldberg, D.*	3,272	1,516	1
19. J. Walz, D.	3,368	....	..
19. A. F. Murray, R.& F.*	6,611	3,243	4
20. C. A. Long, R. & F.	1,028	....	..
20. P. J. McGrath, D.*	3,766	2,738	2
21. H. S. Walton, D.	3,188	....	..
21. R. S. Conklin, R.&F.*	4,143	955	5
22. G. W. Baumann, D.*	3,114	....	1
22. R. E. Doherty, R. & F.	3,945	331	..
23. W. T. Kelleher, D.	5,580	....	..
23. F. A. Higgins, R. & F.	10,049	4,464	5
24. S. C. Shim, R. & F.	960	....	..
24. T. A. Brennan, D.*	4,065	3,105	1
25. A. Ward, Jr., R. & F.*	5204	2171	2
25. C. L. Kohler, D.	3033	....	..
26. I. J. Joseph, D.*	3768	2365	7
26. R. V. Wechsler, R.&F.	1403	....	..
27. C. A. Dana, R.	3350	1108	3
27. W. R. Herrick, D.	2242	....	..
28. J. Levy, D.*	2517	1247	..
28. J. J. Egan, R. & F.	1270	....	..
30. L. A. Cuvillier, D.*	4499	306	6
30. P. Donovan, R. & F.	6180	1681	..
31. S. Marks, R.*	2434	....	14
31. M. E. Friend, D.	2495	61	..

RICHMOND.

Dist.	Vote.	Plural-ity.	E. D. M's'g
W. A. Shortt, D.	7,530	484	..
J. Anderson, R. & F.	7,046	....	..

CITY COURT JUDGE.

A. D.	Smith, (Fus.)	Roesch, (Dem.)	E. D. M's'g.
1st	2,560	4,138	0
2d	2,001	3,915	0
3d	1,963	5,174	0
4th	1,921	2,393	2
5th	3,173	4,341	2
6th	2,854	1,864	3
7th	3,105	3,419	3
8th	2,187	2,046	3
9th	3,095	3,076	1
10th	3,067	2,267	2
11th	3,506	3,952	1
12th	2,487	4,514	1
13th	2,727	3,167	3
14th	4,000	4,203	0
15th	6,580	3,039	2
16th	3,136	3,382	1
17th	6,145	2,957	2
18th	3,504	3,343	0
19th	6,673	3,474	4
20th	3,093	3,916	0
21st	6,982	3,241	3
22d	3,808	2,880	1
23d	11,722	5,664	2
24th	2,308	2,316	2
25th	5,300	2,844	2
26th	4,100	2,045	4
27th	4,447	2,163	3
28th	2,563	2,372	1
29th	5,916	3,089	1
30th	5,943	4,160	7
31st	5,483	2,154	6
32d	8,622	6,235	7
33d	3,368	2,440	12
34th	6,585	5,055	8
35th	4,862	3,503

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MARYLAND NEGROES WILL RETAIN VOTES

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution to Disfranchise Them Is Defeated.

DEMOCRATS CARRY STATE

Voters Confused by Trick Ballots, Thousands of Which Are Thrown Out—Rayner's Re-election Assured.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—The disfranchising constitutional amendment, under which the Democratic organization expected to shut out 50,000 negro voters in Maryland, was defeated to-day by a majority of 5,000 to 6,000. The re-election of Controller Hering, head of the Democratic State ticket, by a substantial majority, is indicated by returns received up to a late hour. The Legislature will be Democratic in both branches, insuring the re-election of United States Senator Rayner.

Four years ago an amendment similar to the one defeated to-day, though more drastic in its provisions, was rejected by 34,058 majority. At that time Gov. Warfield and his following of Democrats, together with the entire independent vote, were against the amendment. To-day a large proportion of the Warfield element voted for the amendment.

The vote to-day in some of the strongly Democratic counties was not as heavy for the amendment as had been expected. The western section of the State rolled up its usual Republican majority. Hundreds of ballots which represented votes against the amendment were thrown out in the eastern and southern counties, in which trick ballots were used. These ballots were so confusing that few men excepting Democrats who were posted beforehand could mark them intelligently. Some of these ballots were four or five feet long, without any party designations, and the names of the various candidates were mixed to trick the voter.

The count will continue in a number of the counties for twenty-four hours, and it is probable that between 15,000 and 20,000 ballots will be thrown out as improperly marked. Two-thirds or more of these were voted by negroes or illiterate white Republicans.

In one Baltimore precinct and in several districts in the lower counties ballots were found already marked for the amendment. In Allegheny, Garrett, Washington, Charles, Calvert, and St. Mary's Counties there was a heavy vote against the amendment, and all these counties have gone strongly Republican, despite the complicated ballots in Charles and other Southern counties. More negroes voted intelligently than was expected, although hundreds of the negroes' ballots incorrectly marked are being thrown out. In Worcester, United States Senator Smith's county, the amendment is running behind, but the Democratic ticket has a large majority.

An indication of the sentiment of the foreign-born voters against the amendment is shown by the vote in the third and other downtown wards in Baltimore, in which a large proportion of the voters are naturalized citizens. Hundreds of the foreign-born citizens voted against the amendment because they were convinced that its ratification would ultimately imperil their franchise should any political machine in control conclude to limit the foreign vote. Under the amendment the test could be made in such a way as to affect these voters seriously. Returns from both city and State indicate that hundreds of independents who hold the balance of power in the State voted against the amendment and for the Democratic State and city tickets.

ASKS COURT TO REGISTER HIM.

Judge Black, Who Didn't Register, Was Told Court Couldn't Aid Him.

Circuit Judge Charles C. Black, the Gubernatorial nominee of the New Jersey Democrats in 1905, who lives in Jersey City, was among those who neglected to register and was unable to vote. He went yesterday to the County Court House in Jersey City, where Justice Swayze and the County Judges were sitting, and explained he was not registered, but the court could not help him, as it had no authority to add names to the registry. Its power is limited to correcting errors.

The court was powerless to aid a number of citizens who voted at the open primaries on the first registry day and were deprived of their right to vote yesterday because the election officers had failed to register them. Justice Swayze advised them to file a complaint with the Prosecutor of the Pleas against the delinquent election officers.

ERROR IN WHITMAN BALLOTS.

Wrong Middle Initial in Some, but They Were Ordered Counted.

It was said at the headquarters of Charles S. Whitman last night that it had been discovered late in the afternoon that a portion of the ballots in the Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-fifth, and Thirty-first Assembly Districts had been wrongly printed, the name of Mr. Whitman in the Civic Alliance column appearing as Charles F. instead of Charles S.

It was reported that some Tammany watchers were objecting to the counting of these ballots for Mr. Whitman, and, it was said, an opinion had been obtained from Deputy Attorney General Prentice that the ballots must be counted.

Whitman watchers were instructed to insist on the counting of the ballots and to report any refusal to do so to the Whitman headquarters at once, so that writs of mandamus could be obtained from the Supreme Court to compel the counting of the ballots.

RESULTS ARE MIXED IN UP-STATE CITIES

Democrats Again Elect Mayor of Buffalo, but Lose Most of Their Ticket.

ALBANY IS REPUBLICAN

Hendricks Machine Wins in Four-Cornered Fight in Syracuse—Republicans Sweep Rochester.

BUFFALO.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Nov. 2.—Louis P. Fuhrmann, Democratic candidate for Mayor, won to-day in one of the closest contests ever held in the city. His plurality over Siegrist (Rep.) is 1,246.

The rest of the Democratic city ticket was defeated, with the exception of John C. Betz for Assessor, who was elected by a plurality of 1,003, and William P. Brennan, as Chief Judge of the city court.

The victory of Fuhrmann is of special significance for State Chairman William J. Conners, who turned down Mayor Adam to nominate Fuhrmann. National Chairman Mack refused to give whole-souled support to the ticket.

ALBANY.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 2.—James B. McEwan, a Yale classmate of President Taft, and now Postmaster here, was elected Mayor of Albany on the Republican ticket by 5,718 majority. He carries every ward of the city except one. McEwan's opponent was George C. Hisgen, brother of Thomas L. Hisgen, who ran for President last year on the Independence League ticket.

Hisgen was the nominee of the Democrats and the Direct Primaries Association. He made a strenuous campaign, attacking the Barnes Republican machine.

Lansing I. Platt, Republican candidate for Sheriff, carried every ward in Albany, the first time in the history of the party that it has been done, and his majority in the county will be over 9,500.

The Board of Aldermen will stand 16 Republicans and three Democrats, a Republican gain of 2. Returns indicate the election of 32 Republican Supervisors in the county and 8 Democrats, a Republican gain of 2.

SYRACUSE.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, Nov. 2.—In a four-cornered fight, former Assemblyman E. L. Schoeneck, Rep., was elected Mayor of Syracuse by a plurality of 1,000. Mr. Schoenck was opposed by George W. Driscoll, brother of the Republican Congressman, M. E. Driscoll, on the Democratic ticket; by J. Brewster Gere on the Direct Primaries ticket, and by Joseph A. Griffin on the Square Deal ticket. Gere and Griffin each polled about 1,000 votes, and Schoeneck polled 11,000 out of an enrollment of 29,000.

On the Judicial ticket Syracuse gave Edgar S. K. Merrill, Dem. and Ind., a plurality of 1,500 over Justice W. E. Scripture, Rep. Indications are that Merrill is elected by a large plurality.

ROCHESTER.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 2.—Hiram H. Edgerton (Rep.) was re-elected Mayor by a majority of 6,451 over Nelson E. Spencer, (Ind. Rep.,) running on the Democratic and independent tickets. Mayor Edgerton's majority two years ago was 1,135.

The Republicans elected twenty Aldermen. The present Board of Aldermen is thirteen Democrats and nine Republicans.

TROY.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, Nov. 2.—Mayor Elias P. Mann, who had to fight Supt. of Prisons Collins for renomination, was re-elected by a plurality of 1,632, the largest ever given to a Republican Mayor, defeating W. T. Shyne, (Dem.) The figures are: Mann, 9,778; Shyne, 8,146.

UTICA.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Nov. 2.—The City of Utica went Democratic, electing Frederick Gilmore over Thomas Wheeler, the present Mayor, and long the Republican boss of Oneida County. The contest was one of the warmest in many years, and Wheeler was defeated by 928 votes. Two years ago he was elected by more than 1,300.

Edgar S. K. Merrill, Democratic nominee for Supreme Court Justice in the Fifth District, carried this city by more than 4,000 over William E. Scripture, the present Justice.

Incomplete returns fro mthe six counties of the Fifth Judicial District indicate that Merrell has defeated Scripture by a plurality of 15,080.

BINGHAMTON.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, Nov. 2.—John J. Irving, Dem., defeated Mayor Clarence M. Slauson, Rep., for re-election by 700 plurality. All the rest of the Republican ticket was elected. The Common Council will contain seven Republicans and six Democrats, reversing the present Council, which stands seven Democrats and six Republicans.

SCHENECTADY.

SCHENECTADY, Nov. 2.—Dr. Charles C. Duryea (Dem.) was elected Mayor by a plurality of 300. Van Voost, the present Republican Mayor, helped elect him. He was Van Voost's appointee as health officer. The Common Council is Democratic, 8 to 3, indicating a complete Democratic landslide. The Democrats elect their entire municipal ticket except City Treasurer.

The result is a rebuke for the machine controlled by Senator Wemple and Postmaster Callanan.

ROME.

ROME, Nov. 2.—Albert B. Kessinger (Rep. and Dem.) was re-elected Mayor by 1,785 plurality. The Common Council stands 6 Republicans to 1 Democrat.

The City of Rome gives Scripture, (Rep.,) for Justice of the Supreme Court, a plurality of 1,686 over Merrill, (Dem.)

ELMIRA.

Special to The New York Times.

ELMIRA, Nov. 2.—Mayor Sheehan (Dem.) is re-elected by 400 plurality. The Republicans win on Sheriff and the Democrats on County Treasurer. The Boards of Aldermen and Supervisors are Democratic.

OSWEGO.

OSWEGO, Nov. 2.—John Fitzgibbons (Dem.) is elected Mayor by 758 majority.

Early returns indicate that Scripture (Rep.) carries Oswego County by a small plurality for the Supreme Court. Merrill (Dem.) carries Oswego City by 1,138.

AMSTERDAM.

Special to The New York Times.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 2.—The Republicans have elected their entire ticket in this city with the exception of City Treasurer and a Justice of the Peace. Seely Conover, the newly elected Mayor, will be the first Republican to hold the office in eight years. R. E. Lee Reynolds, publisher of The Morning Sentinel, who has been defeated for re-election as City Recorder, has held the office for six years. Six out of eight Supervisors elected in the city are Republicans. The Board of Aldermen will be Republican in its make-up, and the Republicans will control the next Board of Supervisors of the county.

AUBURN.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, Nov. 2.—In the City of Auburn there was a Republican landslide and the present Democratic administration, headed by C. August Koenig, was buried, Thomas H. O'Neill winning by a plurality of 138. The rest of the Republican city and county ticket was elected, including ten Aldermen and nine Supervisors.

ITHACA.

ITHACA, Nov. 2.—In the municipal election here to-day the Republicans lost one Alderman, and the Council now stands seven Republicans to three Democrats. The Democrats gained two Supervisors in the city, electing three out of five. There was no Mayoralty contest.

While the Republican candidates were generally successful in Tompkins County, the Republican machine, led by Congressman John W. Dwight, suffered a hard blow when the present County Judge, Charles H. Blood, was beaten for re-election by Monroe M. Sweetland, Dem., the City Judge of Ithaca. Sweetland's plurality is a little over 100. The county is normally Republican by 1,200, but none of the Dwight candidates who were elected reached that total. Some of them ran as low as 500 plurality.

ONEIDA.

Special to The New York Times.

ONEIDA, Nov. 2.—Otto Pfaff, Dem., is elected Mayor by 400 plurality. The majority of the Common Council and nearly the entire city ticket were elected by the Democrats.

WHITE PLAINS.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Nov. 2.—Westchester County is Republican by about 6,000, electing Henry Scherp Sheriff and Dr. Ames O. Squire Coroner. The Republicans will also control the Board of Supervisors.

NEW ROCHELLE.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, Nov. 2.—Harry E. Colwell (Rep.) is elected Mayor by 87 plurality. The Republicans elect five Aldermen and the Democrats three.

MOUNT VERNON.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, Nov. 2.—Edwin W. Fiske (Dem.) is elected Mayor by a plurality of 25. The total vote was: Clark, Rep., 2,216; Fiske, Dem., 2,231, and J. Cordes, Ind., 1,004.

OGDENSBURG.

OGDENSBURG, Nov. 2.—The election here to-day was the quietest in many years. There was no local contest. With the registration less than one-half of the normal vote, only 950 ballots were cast. The city, which is usually Democratic, went Republican by a majority of 76.

PLATTSBURG.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, Nov. 2.—A. G. Senecal (Dem.) was elected Mayor in the hottest fight in the city's history.

FULTON.

FULTON, Nov. 2.—Joseph Conners (Dem.) was elected Mayor by 215 majority.

KINGSTON.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, Nov. 2.—After a particularly bitter Mayoralty fight, Roscoe Irwin, Dem., defeated Mayor Walter P. Crane by 63 votes. Crane has served a term and a half, and several uncompleted public improvements were used as campaign arguments against him.

Irwin was the candidate of the young Democratic politicians, who sought to control the county organization, which has much patronage at its disposal through work on the Ashokan Dam.

Incomplete returns indicate the re-election of County Clerk John D. Fratsher and Henry J. Hoffman for Sheriff by less than the customary Republican majority. The Board of Supervisors also is Republican by a reduced majority.

PORT JERVIS.

PORT JERVIS, Nov. 2.—The City of Port Jervis elected Dr. Charles N. Knapp, Rep., Mayor, and the entire Republican city ticket. Three Republican Supervisors and one Democratic Supervisor were elected. The Common Council will stand seven Republicans and two Democrats. The city is normally Democratic.

NEWBURG.

NEWBURG, Nov. 2.—Benjamin McClung (Dem.) is re-elected Mayor over E. M. Murtfeldt (Rep.) by about 800 plurality. The remainder of the Republican ticket is, for the most part, elected.

GLOVERSVILLE.

GLOVERSVILLE, Nov. 2.—Wesley M. Borst (Dem.) was elected Mayor of Gloversville over Arthur R. White (Rep.) by a plurality of 1,028.

WATERTOWN.

WATERTOWN, Nov. 2.—Francis M. Hugo (Rep.) was re-elected Mayor by a majority of 102. Joseph A. McConnell (Dem.) was elected City Judge by a majority of 552.

LITTLE FALLS.

LITTLE FALLS, Nov. 2.—Timothy Dasey (Dem.) was elected Mayor of Little Falls by 446 plurality.

JOHNSTOWN.

JOHNSTOWN, Nov. 2.—Abram Harrison (Dem.) was elected Mayor by a plurality of 158 over Lucius L. Streeter (Proh.) and 243 over James Hoagle, (Rep.)

COUNTY RESULTS.

COBLESKILL, Nov. 2.—The Republican candidate for County Clerk has been elected in Schoharie County. This is the first Republican county nominee ever elected in this county.

Special to The New York Times.

FRANKLINVILLE, Nov. 2.—The Republican county ticket is elected by about 2,500 plurality.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, Nov. 2.—The election of August I. Gross, Rep., for Sheriff is indicated.

Special to The New York Times.

HERKIMER, Nov. 2.—Herkimer County elected the entire Republican county ticket. The Democrats gain control of the Board of Supervisors.

Special to The New York Times.

BATH, Nov. 2.—Smith, Rep., is elected District Attorney of Steuben County. The cities of Corning and Hornell have elected Democratic Mayors.

WHITE PLAINS FOR LICENSE.

Lowville Also Wet—Wellsville Reverses Former Attitude.

WHITE PLAINS, Nov. 2.—On the local option question the town of White Plains voted to go back to granting licenses to hotels and saloons by a vote of about 2 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

LOWVILLE, Nov. 2.—Lowville goes license by 300 majority.

Special to The New York Times.

WELLSVILLE, Nov. 2.—Wellsville went no license for the first time in fourteen years.

IN DOUBT IN YONKERS.

At midnight the result in the Mayoralty contest was still in doubt in Yonkers. Eight districts were still to be heard from, with the result hanging in the balance, as fifty or sixty votes either way would give the office to Warren, the Republican candidate, or Lennon, the Democratic representative.

The result of the election for other offices resulted in a Republican victory. Assemblyman Haines (Rep.) was re-elected to that office, Council President Cashin (Rep.) was also re-elected, and Candidate Miller (Rep.) was elected as Controller.

DEMOCRATS GAIN IN THE ASSEMBLY

Direct Primaries Issue Serves to Defeat Some of the Republicans.

WADSWORTH'S SMALL LEAD

Orleans Goes Democratic with Nine Other Republican Counties—Republican Gains Here.

Substantial gains were made by the Democrats in the Assembly elections up-State.

The next Assembly will stand 93 Republicans and 57 Democrats, a decrease of 5 in the Republican majority of the lower house.

In nearly every instance where a district has returned a Democrat in place of a Republican, the Democratic Assemblyman-elect is of the independent type, elected with the aid of independent Republicans, who have broken away from themachine over the direct primaries issue.

This was the dominant issue in the up-State Assembly elections. In many instances where the Republican machine candidate was not defeated, his majority was greatly reduced.

A conspicuous instance was furnished in Livingston County, where James W. Wadsworth, Jr., Spkear of the last Assembly, and powerful in his political bailiwick, was returned by a majority of only 290, where a year ago his majority was 1,444.

Another direct primaries contest which ended in a conspicuous victory was that resulting in the election of Sanford W. Abbott, an independent Democrat, from Ontario County. With the strong backing of the independent Democrats and a Direct Primaries League in the county, Mr. Abbott succeeded in putting to rout the forces of the powerful machine dominated by Majority Leader John Raines and defeating his candidate, C. C. Sackett, by a substantial majority.

In Onondaga County, where the direct primary issue had been invoked in a fight on former State Superintendent Francis Hendricks, the Republican boss of that county, the contest resulted in the defeat by John T. Roberts, a Democrat, of Frederick W. Hammond, who has served nine terms in the Assembly and as Chairman of the Cities Committee aided in defeating the New York City charter.

The Democrats in Orleans County came off victorious for the first time in half a century.

Coley P. Wright, an independent Democrat, committed to direct primaries, defeated Frank J. Murphy, the Republican nominee, by 1,100. Last year the county went Republican by 1,800 majority.

Returns at midnight indicated that the following Republican districts had turned Democratic:

Second of Onondaga, Orleans, Second of Niagara, Second of Dutchess, where Lieut.-Gov. Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler was elected; Greene, Clinton, Seneca, Warren and Sullivan.

To make up for this, Schoharie, for the first time in its history, elected one Republican, while the Sixth Assembly District, in this city, part of the Sullivan stronghold, went Republican.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATOR ELECTED.

34. H. F. Coats, R.

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.

Albany.
Dist.
1. H. J. Hisman, R.
2. Wm. E. Nolan, R.*
3. Robt. B. Waters, R.*

Allegany.
Jesse S. Phillips, R.*

Broome.
H. C. Perkins, R.*

Cattaraugus.
E. J. Cheeney, R.*

Cayuga.
W. B. Reed, R.*

Chautauqua.
1. A. F. Allen, R.*
2. J. L. Sullivan, R.*

Chemung.
S. Lowman, R.*

Chenango.
W. A. Shepardson, R.

Clinton.
J. B. Twombly, D.

Columbia.
Albert S. Callan, R.*

Cortland.
C. F. Brown, R.*

Delaware.
Henry A. Gates, R.

Dutchess.
1. Myron Smith, R.*
2. L. S. Chanler, D.

Erie.
1. O. J. Weinert, R.*
2. L. C. Wilkie, R.
3. L. J. Neupert, D.*
4. E. D. Jackson, D.*
5. R. F. Hearn, D.
6. Jas. M. Rozan, D.*
7. C. H. Wende, D.*
8. C. MacGregor, R.*
9. F. B. Thorn, R.*

Essex.
James Shea, R.*

Franklin.
A. MacDonald, R.

Fulton & Hamilton.
E. Vosburgh, R.

Genesee.
Fred B. Parker, R.*

Greene.
J. L. Patrie, D.

Herkimer.
G. S. Eveleth, R.

Jefferson.
1. L. S. Pitkin, R.
2. G. H. Wood, R.*

Kings.
1. H. F. Goodspeed, R.*
2. W. J. Gillen, D.*
3. M. A. O'Neil, D.*
4. G. W. Brown, R.*
5. C. J. Weber, R.*
6. J. H. Gerken, D.
7. D. F. Farrell, D.
8. J. J. McKeon, D.*
9. E. O'Connor, D.
10. C. Harwood, D.
11. W. W. Colne, R.*
12. G. A. Green, R.*
13. J. H. Donnelly, D.*
14. J. E. Fay, D.*
15. J. J. O'Neill, D.
16. R. H. Clarke, R.*
17. E. A. Ebbetts, R.
18. W. I. Lee, R.*
19. F. J. Sanner, D.*
20. H. C. Glore, R.*
20. C. Kempner, D.
21. S. Weinstein, R.
22. A. Lackman, R.*
22. N. C. Beck, D.

Lewis.
C. F. Boshart, R.*

Livingston.
J. W. Wadsworth, R.*

Madison.
K. B. De Lano, R.

Monroe.
1. E. H. White, R.*
2. L. L. Whitley, R.*
3. W. H. Vicinus, R.
4. C. W. Phillips, R.*
5. J. J. McInerney, R.*

Montgomery.
J. P. Van O'Linda, R.

Nassau.
Wm. C. Miller, R.*

New York.
1. T. B. Cauchlan, D.*
2. A. E. Smith, D.*
3. J. Oliver, D.*
4. A. J. Levy, D.*
5. J. J. Walker, D.
6. H. Kopp, R.
7. P. P. McElligott, D.*
8. M. Graubard, D.*

Dist.
9. J. C. Hackett, D.*
10. H. Spielberg, D.
11. J. J. Boylan, D.
12. J. A. Foley, D.*
13. J. J. Hoey, D.*
14. J. J. Herrick, D.*
15. W. M. Bennett, R.*
16. M. C. McCue, D.*
17. F. R. Toombs, R.*
18. M. Goldberg, D.
19. A. F. Murray, R.*
20. P. J. McGrath, D.*
21. R. S. Conklin, R.*
22. G. W. Bsumann, D.*
23. F. A. Higgins, R.
24. T. A. Brennan, D.*
25. A. Ward, Jr., R.*
26. I. J. Joseph, D.*
27. C. A. Dana, R.
28. J. Levy, D.*
29. L. Bates, R.*
30. P. Donovan, R.
31. M. E. Friend, D.
32. J. L. Burgoyne, R.
33. J. Gerhardt, D.
34. R. Garfein, R.
35. E. J. Raldiris, R.

Niagara.
1. T. T. Feeley, R.
2. P. J. Keller, D.

Oneida.
1. J. W. Manley, D.*
2. H. E. Allen, R.
3. James T. Cross, R.

Onondaga.
1. Jas. E. O'Connell, R.
2. J. T. Roberts, D.
3. J. H. Walters, R.*

Ontario.
S. W. Abbey, D.

Orange.
1. C. H. Baumes, R.*
2. J. D. Stivers, R.

Orleans.
C. P. Wright, D.

Oswego.
T. C. Sweet, R.

Otsego.
S. C. Clark, R.

Putnam.
John R. Yale, R.*

Queens.
1. A. Zorn, D.
2. C. Welland, R.
3. C. Melzendorf, D.
4. T. P. Wilsnack, R.

Rensselaer.
1. F. C. Filley, R.*
2. B. C. Lansing, R.*

Richmond.
W. A. Shortt, D.

Rockland.
R. I. Odell, R.*

St. Lawrence.
1. P. J. Gray, R.*
2. E. A. Merritt, Jr., R.*

Saratoga.
G. H. Whitney, R.*

Schenectady.
L. H. White, D.*

Schoharie.
D. D. Frisbie, D.*

Schuyler.
L. W. Argetsinger, R.

Seneca.
C. W. Cosad, D.

Steuben.
1. C. Willis, D.
2. C. K. Mariatt, R.*

Suffolk.
1. J. M. Lupton, R.*
2. G. L. Thompson, R.*

Sullivan.
J. K. Evans, D.

Tioga.
P. L. Howard, R.*

Tompkins.
F. Holden, R.

Ulster.
1. J. M. Fowler, R.*
2. E. Young, R.

Warren.
D. P. Delong, D.

Washington.
J. S. Parker, R.*

Wayne.
M. I. Greenwood, R.

Westchester.
1. H. W. Haines, R.*
2. W. S. Coffey, R.
3. F. L. Young, R.*
4. J. A. Goodwin, R.

Wyoming.
J. E. Brainerd, R.

Yates.
L. J. Barden, R.*

*Re-elected.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans elected	93
Democrats elected	57

RHODE ISLAND IS REPUBLICAN.

Returns Show That Gov. Pothier Is Re-elected by Over 7,000.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Wednesday, Nov. 3.—At Midnight the vote for Governor in 90 out of 162 election districts gave Gov. Pothier, (Rep.,) 19,912; Arnold, (Dem.,) 11,835. Last year these districts gave Pothier, 21,110; Arnold, 14,502.

It was estimated that Pothier's plurality would be over 7,000.

Earlier returns indicated a marked Republican gain all over the State, especially for Governor.

Forty districts showed a gain for Governor Pothier over Arnold, who was his opponent last year, of 519. Pothier's vote was 6,735 and Arnold's 3,545. Bliss (Rep.) was running far ahead of Carroll (Dem.) for Lieutenant-Governor. Parker (Rep.) was winning from Fitzsimmons (Dem.) by a large majority for Secretary of State.

The principal issues of the campaign hinge on three constitutional amendments. One of these provides for redistricting the State according to population, giving the lower branch of the Assembly 100 members instead of 72. Of these Providence would have 25 instead of 12, with one Senator as now. Other cities and the large towns would gain slightly in representation. Another amendment would give the Governor the veto power, and the third would make the Lieutenant Governor the presiding officer of the Senate.

Early returns indicate that the veto amendment would receive the necesssary three-fifths vote, but unless the cities cast a very large vote the other two will fail of passage.

One of the hottest fights of the election is the mayoralty contest in Providence, with Mayor Henry Fletcher having James H. Thurston as his Democratic opponent. The vote for Mayor is unusually close. The mayoralty fight will be one of the last to be definitely decided.

A recent ruling of the Supreme Court to the effect that the license question must be submitted to the voters of the various towns and cities each year is having its effect. Providence, according to present indications, will go wet. The vote last year was about 3 to 1 for license and there seems to be about the same proportion this year. It is not expected that the temperance workers will make any great advances in the State. The vote throughout the State is running lighter than last year, but compares favorably with 1907.

The smaller towns elected Republican Assemblymen and the outlook for a Republican majority in the Assembly was favorable.

NEBRASKA IS IN DOUBT.

Democrats Make Big Gains—Revolt of Insurgent Republicans a Reason.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Wednesday, Nov. 3.—Nebraska is in doubt early this morning, with both Republicans and Democrats claiming the State ticket. Returns received indicate tremendous Democratic gains over the election of two years ago, when the State went 24,000 Republican. The returns received to-night so far show a Democratic gain of 12 per cent. Should this ratio of gain continue the Democrats will carry the State by 15,000.

In Omaha and Douglas County, the home of Mayor Dahlman, Bryan's great friend, the Republicans made a clean sweep, electing every candidate. The Mayoralty was not in contest in to-day's election. The Democratic gains in the State are credited to the revolt of the insurgent Republicans against the tariff.

Packard MOTOR CARS

"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"

Packard Motor Car Co. of N.Y.
1861 BROADWAY

"Promoter of TRUE Temperance"

EHRET'S EXTRA

New York's STANDARD and FAVORITE MALT BEVERAGE
Food as Well as Drink

Maintained from the start (1866) a high standard for **purity and excellence** and made the Hell Gate Brewery the Largest Brewery in the East.

GARY HOLDS FIRST ELECTION.

Steel Town Guarded by Armed Men and Little Trouble Arises.

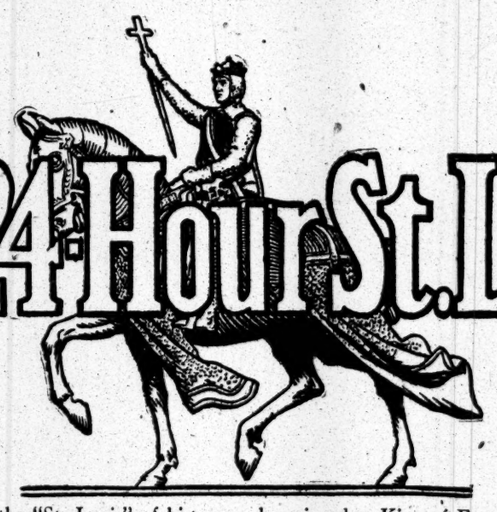
GARY, Ind., Nov. 2.—Gary, less than three years ago a wilderness of swamps and sand dunes, but recently incorporated as a city with 15,000 inhabitants drawn by the great steel mills, to-day had its first city election. The contest centred in the election of the first Mayor and Councilmen from the five wards, the Democratic candidate for Mayor being Thomas E. Knotts and the Republican candidate John A. Brennan.

Throughout the day the serenity of the city was remarkable considering the height of feeling over the election and the number of armed men who were patrolling the streets. Only three arrests were made by the 200 special guards before the polls closed. These men were apprehended for casting verbal aspersions on some one. Not an arrest for illegal voting was made, although disputes on minor points of marking the ballots and instructing the voters were frequent.

Some of the strangers in the town told of seeing men armed with rifles and shotguns near polling places. No ground could be found for the assertion, although every special guardian was armed with a revolver, which, in many instances, was worn openly. In addition, the special Deputy Marshals bore staves, hastily converted from curtain poles. No occasion for the presence of the State guards arose while the polls were open.

At a late hour to-night the Mayoralty election is in doubt, though the indications are that Thomas E. Knotts (Dem.) won by about 150 votes. The City Council, judging from late returns, will be Democratic.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD



The 24-Hour St. Louis

Louis IX, the "St. Louis" of history, who reigned as King of France from 1226 to 1270, was one of the notable figures in the world's progress and was instrumental in advancing the welfare of the French nation.

"The 24-Hour St. Louis," the Pennsylvania Railroad's new train between New York and St. Louis begins its reign on November 7 as the pioneer 24-hour train between the Hudson and the Mississippi, covering 1054 miles from sunset to sunset.

It will leave New York at 6:25 P. M. every day in the year, and will arrive St. Louis at 5:25 P. M. the next day. It will also afford a 14-hour schedule to Cleveland and a 17-hour schedule to Cincinnati. A return train, "The 24-Hour New Yorker," will leave St. Louis at 6:00 P. M. daily and arrive New York 7:00 P. M. the next day.

Each of these trains will have "all Limited Train Features," including electric lights, terminal telephones, bathroom, barber, ladies' maid and stenographer, and will carry a Pullman parlor smoking car, dining car, drawingroom sleeping cars, and a compartment observation car between New York and St. Louis, and sleeping cars from New York to Cleveland and Cincinnati.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

ANNOUNCE FOR TODAY AND THURSDAY ONLY

150 Tailored Suits for Women

of imported wide wale chevron

at 23.00

An extraordinary value

A handsome model, with 45-inch coat and full plaited skirt; lined with guaranteed silk.

In black, navy, smoke or green.

SIZES 32 to 44 BUST

Auto Garments of Cloth

Weight—for warmth and wear—but weight without unwieldiness is the most important consideration involved in the production of Auto Garments for winter.

The qualification named uncovers the stumbling block in the pathway of the casual maker of so-called "Auto Coats." Desire to meet demand without the experience or the proper facilities has led to a flooding of the market with garments masquerading as "Auto Coats" which have no special features to commend them for this very special use.

Attention is directed to our comprehensive assortments of Cloth Auto Coats, which are too distinctive to bear any point of resemblance to the common-place sorts so plentiful in shops which carry Auto garments merely as a "side issue."

FOR WOMEN: Long Coats of cheviots or worsteds in grays, mixtures, browns or Oxfords; our own exclusive models; at $30 to $45

FOR MEN: Coats of cheviots or worsteds, in grays, browns or Oxfords; our own models, in single or double-breasted effects; at $25 to $50

AUTO SWEATER COATS FOR WOMEN

Saks model, in gray or white—all sizes. at $15 to $22.50

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

REPUBLICAN SWEEP THROUGH JERSEY

Legislature Will be Overwhelmingly Republican in Senate and House.

DEMOCRATS LOSE IN ESSEX

Wittpenn Elected Mayor of Jersey City —Prince Wins in Passaic—Atlantic City "Wet."

The Republicans won the principal thing at issue in New Jersey yesterday. They made a net gain of three in the State Senate, and that counts a year hence when a United States Senator will be chosen to succeed John Kean. In the lower house of the Legislature they lost three seats, those of the three members from Middlesex, but the Republican majority in the house is so big that they will not be missed much. Last year the Republican majority was so big as to be unwieldy.

The members of Assembly elected yesterday will not have a vote next year for United States Senator unless it happens that they are elected again a year hence. The term of an Assemblyman in the State is only a year.

In the city elections the State reversed its legislative result, for Jersey City, Paterson, and Bayonne, three of the largest cities, elected Democratic Mayors. Wittpen was elected in Jersey City to succeed himself, and the defeat of former Mayor Mark Fagan was decisive. In Paterson Mayor Andrew McBride held his own, and in Bayonne a Democrat succeeds a Republican. The Republican who was defeated there is a laborite, and was nominated as such.

In Passaic, Asbury Park, and some other places the Republicans elected their candidates for Mayor.

McCorma Wittpen's plurality over Fagan in Jersey City is about 10,000. A year ag o the same two men ran for the same office and Wittpen was successful by 9,591. The result was rather expected except aong the most ardent of the Fagan and Record followers.

George L. Record, who, next to former Mayor Fagan, has been the leader of the New Idea people in Hudson, ran ahead of his ticket for member of Assembly, but he failed of election, and all the twelve Assemblymen from Hudson County will be Democrats.

In Trenton the Democrats elected Dr. Walter Madden Mayor for another term. The late indications are that the Democrats may control the Common Council, something they have not done before in many years.

With the exception of several usual brawls in Hudson and Camden Counties, the election in New Jersey passed quietly, with a light vote, and but few spirited contests.

Indications show that the Republicans have regained three counties in the Senatorial fight—Passaic, Ocean, and Middlesex.

In Passaic, where Speaker John D. Prince is running against John Hinchcliffe, the latter the present Democratic Senator, Prince had opposed to him the most powerful organization in the State. The brewers rallied around Hinchcliffe, himself a brewer, and yet Prince was strong enough to beat out the opposition. The force of this opposition is shown by the fact that the Republican Assembly ticket ran way ahead of the Republican Senatorial vote, while the Republican Sheriff there outstripped vastly the Assembly vote.

In Ocean County the old-time regulars have won a victory by the election of Capt. Thomas A. Mathis.

In Hunterdon County it is believed that the late vote will show that Hawke, Republican, has won over William C. Gebhardt, the present Democratic Senator.

Mercer County is still in doubt on the Assembly ticket, although it is believed that the late returns will return the Republican Assemblyman by 1,000 majority.

In Atlantic City Walter F. Edge was elected Assemblyman, together with the entire Republican ticket. The reformers were badly beaten and made fights in only two wards.

The Democrats swept Bayonne and elected John Cain, candidate for Mayor, over Garret L. Post, Republican, by a majority of 1,379. The Democrats also elected George P. Oliver as President of the Council, and Dr. Albert Daly, George J. Welcher, George W. Russell, and John J. Hornak members of the Council, and the Republicans elected Charles A. Collins, making that board Democratic on Jan. 1. Post had the support of the Mayor and Prosecutor Pierce Garvin. The Republicans have been in control of the city government four years.

Republicans made a clean sweep in all the counties of New Jersey south of Trenton. They elect Lewis Senator in Burlington, and Mathis to the same office in Ocean, while Senator Hand of Cape May is re-elected by a reduced majority.

The Democrats did not elect an Assemblyman in South Jersey, John D. Shade of Salem, their only representative in the last House from this section, having been defeated by Samuel A. Ridgway, Republican, a former member.

Success for the Republican Assembly ticket in Essex County by a small but apparently safe plurality was estimated at half-past ten last night, with about one-third of the 229 election districts heard from. Great Republican losses in the hitherto impregnable Colby New Idea districts of the suburbs accounted for the small Republican margin of safety.

The chief contest in Essex was that for Surrogate, in which Isaac Shoenthal, formerly Mayor of Orange, Dem., was running a close race with George E. Russell, Rep., present Surrogate. Shoenthal will carry Newark by about 2,500, which is almost exactly Russell's estimated county plurality.

Ocean Grove, the famous camp-meeting resort, repudiated Republicanism yesterday, and for the first time in its history returned a big majority for the Democratic county ticket. The political turnover was brought about by the "Boroughites" as a rebuke to the Republican leaders, who killed the bill introduced in the Legislature last Winter to give Ocean Grove a borough form of government. In former years Ocean Grove gave the Republicans a majority sometimes reaching 250.

Local contests in the Oranges resulted generally in Democratic success. There were two big fights. One resulted in the choice of Charles Schweller, a well-known New York publisher, who was chosen a member of the West Orange Town Council by a majority of one vote on the Republican ticket. The biggest fight was in East Orange, where there was an eleventh-hour move to defeat Jacob M. Eppstein for member of the Board of Education. Eppstein, it was declared, had pledged himself to abide by a decision of a public meeting not to build a new high school but to enlarge the present building. Last week he headed a movement in the Board of Education to buy a site for a new school. It was not until Friday that it was decided to make a fight against Eppstein, and Frederick W. Garvin, a New York lawyer, was induced to make the fight. The orders were heavy, as there were two voting machines in the ward, but instructions were issued how to use the machine and scratch Eppstein, and pasters were employed in the other districts. When the vote was counted it was found that Garvin had won by a vote of 655 to 365.

HOBOKEN'S MAYOR REPUBLICAN.

Gonzales Carries the City, but Democrats Elect the Rest of Ticket.

George Gonzales, Republican, was elected Mayor of Hoboken yesterday with a majority of about 350 votes, over his Democratic opponent, Lawrence Fagan. With the exception of Anthony Volk, who was elected an Alderman, every other Republican on Gonzales's ticket was defeated, making a situation similar to that in New York, where Gaynor alone of his ticket was successful.

The election leaves the Board of Aldermen, or Common Council, as it is more often called, Democratic by a large majority, and Gonzales's hands will be practically tied.

The defeat of Fagan is attributed to public sentiment aroused by the controversy over the Citizens' Light, Heat & Power Company, which recently obtained a charter and then sought the award of a contract against the Public Service Corporation without filing a bid. Fagan's opposition to this, and his support of the Public Service Corporation was made a campaign issue.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Burlington. G. W. Lewis, R.
Cape May. Robert E. Hand, R.*
Hunterdon. W. C. Gebhart, D.*
Middlesex. George S. Silzer, D.*
Morris. Edward K. Mills, R.
Ocean. Thomas A. Mathias, R.
Passaic. John D. Prince, R.
Sussex. Jacob C. Price, D.*

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.

Atlantic. Walter E. Edge, R.
Bergen. J. H. Scharff, R.* Harry P. Ward, R.*
Burlington. B.H. White, R. Warren C. Pine, R.
Camden. Harry R. Tatem, R.* Albert De Unger, R. George H. Whyte, R.
Cape May. C. H. Hand, R.
Cumberland. A. R. McAllister, R. Isaac T. Nichols, R.*
Essex. William Lee, R. Emil Wahlfarth, R. T. Goldingay, R. Thomas Gillen, R. R. S. Terhune, R. Thomas H. Brooks, R.* J. W. Huegel, R. Lewis G. Bowden, R.* Coleman E. Kissam, R. Duane E. Minard, R. Harold A. Miller, R.
Hudson. J. P. Tumulty, D.* M. A. Sullivan, D.* James Baker, D.* C. P. Olwell, D.* Peter H. James, D.* W. S. Davidson, D.* J. H. Christie, D. O. L. Auf der Heide, D.* James C. Agnew, D. Cornelius Ford, D. W. C. Kackenmester, D.* Edward Kenny, D.*
Gloucester. Walter Heritage, R.*
Hunterdon. John J. Matthews, D.*
Mercer. E. H. Ginnelley, R.* George W. Housel, R.* Charles H. Mather, R.*
Middlesex. Dr. W. E. Ramsey, D. J. V. L. Boorsen, D. Edwin L. Burt, D.
Monmouth. Monroe V. Poole, R.* Peter Vredenburgh, R.* Joseph D. Bedle, R.*
Morris. Oscar B. Smith, R.* William F. Birch, R.
Ocean. Benjamin H. Crosby, R.*
Passaic. A. H. Radcliffe, R.* Thomas McCran, R. Thomas Layden, R. Leonard Pikaart, R. Edward T. Moore, R.*
Salem. Samuel Ridgway, R.
Somerset. W. W. Smalley, R.*
Sussex. Charles A. Meyer, D.*
Union. A. W. Schwartz, R.* Carlton B. Pierce, R.* Lloyd Thompson, R.
Warren. George B. Cole, D.
*Re-elected.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans elected	47
Democrats elected	21

MAYORS ELECTED.

Asbury Park. T. F. Appleby, R.
Avon. John Thompson, R.
Bayonne. John J. Cain, D.
Belvidere. T. H. Hayes, D.
Boonton. C. J. Kopp, R.
Bordentown. C. W. Kunzi, R.
Bridgeton. George Hampton, D.
Burlington. Charles P. Farmer, R.
Cape May. F. L. Melvin, R. & D.
Carlstadt. A. Gerecke, R. & D.
Chatham. F. L. Kelley, R.
Collingswood. A. K. Roberts, R.
Deal. William Levy, R.
Dover. G. Pierson, D.
Dunellen C. R. Starker, D.
East Newark. C. A. McGlennon, R.
Elmer. L. Vandergrift, D.
Essex Fells. Jason Rogers, D.
Garfield. David Bisby, R.
Glenridge. Giles W. Mead, R.
Guttenberg. Charles A. Eypper, D.
Hackettstown. Dr. F. M. Cook, D.
Hoboken. Lawrence Fagan, D.
Jersey City. H. O. Wittpen, D.
Kearny. W. Greenfield, Jr., D.
Madison. Dr. C. Anderson, R.
Morristown. Theodore Ayers, R.
New Brunswick. Dr. G. T. Applegate, D.
North Arlington. W. C. Kingsland, R.
North Plainfield. N. B. Smalley, R.
Ocean City. L. M. Cresse, R.
Passaic. Gen. B. W. Spencer, R.
Paterson. Dr. A. F. McBride, D.
Pennington. E. D. Wagner, R.
Pitman. J. M. McGowan, R.
Pleasantville. T. T. Crawford, R.
Penn's Grove. A. F. Gentieu, R.
Rahway. W. Howard, R.
Red Bank. Charles H. Root, R.
Riverton. E. H. Flagg, Jr., R.
Rockaway. H. W. Mutchler, R.
Roselle. C. W. Macquoid, R.&D.
Rumson. John Yeomans, R.
Rutherford. David Bosmun, R.
Seabright. James H. Johnson, D.
Secaucus. R. T. Churchill, D.
Sea Isle City. Lewis Steinmeyer, R.
Somerville. Chas. E. Kenyon, R.&D.
Stanhope. D. H. H. Nelden, R.
Summit. G. F. Vreeland, R.
Trenton. Dr. W. Madden, D.
Verona. J. R. Pratt, R.
West Hoboken. D. R. J. Lynch, D.
West New York. D. R. Miller, D.
Woodbridge. J. C. Klock, R.
Woodstown. E. S. Fogg.

BONFIRES, PLAGUE TO POLICE.

Boys Keep Firemen Busy, Too—New Fires Follow Each Raid.

Boys had a fine time building and lighting bonfires last night on the lower west side. From Thirtieth Street up to Forty-second Street, along Tenth Avenue, large and small fires were lighted at every street corner. Firemen from the different engines houses in the district were sent out with wagons and hose and put the fires out as fast as they were able. The boys watched and dodged them, and as soon as the firemen moved up half a dozen blocks more fuel would be piled together and new fires started.

All the afternoon a number of boys made fires near St. Joseph's Church, in East Twenty-first Street, and although the policeman on post worked hard putting the fires out and chasing the boys, he found he had a task that was too much for one man. At last the priests of St. Joseph's complained to Capt. Kane of the old West Twentieth Street Station and more policemen were detailed.

Along West Street, in the section which is known as "The Farm," which is filled with stored trucks, a number of boys had effigies of some of the political candidates. These they propped up with sticks and then lighted fires beneath. This work kept the police of the Charles Street Station busy all the evening. West Street is laid with asphalt, and the police found that the heat of the fires was making large depressions in the roadway.

Few bonfires burned long in Harlem, as practically every street and avenue was guarded by a fire patrol that had orders to extinguish every fire. The boys found that even if they did build a fire the patrol would arrive before a blaze could be started.

On Third Avenue, between 100th and 125th Streets, boys lighted fires close to the car tracks. People were afraid to board the surface cars. The fire patrol, however, soon put these little blazes out and no further trouble was experienced.

Paul Sheehan Dead.

PAUL SHEEHAN, a night chief in the Western Union offices at 195 Broadway, died suddenly last night at his home, 19 Elder Street, Brooklyn. He had been in the service of the Western Union forty years, and was an expert in his profession. A widow and four children survive him.

WHAT CANDIDATES SAID OF THE RESULT

Judge Gaynor in His Hour of Victory Thinks Only of the Newspapers and Their Editors.

BANNARD THANKS FRIENDS

He Rejoices at Anti-Tammany Board of Estimate—Hearst Says He's Satisfied to Have Tammany Men Beaten.

Judge Gaynor's home was steeped in judicial calm last night. The last thing in the world that anyone would have imagined, while passing 30 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, was that the successful candidate for Mayor of the City of New York lived there. Eight o'clock found nobody in the house except the reporters and John F. Scanlon, the Judge's private secretary. There was not a solitary person outside, waiting to get a glimpse of the new Mayor.

The street itself was dark and deserted, the only spot of light being furnished by the Montauk Club, across the way on the corner. The members were receiving the returns, but it was not till late in the evening that any of them thought of going across the street to see the candidate, even though they had been telephoning eager friends for hours that Gaynor was sweeping all before him.

At about 8:15 Judge Gaynor entered, quietly letting himself in with a latch key. He was dressed irreproachably in frock coat and high hat and appeared absolutely calm and almost uninterested. As he talked to the reporters only one or two slight twitches of his hand hanging at his side gave any suggestion of nervousness. He said that he had just finished a twelve-mile walk—one of the famous Gaynor walks.

"Congratulations, Mr. Mayor," was his greeting.

"Well, I don't know. Have I been elected yet?" he replied, with not a trace of a smile.

The Mayor-elect then asked to be excused in order to eat supper, saying that he would give out a statement afterward. He disappeared in the direction of the dining room. Once more quiet settled over the household. Every one talked in hushed tones. The topics of general conversation were art, literature, and the drama, but never a suggestion of the political situation. During the hour that followed the only intrusion from without was the cry of the newsboys in the street, "Gaynor elected! Gaynor elected!"

A few callers now began to appear. They were old friends without exception, and none of them politicians. They were ushered in with almost a funereal effect. Father James Donahue of the parish of St. Thomas Aquinas called and sat with the Judge as he ate his supper.

In the meantime Secretary Scanlon was receiving returns from the Montauk Club and telephoned them every half hour to the candidate's country home in St. James, where Mrs. Gaynor and her children were anxiously waiting. As far as could be observed the Judge made no effort to keep up with the figures.

At 9:30 a sudden switching on of the electric lights in the parlor gave promise of the appearance of Judge Gaynor. It was a young man who entered, however, and read the laconic message from the Mayor-elect.

"All Judge Gaynor will say," he vouchsafed, "is this: 'I have nothing to say, except that I present my compliments to the newspaper proprietors and editors'—and there is a comma after 'say.'"

The Judge did not appear again. Several questions were sent to him in writing. Among them was one asking whether he had any intention of resigning, as he had declared he would do, if his associates were not elected. To none of these inquiries would Mr. Gaynor reply. By Secretary Scanlon he sent down word that he did not wish to add anything to the statement already given out.

Shortly after Mr. Bannard's defeat became assured, the unsuccessful candidate for Mayor made this statement at Republican Headquarters in response to a request from the reporters:

"I congratulate the city in the election of my associates on the city ticket and on a majority of the Board of Estimate, which will secure the city to a large extent against the further depredations of Tammany Hall.

"I regret that I did not gratify my friends by getting more votes, but I am glad of the opportunity to express my thanks for the hard work done by my willing friends and organization.

"I can not speak too strongly of the pleasant treatment accorded me by the press generally. The reporters have been uniform in their considerate and kindly treatment of my whole campaign. I compliment Judge Gaynor on his large vote."

Mr. Hearst received the returns at his home, 187 Riverside Drive, through his newspaper office, and at midnight gave out the following signed statement:

"If an anti-Tammany Board of Estimate has been elected, and if the worst characters on the local Tammany ticket have been defeated, I am thoroughly satisfied with the result of the election, and consider my efforts well rewarded.

"I went in to accomplish exactly that, as I stated in my letter of acceptance.

"As for my candidacy, I made an honest effort to win, on account of the friends and supporters who desired to see me elected. If I had been made Mayor I would have, as I said, 'served my term at hard labor.' I would have endeavored to be a credit to the citizens who believed in me, and to do my full duty to them and to the city.

"But obviously, if my sole desire had been to be elected, I would have run on an absolutely independent ticket, where all the candidates would have been working and talking for me, instead of upon an opposing ticket, where all the candidates were working and speaking for Mr. Bannard.

"I hope that Judge Gaynor will make a satisfactory Mayor, and I am sure of one thing at least, that he will make a better Mayor, surrounded by an honest and independent Board of Estimate than he could have made surrounded by the Tammany gang, from which we have the good fortune to be delivered."

Alfred E. Speers, Fusion candidate for Borough President of Brooklyn on the Republican ticket, learned of his election early last night. When seen at the Republican headquarters, 44 Court Street, he made the following statement:

"I am grateful to the people of Brooklyn and pledge myself to give a business administration with the interests of Brooklyn always uppermost in my mind. I will not play politics. I want only one term. I will serve Brooklyn to the best of my ability."

Timothy L. Woodruff refused last night to make any comment on the result of the election.

"I haven't got a word to say on the subject," he replied repeatedly to would-be interviewers.

William A. Prendergast, in his home, at 500 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, said last night: "I am extremely gratified at my election, and especially at the very flattering vote with which the citizens of this great city have honored me. As I stated when I accepted the nomination and during the campaign, I shall become the Controller of this city without the slightest pledge or obligation of any kind, direct or indirect, and I am prepared to administer the office in the interests of the taxpayers of the city.

"Their rights and their concerns will alone be consulted by me. Wherever it is possible to institute economy in the management of the office it will be undertaken without respect to persons or politics.

"The new bookkeeping methods already instituted by Mr. Metz have been evolved by very competent persons after a great deal of study of the needs of the department. I will maintain these methods so far as in my judgment they are efficacious in actual practice, reserving to myself the right to make such additions or modifications as the business requirements of the office will suggest.

"My efforts will be directed toward simplifying the character of the work to be done, in this way rendering it easy and pleasant for the public, or that portion of the public which has business with the department."

After Judge Whitman had been assured of his election he issued the following statement:

"I do not regard my victory as personal, but as a victory for the people. I thank my friends for their loyalty, and all other believers in good government. It shall be my aim to conduct the District Attorney's office upon such a plane as to merit the approval of the community."

Shortly before 1 o'clock this morning Judge Whitman received the following telegram from George Gordon Battle, his opponent:

My sincerest congratulations on your victory.

In reply the District Attorney-elect sent this message:

Many thanks for congratulations. I am gratified that the close of the campaign finds us personal friends, as we were at the beginning.

Judge Whitman received a number of telegrams of congratulation from his friends and supporters.

Congressman William S. Bennet arrived at the Bannard headquarters shortly after 10 o'clock. In a few minutes he issued this statement:

"We have an anti-Tammany Board of Estimate. This we owe largely to Mr. Bannard's candidacy, effort and friends. He is not elected, but the Fusion campaign succeeds."

Robert R. Moore, the Democratic candidate for Controller, said last night at the Hotel Cadillac:

"Mr. Hearst has been successful in what he really tried to accomplish. Every man to his business. I go back to mine without a regret."

WHEN CANDIDATES VOTED.

Bannard Was Early—Gaynor Waited Till Late Afternoon.

As if to set an example to the rank and file, all the candidates except Judge Gaynor got to the polls in the forenoon yesterday and cast their votes. It took Otto T. Bannard exactly a minute and a half to mark his ballot at the polling booth of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, in an improvised booth in front of 31 West Fifty-eighth Street. Mr. Bannard arrived at the booth at 8:45 o'clock and was fourth in line. His ballot was 81.

His entrance into the booth was the signal for a volley of cheers from those outside. When he came out, he posed for his photograph and then went to the Twenty-ninth Assembly District Republican Club. There was a little excitement a few minutes before Mr. Bannard arrived. John Louis drove his fruit truck into the temporary shack used for the polling place, and carried it along several feet, much to the consternation of those inside. Two boards were ripped off the side of the booth, but no one was hurt. The driver was arrested and discharged later in the Yorkville court.

William R. Hearst, accompanied by his six-year-old son and his father-in-law, walked from his home at 137 Riverside Drive to the polling place in Eighty-fifth Street, near West End Avenue, about noon. He received quite an ovation from the watchers there. He had to wait twenty minutes before reaching the voting booth, and he put in the time telling his friends how sure he felt that he would be elected.

Judge Gaynor took his time about casting his ballot. It was 3:34 o'clock in the afternoon when he appeared at the polling place in the First Election District of the Tenth Assembly District, in a tailor's shop at 861 Union Street, Brooklyn. Followed by a group of newspaper men, he walked briskly from his home, at 20 Eighth Avenue, several blocks away.

He experienced no delay in voting. There were but few people around the polling place, and there was no demonstration when he appeared. After greeting those whom he knew in the place, the Judge cast ballot 454. He took just three minutes to prepare his vote, and it was believed that he voted a straight ticket.

As he cast his ballot, the poll clerks and watchers clapped their hands. After leaving the booth, the Judge went for a walk in Prospect Park.

Charles S. Whitman, the Fusion candidate for District Attorney, got to the polling place in his district, at 75 West Forty-fourth Street, a few doors from the Iroquois Hotel, shortly before 10 o'clock. He voted Ballot 168, and remained three minutes in the booth. When he came out he said he felt sure the whole Fusion ticket would be elected.

Gov. Hughes cast his vote at 11:50 A. M. at 716 Eighth Avenue, in the Third Election District of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District. His ballot was 212. The Governor walked to the polling place from the Hotel Astor, and was recognized and greeted along the way.

District Attorney Jerome went to the polls at 201 Clinton Street at 10 o'clock.

"Why, this is long enough for anybody to get his money's worth," he said, looking over the ballot.

"Did you vote a straight ticket?" one of the watchers asked when he came out.

"No," replied the District Attorney. "I voted the Jerome ticket."

Ex-Police Commissioner Bingham voted early at 75 West Forty-fourth Street. When the reporters asked him if he had anything to say he replied, somewhat wearily:

"Absolutely nothing. You fellows haven't a hold on me any longer."

Mayor McClellan voted at the polling place at 392 Fourth Avenue, after walking from his home, at 37 Madison Avenue. When he came out of the booth he said he had voted the straight Democratic ticket.

"I have always voted that way," he declared, "except on one occasion when Mr. Hearst was on the ticket.

"I hope," added the Mayor, "that the result will be so decisive that a recount will be impossible."

"Big Tim" Sullivan strolled into the cigar store at 49 Third Avenue, where voters of his district cast their ballots, about 9 o'clock.

"I suppose you know how to vote?" inquired one of the watchers as "Big Tim" took his ballot.

"Leave it to me," replied Sullivan, with a broad grin. Three minutes later he was out of the booth with his ballot folded wrong. He was instructed how to do it right, and he walked away looking crestfallen.

The Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, Herbert L. Satterlee, J. P. Morgan's son-in-law; George L. Sheldon, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, and De Lancey Nicoll, residents of the Nineteenth Election of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District, voted within a few minutes of one another from the polling place at 620 Sixth Avenue.

J. P. Morgan, who lives in the same district, did not vote yesterday, as he had not registered.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., cast his vote in a tailor's shop at 984 Sixth Avenue. He came in a taxicab, and, when Dr. Charles Collins, who was ahead of him, offered to exchange places, he refused. It took Mr. Rockefeller six minutes to fill out his ballot.

Just as he left ex-Lieut. Gov. William F. Sheehan and Alton B. Parker appeared and voted without any delay. Other notables in the same district who voted early and apparently the straight Republican ticket, were Justice Mortimer C. Adams of the Supreme Court, William Rockefeller, Adrian Iselin, Jr., Senator Agnew, Chairman William R. Willcox of the Public Service Commission, and Senator Chauncey M. Depew.

Senator Brough, Republican leader of the Nineteenth Assembly District, had to break into the polling place in his district before he could register his vote. The polling place at 2,669 Broadway was in a tailor's shop, and when he arrived there at 6 A. M. the tailor had not appeared. Senator Brough smashed in the door and got a bad gash on his hand from broken glass. The tailor showed up five minutes later.

Rooms and Board in private families. See Page 17.

VICHY CELESTINS
Prevents GOUT and INDIGESTION
Ask your Physician

CITY NEWSPAPERS ON THE ELECTION

Gaynor Elected in Spite of Himself, Says The World Editorially.

AMERICAN ON HEARST RACE

Tammany Mayor-Elect the Most Unfit Ever Offered to the City, Says The Sun.

Here is what some of the morning newspapers will say editorially to-day concerning the result of the election:

The World:

William J. Gaynor is elected Mayor of New York in spite of himself.

He owes his victory not to Murphy, not to Tammany Hall, not to any political machine or political boss. Neither does he owe it to his own efforts during the campaign; for if ever a candidate seemed determined to defeat himself it was Judge Gaynor.

As it was, Judge Gaynor polled a minority of the votes cast for Mayor. If it had been possible to unite the opposition he would have been defeated. Had the voters understood Mr. Hearst no better in the campaign of 1909 than they did in the campaign of 1905 the Democratic candidate this year would still have been defeated. Judge Gaynor was fortunate in having one opponent who was too little known and another who was too well known, but these circumstances add no color of partisanship to his victory.

The American:

Mr. Hearst ran all alone. Gaynor ran with the full strength of the great Tammany machine. Bannard ran with the full strength of the great Republican machine, joined to the Fusion strength. Mr. Hearst ran without any machine and all alone.

One hundred and fifty thousand votes for a man running all alone, is no small tribute to a single citizen. If Bannard had withdrawn, his strength would have gone to Hearst, and Tammany would have been defeated. That is why we asked the Republicans to concentrate on Hearst. Because they did not the Tammany Mayor was elected.

The Sun:

Judge Gaynor, certainly the most unfit candidate ever offered for the Mayoralty in the history of the community, has been elected by an impressive plurality. The fact is full of sinister significance.

Judge Gaynor is elected largely by Republican votes and as an angry protest against the condition of shocking corruption and immorality disclosed by the Republican organization. It is a costly and a grievous retribution which Mr. Herbert Parsons and his execrable associates have called down upon this town.

We take off our hat to Mr. Otto T. Bannard and we offer him no condolence. He is a bigger and a better man to-day than he ever was, and the people of this town will never forget it. He has to be reckoned with hereafter; and many who voted yesterday for his rival will be among the first to recall the honest and well spoken gentleman whom a wave of unreasoning resentment consigned to unmerited defeat. He is the redeeming figure of a revolting and an unworthy campaign, and the dignity, the manliness and the temper of his bearing have left an impression that can never be effaced.

The Herald:

The people of New York must be congratulated on the fact that voters yesterday followed The Herald's advice and, regardless of their choice for Mayor, elected the men they thought best qualified to sit in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

By all means the most important officials elected are those who will compose this body which, as Judge Gaynor admits, is "the governing board of the city." Relatively the Mayor is only a figurehead, having but three votes out of the sixteen cast in that board.

The Press:

The people of New York are to be congratulated this morning on several things. One of them is upon having for the next Mayor the man that they need for Mayor—their own Mayor. Another is that they have answered calumny and libel as they deserve to be answered.

Yet another is that the citizens on the way to the polls resisted the vile attempts of corrupt politicians to inject religion into their politics. Still another is the fate of Mr. William Randolph Hearst. For a long time he has played fast and loose with political principle and civic obligation, inciting the public with all manner of vicious appeal. He needed to be suppressed. Yesterday he got what was coming to him.

The voters of New York have not only answered Hearst as he deserved to be answered. They have answered the equally undesirable Woodruff and Parsons outfit.

The Woodruff-Parsons machine has so blundered, bungled and bedeviled the finest opportunity ever offered to a party it must be evident to every Republican in New York City that Parsons must go, Sugar Trust or no Sugar Trust, and that Woodruff must go, Democratic patrons or no Democratic patrons, if the Republican party of this city is to be saved from utter wreck and ruin.

The Tribune:

The result is a great anti-Tammany victory. Judge Gaynor owes his own election to the fact that the people believed him to be at heart an anti-Tammany man. And with him the voters have put largely anti-Tammany men in office. If the Mayor-elect really knows the people of New York as well as they believe they know him he will turn his back squarely upon Murphy and Tammany and be in office the independent he always was until this Fall. Only thus can he carry out the aspirations of the electorate.

Das Morgen Journal:

Tammany Hall has been able to elect only its candidate for Mayor, but not to form its Board of Estimate and Apportionment according to its wishes. It will not be able to lay its hands on that which is of most importance to the Wigwam—the keys to the city's money box. In the same way nearly all the other Murphyites have been uniformly defeated, and whether Gaynor will be able, now the election is over, to fulfill the expectations which Murphy set upon him before the election, is, to say the least, doubtful.

EX-SENATOR REYNOLDS WINS.

He Carries His Land Proposal In the Hempstead Town Election.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Nov. 2.—The proposal to sell 1,000 acres of land under water at Long Beach for Summer resort purposes, voted on to-day by the voters in the Town of Hempstead, was carried by about 700.

Ex-Senator Reynolds, who is at the head of a syndicate which is developing Long Beach, made the offer to pay $100,000 for the land in question. He had made an active canvass in the town, holding meetings almost nightly, and his representatives worked hard to-day to carry the plan through at the polls.

FAST VOTING; QUIET DAY.

Commissioner Baker Reported It the Most Orderly Election in History.

Considering the remarkable size of the vote and the intensity of the contest the election was an unusually orderly and quiet one. Supt. of Elections Leary had the city carefully covered with his men, and while they made over 100 arrests nearly all were on warrants and did not signify any particular disturbance at the polls. Mr. Leary's force numbered 550 men, including 100 regular deputies. Two deputies were stationed at each of the Police Courts with an Assistant Deputy Attorney General.

Particular attention was paid to the Third Assembly District, the Sullivan bailiwick. Here there were fifty-one men, two deputies to each of the twenty-three election districts, and five "roundsmen." These men were all carefully picked and were experienced election inspectors. Their presence possibly accounted for the small amount of trouble.

At 11 o'clock Police Commissioner Baker reported that the police arrangements were working perfectly and that, in his mind, the city was experiencing one of the most orderly election days in its history.

The first trouble reported to Superintendent of Elections Leary, was from the polling place at 6 Madison Street, where it was said that the Election Board was not compelling the voters to sign their names. He and President Dooling of the Board of Elections, hurried downtown in an automobile, and straightened matters out quickly.

Mr. Leary declared during the day that he wished it made clear that he believed there was little if any "colonization" this year. At noon he received a report from two of his deputies whom he had sent to Philadelphia, where the majority of the repeaters usually come from. They reported that the fight down there was so warm that it looked as if the men with the habit of voting early and often, would be needed at home this year.

Both Wet and Dry in Westchester.

MOUNT KISCO, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Local option was submitted to the voters in the various towns of Westchester County to-day. The town of New Castle voted to go dry, while the town of Bedford voted to grant licenses. The Rockefellers and others who owned large estates in the town of Mount Pleasant were against license.

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

Welcome!
You are invited to make free use of our Tea Room, Rest Room, Writing Room, and all our accommodations and facilities.
Tea is served in the Lounging Room throughout the day without charge. Third Floor.

Double Width Silks
We have just completed a collection of these much wanted wide silks that has taken weeks of careful research to assemble.
But it is ready just at a time when nearly every store is feeling the scarcity of them. Our stocks are ample.
Every new tint and weave is in the display, for street and evening wear. Crepe Meteor, Charmeuse, Crepe Diagonal, Crepe de Chine, Bengaline, Moire, etc.—from 40 to 45 inches wide, for both evening and street wear; also black.
A hint of values:
45 inch Dress Bengaline—$3.00 yard.
45 inch Dress Moire Bengaline—$3.50 yard.
72 inch All Silk Jersey Tricot—$2.95 yard
40 inch Crepe Meteor—$2.00 yard.
40 inch Crepe de Chine—$1.75 yard.
Main Floor—Greenhut and Co.—For Wednesday's Selling.

On special sale today
Smart Satin Stripe Two-Toned French Prunellas 78c
The regular $1.25 quality
The sudden and tremendous demand for two-toned striped dress materials has reached the proportions of a craze. Everybody is asking for them and stores are hard put to supply the demand. The fact is that two-toned materials are now side by side with broadcloths in fashionable popularity.
This new shipment places us in a leading position—we believe this is the ONLY New York store that can show them to you in ALL the new FRENCH SHADES—certainly the only store selling this quality at such a radically lower-than-usual price.
Two-Toned Prunellas in the smart shadowy stripes in the newest French shades—amethyst, raisin, bronze, tan, catawba, navy, mignonette, hussar, wine and black—all wool—$1.25 quality at..... 78c
50 inch Imported Chiffon Broadcloth $2 value at $1.38
Sixty shades to select from, including rose, amethyst, carrot, tan, mouse, gray, steel, coal dust, cedar, raisin, hunter green, bordeaux, artichoke, navy, marine, delft, catawba, prune, moss, rosewood, brown, mahogany, garnet, seal, myrtle, etc.
Main Floor, Greenhut and Company—For Wednesday.
Oriental Rugs
We have received a number of very interesting lots which will disclose many rare gems of Oriental art. Enthusiasts select them for us, men who know, understand and appreciate them for their association and intrinsic worth. Thus we always receive those of truest value.
But prices are fixed by "hard headed" business men, who know the guileless (!) ways of the Oriental merchant; they fix the purchase prices and the Greenhut low price policy fixes the selling price.
Shirvan Rugs at $17.50
Average size 3.6x5.6—Values $22.50 and $25
Kazak and Guendji Rugs at $22.50
Average size 4x7—Value $35
Sarouk Rugs at $32.50
Average size 3.6x5—Values $45 to $55
Kirmanshah Rugs at $65.00
Average size 4.6x6—Values $75 and $85
Moussoul Rugs at $12.50
Average size 4x7—Values $14.50 to $18
Persian Hall Strips—$22.50 and $27.50
Excellent values
One Lot Persian Rugs—$25.00
Sizes 4x6 to 5x9—Values $35 to $45
Carabaugh Rugs at $6.75
Size 3x4—Value $8.50
Third Floor—Greenhut and Co.—For Wednesday's selling.
Greenhut and Company, Sixth Ave., 18th to 19th St.
Store Formerly Occupied by B. Altman.

Extra nerve tissue is consumed by theatre parties, dances or late dinners—they mean nervous breakdown—but not without warnings. When you're lacking in the usual willingness to do ordinary duties, that's when your doctor will recommend a tonic. Ask him about
Sanatogen
THE FOOD-TONIC
Sanatogen combines just the two properties necessary to build up your run-down system—Albumen and Sodium Glycerophosphate. *Albumen* is the nutritive part of the only natural food—milk. *Sodium Glycero-phosphate* is the greatest builder of nerve tissue known.
Sanatogen overcomes the cause for nervous disorder—it does not lash the already overworked system, but supplies it with new energy and vitality.
Madame Blanche Marchesi, the well-known Operatic Singer, says:
"Sanatogen has been wonderful in its effects."
"The Will To Do," a booklet by the well-known Dr. C. W. Saleeby, tells how the mind is completely controlled by the nervous system and how Sanatogen is invaluable in recreating new nerve and brain tissue. Write for it today.
Get Sanatogen from your druggist—if not obtainable from him, write
THE BAUER CHEMICAL COMPANY
Everett Building 44 E. 17th St. New York

HOLIDAY NIGHT IN TIMES SQUARE

Dense Throngs Moving to the Blare of Horns Until Rain Scatters Them.

FESTIVAL SOON RENEWED

Cheers from Many Thousands as Times's Light Flashes News of Gaynor's Victory.

New York was out again last night for a festival of noise, election evening having come to be one of the most discordantly happy evenings of the year. Times Square and the sections of Broadway to the north and south of it and of Forty-second Street to the east and west swarmed with tens of thousands of people armed with every conceivable device to break the peace, filled, every one of them, with a cherished design to make at least as much noise as any other human being on the streets.

The plaster of paris lady at the head of Times Square seemed to be stopping her ears, though 'tis said a sly smile stole across her face when at 7:10 the white light flashing to the north, swinging right and left, told that Tammany's Mayor had been elected.

The celebrants did not let the dry figures that were flashed upon the bulletin boards of The Times disturb their festival. Betimes, they walk and push ticklers and blow horns and rattle little and big bells and yell, and this they were prepared to do, no matter who was elected. If there was a group here that was saddened by the white flash to the north, there was a group over there that was glad of it, and, submerging all such partisan groups in the numbers who considered the night dedicated to noise and joy, not to figures and candidates.

Crowd Carried Umbrellas.

The warm, dank afternoon had given warning of probable rain, and those who were far-sighted or who had prudent folks at home came equipped with umbrellas and raincoats. A few minutes before 9 o'clock, when the crowds attained their biggest proportions, there came a few halting drops.

Seen from the Times Building, the human stream below underwent a quick transformation between 8:45 o'clock and 9 o'clock. One looking down from the seventeenth floor saw a moving mass, close-packed, moving slowly, and up from the thick of it came a mixed roar made up of all the noises of untuned noise producers. There was a good deal of color in motion.

With the first few drops of rain there was an acceleration of the throng, then a breaking up of the close-packed lines in spite of all the police could do. The crowds spread out, umbrellas shot up as if by magic, and under them, and under the raincoats, the moving line of color disappeared.

After fifteen minutes the rain stopped, the air grew cooler, and the festival of noise went on.

The city began to take on its festal appearance early in the day. For a great many people it was an off-day. Many business concerns gave a holiday, almost any worker could get off if he had a vote.

All the theatres gave matinees, the restaurants were crowded for dinner, and the real business of the evening began by 6 o'clock.

At sundown there was the sound of the droves coming to Times Square. Big bells with a dull tunk-tunk tone, little bells with the true tinkle-tinkle that the poets tell about, middle-sized heifer bells—they were all there, and all together they made sounds to distraction. True, these early bell shakers were the hawkers who had wagonloads of them to sell, but they were not shaken less vigorously for that. The hawkers were fresh then. As the night wore on they changed hands, going from hawkers to real participants in the celebration.

Confetti Not Popular.

Confetti was something of a drug on the festal market; one can't make noise with confetti, and that's what election night is supposed to be for.

The tickler men, who came along with the bell ringers, did poor business also. The police orders were evidently mixed about ticklers. It had not been made clear before night that their use would be allowed, and a great many people were afraid to buy them. When the police came on duty some of them seized and broke to pieces every tickler they saw, while others said they had received no orders about them and let them pass.

In Times Square, where the largest crowd was expected, Inspector Boettler was posted with 300 patrolmen and some thirty mounted men. They came with brand new traffic rules which caused a good deal of annoyance at first to the thousands of people who knew the accustomed rules in Times Square on election night and New Year's eve.

All those who started down Broadway from Forty-second Street were directed around into Seventh Avenue, from which they could get into Broadway on any street below Forty-second. Forty-third and Forty-seventh Streets were kept clear. The long triangle in front of the Times Building was filled with people, but they were not allowed to stretch to Broadway or Seventh Avenue.

This regulation cut away a good deal of standing room which on other celebration nights was available for those wishing to keep their eyes on the bulletin board on the north end of The Times Building. As a consequence all the doorways and windows of the buildings across on Broadway and Seventh Avenue were jammed with men and women who were watching the returns. By a happy circumstance the lettering of the bulletins was big and clear enough to be read for two blocks.

The Herald also had a bulletin board on the south end of its building, and on the island of space between Broadway and Sixth Avenue there was another crowd of close-packed people. The police at this point allowed no one to cross from the west to east side of Broadway above Thirty-fourth Street, so that all those wishing to join the uptown stream had to go to Thirty-fourth Street, cross to Sixth Avenue and walk up two or three streets before they could get on the east side of Broadway.

The Herald bulletins when they spoke about the Mayoralty figures mentioned Gaynor, Bannard and the "Independent Candidate," which is the Herald's way of speaking of Mr. Hearst when he runs for any office now.

"Where does Hearst come in here?" asked many of the spectators at this point.

"He doesn't come in here at all," was the answer.

At Columbus Circle The American had a canvass for its returns, and here there was no hesitancy about mentioning the name of Mr. Hearst.

The early decision about Tammany's victory did not encourage interest. The element of suspense was lacking.

Except for an occasional band of young men with more energy than manners, the crowd was orderly and well behaved. The numbers, indeed, were less than on New Year's or most election nights.

Columbus Circle seemed to be the starting point for a number of noisemaking bands. In mass formation they swept down Broadway. One band would be armed with rattlers only, another with horns, still another with huge cowbells, which they would drag along the paved sidewalks. One band had a cornet to lead it, and several of them stole red lanterns that had been left out by the Street-Cleaning Department, thus forming red light brigades.

The Police and Fire Departments had a hard time extinguishing bonfires that were set off by grown men and bad boys full of election joy. At Seventh Avenue and Fifty-first Street there was a giant blaze at 8 o'clock made by burning barrels, boxes, and pieces of broken timber. Four policemen came rushing up in a wagon with two lengths of hose, and the blaze was put out.

The firemen had some real fires to attend to. Early in the night several engines and their attendant wagons came ganging up Broadway to go to a fire in the upper West Side. Just as this machinery came in sight, the bulletin men throwing figures and pictures on The Times board threw on the canvas a series of moving pictures showing a fire engine racing to an imaginary fire.

No Crush at Tammany Hall.

Broadway below Thirty-fourth Street was not particularly crowded at any time of the night. Inspector Daly had command of the district between Fourteenth and Thirty-second Streets, and his men had an easy time holding the celebrants down that far in check. Even in and around Tammany Hall, in Fourteenth Street, the crowds were smaller than is usual on election night, and there was little cheering there.

Gaynor did not call out a great deal of enthusiasm, but there was an occasional comment. There was one great cheer from some sections of the Times Square crowd when The Times light gave the first intelligence that the ex-Justice had carried the day.

"Well, Gaynor's elected; let's have a —— of a time. There'll be something doing in this town now," was what one man said when the enthusiasm subsided.

Old stock pictures which the bulletin men threw on their canvases called out more applause than the faces of the candidates. Taft and his broad smile often appeared, and almost every bulletin man had a picture of Theodore Roosevelt. He always commanded applause, and this exclamation was popular as a follower:

"Ah, there's the boy for you."

The theatres supplemented the noise-making contingent at 11 o'clock, but the rain continued to fall, and by 11:30 o'clock even Times Square was almost as quiet as on an ordinary night.

CROWDS QUIETER DOWNTOWN.

Neither Cheers Nor Jeers to Lend Excitement—Dull on East Side.

The crowds in City Hall Park and along Park Row, from the Post Office to Chambers Street, were smaller and more orderly, according to the police, than on previous election nights. There were no accidents, and the traffic of the street cars was not interrupted once. They ran on schedule time.

One of the chief features of the election crowds here was the apathy of the people and the absence of any enthusiasm. There were no cheers and no jeers. The numbers went up on the bulletin boards of The World, American, and Tribune without any loud comments by the waiting masses. There was plenty of noise made by gangs of youths carrying cowbells, horns, whistles, rattles, and other nerve-distracting devices, but they passed on their way and the great throng of men and women stood tranquilly in their places.

Inspector Hogan of the First District, who was in charge of the police arrangements, had 165 officers and men with him to keep order, and they had an easy task. He estimated the crowd at 12,000 from the Post Office to Chambers Street at 7:30 P. M., and said it had dwindled to 6,000 by 9 o'clock. The Inspector said that he believed it was on account of the early announcement on the bulletin boards of the news papers that Gaynor had been elected Mayor which had caused the people to go home early

"Four years ago," said Inspector Hogan, "there were 25,000 people here and we could not keep them on the sidewalk. The street car traffic was blocked frequently. Then there was a close race between McClellan and Hearst, which created the excitement."

At intervals in the earlier part of the evening attempts were made by small boys in the crowd to cheer when the numbers went up, but there was no response, and it fizzled out.

The rain at 9:15 drove a number of people toward the Subway, and Inspector Hogan sent his men there to prevent a rush. It was not necessary, as the crowd stood under the shelter of the bridge annex and waited until the shower was over. The band provided by The American at the corner of Chambers Street and Park Row played popular music and was the principal attraction for the crowds which came later on the Subway from Times Square.

The crowds extended from Brooklyn Bridge, along the Bowery to Chinatown, where thousands of men, women, and children thronged the streets. The Mongolians threw confetti from the windows of their stores, while some of them exploded firecrackers in the streets.

There were very few arrests among the sightseers on the east side last night. Pictures of Tim Sullivan and Christy Sullivan were thrown on the screen at all the lower east side picture shows in the streets, and elicited roars of applause.

A scare was temporarily created at 10 o'clock at the corner of Houston and Mulberry streets, by someone turning in a fire alarm.

After Chief Croker, with three engine companies and two truck companies had appeared on the scene with the Fire Commissioner in his automobile, it was discovered to be a false alarm. Grand, Canal, and Houston Streets were thronged with the residents of the district from the Bowery to the East River, but it was a very orderly crowd that gave the police on duty no trouble to keep them moving.

Shopkeepers on the lower east side said that it was the quietest election night they had ever seen, and the saloon keepers indorsed their verdict.

THRONGS OUT IN HARLEM.

Crowds in 125th Street Get Right of Way Over Traffic.

There were great crowds in the streets in Harlem last night. They thronged 125th Street, carrying horns, bells, and other noisemaking contrivances usual on election night, with rather a preponderance of tin pans. By 8 o'clock the crowd was so dense that the traffic police shut off automobiles, keeping them to the avenues, and not allowing them on 125th Street at all. The street cars had the greatest difficulty in pushing their way through the jam.

"Ticklers" dipped in bags of flour seemed to be favorite instruments of amusement and irritation.

MURPHY HARD HIT BY FUSION'S SHARE

Tammany Leader Had Expected to Elect the Entire County Ticket.

GLOOM AMONG HEARST MEN

Fusion Leaders Joyful, Though They Regret Bannard's Defeat—Headquarters Closed Early.

Charles F. Murphy remained at Tammany Hall last night until he heard that Judge Gaynor had been elected and the entire county ticket had been defeated. He was in the jolliest kind of humor early in the evening when the first returns indicated that not only had his candidate for Mayor been elected, but that he had carried the Board of Estimate with him.

The first returns showed that the entire county ticket and the Tammany candidates for the Supreme Court bench, besides the borough ticket, had pulled through. Mr. Murphy, putting on his overcoat and taking J. Sergeant Cram by the arm, went out about 8 o'clock and had supper.

"It looks like a clean sweep," said Mr. Murphy.

When the Tammany leader returned two hours later the countenances of the faithful who had assembled to hear the returns, told him that something had happened in his absence. The latest returns carried disappointing figures.

Inquiring of Secretary Smith how matters stood he received only a gloomy shake of the head. Then taking a seat in the rear of the room he lapsed into a gloomy silence until 12 o'clock, when, at that hour, it was certain that the Board of Estimate had slipped through his fingers, he retreated into his private room with Mr. Cram.

Leader Murphy's Statement.

A few minutes later, Mr. Murphy gave out the following statement:

"I rejoice, in common with all good citizens, in the magnificent triumph of the Democratic candidate for Mayor, Judge Gaynor. The importance of his election to the people of New York cannot now be fully measured.

"It must be particularly gratifying to the Mayor-elect that his personal character and public record have successfully withstood the most vindictive and untruthful assaults ever made upon a political candidate in all of my experience. I am sure that the administration of Mayor Gaynor will further endear him to his fellow-citizens.

"I, of course, regret that any of the candidates on the ticket should be defeated. The responsibility for their defeat is in no wise to be attributed to any unfitness or unworthiness on their part. The people will understand, without suggestion from me, precisely what influences combined to bring about the result."

Joy Turns to Grief at Wigwam.

The scene at Tammany Hall was one of the most remarkable in the history of that organization on election night. Half a hundred of prominent Tammanyites had assembled to hear the returns over a special wire, and every one looked as if they knew that the Tammany ticket would be elected. The "multiplication triumvirate" which handles all the returns at the Wigwam, and which each year is made up of Tom Grady, Secretary Tom Smith, and John C. Hurtle, ex-Commissioner of Accounts, sat at a long table and computed returns, Mr. Grady behind large tortoiseshell glasses and a long cigar.

The first returns were exceedingly encouraging, and everybody wore a happy smile. It was announced from time to time in the evening that not only had George Gordon Battle been elected, but that every one on the county ticket had followed close enough behind Mr. Gaynor to have a comfortable plurality. One bulletin announced that Christie Sullivan had pulled through. Mr. Sullivan came into the room at that moment and received congratulations all round.

Mr. Battle also dropped in during the evening, and was also congratulated. As the night wore on, however, later returns completely offset the earlier ones, and it became evident to everyone that Mr. Murphy had sized the situation up too soon.

The only other candidate who visited headquarters was Michael Galvin. He didn't stay long when he found out how things were going. Among the many who put in an appearance were Justice Mulqueen, Judge T. C. T. Crain, Congressman Goldfogle, Supreme Court Justice Erlanger, "Paradise Jimmy" Oliver, George Kraus, Philip Donohue, and "Little Tim" Sullivan. "Big Tim" was nowhere in sight.

It was long after midnight before the lights were turned out in Tammany Hall, and the last men to leave remarked sadly that it was the latest Tammany Hall had ever remained open to receive election returns.

At Hearst Headquarters.

The Civic Alliance was slow to admit defeat for Mr. Hearst. Fully an hour after the election of Gaynor had been flashed by THE TIMES both Charles H. Gehring, Mr. Hearst's campaign manager, and Clarence J. Shearn, the candidate's attorney and friend who went on the stump for him, declined to admit that the outlook was less than favorable.

But at 8:45 o'clock, when the returns had been received from about half of the election districts, they gave up, and Mr. Gehring dictated this statement:

"The Civic Alliance was organized two weeks ago. We consider that the new party has done the city a good day's work in defeating Tammany's New York County ticket and at least some of the members of the city ticket."

In reply to a question he said:

"I really did not expect Mr. Hearst to win. In fact, he polled as many votes as I expected he would."

Mr. Shearn said:

"If we have elected an anti-Tammany Board of Estimate, as now appears, we are satisfied. It was to accomplish this that Mr. Hearst entered the fight."

The rooms in The Hermitage occupied for the last two weeks as the headquarters of the Civic Alliance were filled early in the evening with members of the party, and the families of the minor candidates on the ticket, including several women. Chairs were brought in, the headquarters being quickly converted from a business office into a miniature auditorium for the announcement of the returns.

For the first hour the reports were not so discouraging, and every clerk in the room shouted the results when favorable to their candidate. These reports were heartily applauded, the women joining in with as much enthusiasm as the men.

The reports from Queens were particularly gratifying to the Hearst men, as shown by the applause, but when the Civic Alliance candidate made a good run in a known Tammany district the handclapping was loudest.

However, it soon became evident that the predicted landslide had not materialized.

Mr. Hearst was not there to share in the gloom. Mr. Gehring said he hadn't seen him and didn't know where he was.

"Mr. Hearst hasn't been here since the headquarters were opened," said his manager.

Mr. Hearst was not at his home, 137 Riverside Drive, either, and at the American office it was said that he had not been there and no one knew where he was receiving the returns. His private secretary was as much in the dark as everyone else.

Mr. Shearn alone seemed to know where the Civic Alliance candidate was; at least he wouldn't admit that he didn't. However, he did concede that he hadn't had any word from him.

Mr. Bannard Cheerful.

Otto T. Bannard was apparently one of the most cheerful Republicans in town last night after the news came in that he had been defeated but that his running mates on the Fusion ticket had been elected.

If any one at the Republican Headquarters on the eleventh floor of the Fifth Avenue Building had expected to see Mr. Bannard look sad when the news of his defeat reached him they were doomed to disappointment. He smiled in his quiet way and said he was mighty glad that the Board of Estimate had at least been saved from Tammany Hall.

Mr. Bannard spent the evening at headquarters surrounded by personal friends, including several women. Congressman Bennet and John Hays Hammond were with the defeated candidate until most of the returns were in.

Among the other personal friends who spent the evening in his headquarters were Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Sheffield, Julian W. Curtiss, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jennings, Dr. Walter James, Mr. and Mrs. Bulkley, Miss Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Holter, Mrs. James R. Parsons, and Miss Bernes. Most of those with Mr. Bannard called him "Otto," and there was much laughing and joking as the returns came in.

Mr. Bannard's private room just off the main apartment of the headquarters was well crowded during the early part of the evening. He dined early at the Union League Club, and arrived at his headquarters just before 8 o'clock. Many of his guests were already there.

The returns were received by telephone on Mr. Bannard's desk, and the results were called out by one of the young men who has been at headquarters since the campaign began. Mr. Bannard made no comment as the results showing his defeat began to come in. It was not until every doubt was wiped away that he consented to express his opinion on the outcome.

When it was all over there were many expressions of sympathy from his friends, but Mr. Bannard wanted no sympathy, he said. The main object of the campaign had been gained. The Board of Estimate was in the control of the Republicans.

After he had made the statement requested of him, Mr. Bannard was asked if he intended sending Mr. Gaynor a telegram of congratulation.

"Yes, I certainly will do so later," he replied.

"Will you discuss the falling off of the Republican votes in the so-called Republican strongholds?" he was asked by a reporter.

Mr. Bannard smiled and said he would rather not do that. He was also asked to comment on the Hearst vote.

"I would rather not discuss it," he said. He remained at headquarters about an hour after all doubt as to the result of the election had been removed. He then went to the headquarters of Mr. Prendergast and Congressman Bennet, which were on the same floor of the Fifth Avenue Building.

At Parsons's Headquarters.

The scene in County Chairman Herbert Parsons's headquarters on the fifth floor of the Metropolitan Life Building, was in strong contrast to that at the Bannard headquarters. Mr. Parsons was practically alone most of the evening.

Before leaving his headquarters, Mr. Parsons expressed chagrin at what he termed the slump in the Republican vote in the city. He intimated that the Republican organization of the city had not stood by the ticket. He pointed out that in one Republican stronghold, which gave Hughes a plurality of 4,500 at the last election, Bannard had only a plurality of 1,000.

"Too much praise can not be given Mr. Bannard for having run," he said. "We could not have made a campaign without him. We had no other candidate. I don't think it was particularly altruistic of Hearst to run. Two weeks ago Hearst expected to win the election."

SURPRISE FOR THE MAYOR.

Said He Would Send a Congratulatory Message to Gaynor.

At 10:30 o'clock, when the returns made it appear that with the exception of the Mayoralty, the Fusion ticket had been elected, Mayor McClellan exclaimed:

"This has been a year of surprises. I am glad that Gaynor has been elected, but am afraid that the Fusionists have won the Controllership and the Presidency of the Board of Aldermen."

Of John Purroy Mitchel, the Mayor had this to say:

"Speaking personally, and not from a political standpoint, I think Mr. Mitchel is a fine fellow. He is thoroughly honest and he has proved his many good qualities."

The Mayor said he would send a message of congratulation and good-will to Mr. Gaynor at his home, and declared that he hoped he might later be able to send a similar message to "Borough President Haag."

ONLY VOTERS CAN BE ELECTION WATCHERS

Justice Hendrick Overrules Attorney General's Opinion That Women and Minors May Serve.

TAMMANY ARRANGES TEST

It Appoints Student So That Point May Be Raised—Court Ruling for Future Elections.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick handed down a decision yesterday to the effect that all watchers at the polls must be voters, and residents of the State, which, unless reversed, establishes a precedent for future elections. The decision practically nullified the action of the Republican County Committee, which had engaged nearly 1,000 college students, representing Columbia, the City College, University of New York, Yale, Harvard, and Princeton, to act in this capacity, and the order that watchers must be voters shut out not a few women who had signified their desire to act.

The decision came as somewhat of a surprise, as Attorney General O'Malley had just expressed the opinion that he could find nothing in the election laws which would bar a non-voter, or a man under 21 years of age from acting as a watcher. Justice Hendrick, however, took another view of the matter when it came before him as the result of a writ of mandamus sued out by the Foley organization in the Second Assembly District to restrain Owen Monahan, a Columbia student, from acting as a watcher in the Fifth Election District.

It is understood that Monahan was named by the Tammany forces in order that a test case might be brought. His certificate was questioned by the Inspectors on the ground that he was under age and not a resident of the State.

Justice Hendrick stated he thought the Inspectors acted within their duty, and said:

"While the election law does not specifically enumerate the qualifications of a watcher at the polls on election day, it does prescribe in Section 4, Subdivision 5, in regulating the organization and conduct of primary elections, that a voter shall be appointed watcher for each candidate or set of candidates or delegates requesting same."

The Justice went on to argue that as the duties of a watcher at the primaries and on election day are similar, in the absence of any provision to the contrary the same qualifications might be considered to apply on both occasions.

Student and women watchers did act yesterday, as the decision was rendered too late to bar them.

TAFT'S SON A FUSION WORKER.

He Answers the Telephone at Headquarters and Tours City in an Auto.

Robert Taft, the President's son, who is a sophomore at Yale, accompanied by about a score of his classmates, came down from New Haven yesterday, prepared to take his first step into the political arena, and was one of those affected by the order of the court. He reported early at the Volunteer Watchers Committee's headquarters at 27 East Twenty-second Street, was sent to the Republican watchers' headquarters in the Metropolitan Building, and, even though he was not given a steady job at any particular polling place, was kept busy for some time answering the telephone and making himself generally useful.

A report came in that there was trouble in the lower east side, and he was sent there in an automobile to see what it was all about. A tour of the Third Assembly District was made, but nothing apparently wrong was located, and the machine was headed toward "The" McManus's district, the Eleventh. The auto then made for the east side again and pulled up at the polling place at 1191 Third Avenue. Mr. Taft and his two companions stayed there for a few minutes, greatly interested in what was going on.

Mr. Taft made his appearance in "Big Tim" Sullivan's district about the middle of the afternoon, but refused to talk to the reporters. His friends, however, explained that they wanted to see how the political game was played in "Big Tim's" bailiwick, as "it might come in good with their sociological studies at Yale." Shortly after they had gone, Elihu Root, Jr., son of Senator Root, came through the same section, visited the same polling place in the tailor shop, watched the crowd for a few minutes and then left.

MRS. CROKER IN ACCIDENT.

Thrown from Trap Near Port Chester Station, but Not Much Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 2.—While Mrs. Richard Croker, Jr., was driving from her residence on King street to the Port Chester railroad station on her way to New York this morning, her spirited horse slipped on the wet pavement and fell, and the two-wheel trap in which she and the coachman were seated was overturned. An automobile came along at the moment and the occupants jumped out and grabbed the horse before it could do more than kick the vehicle to pieces.

Mrs. Croker was beneath the trap, lying face downward, and she was taken out uninjured except for a badly bruised face. Covering this with her hat veil she climbed into the rescuers' car and so proceeded to the station.

MORPHINISM

The Increasing Prevalence of Drug Addictions makes timely the repeated announcement that the

OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT

for drug addictions, successfully applied for many years, involves little of the discomfort and other unpleasant features usually attendant upon the treatment of such cases. The period of residence required of patients averages less than three weeks. A high-class sanitarium is maintained, with skilled specialists and careful nursing.

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Simply deposit here a sum of money—great or small, as you elect—for shopping purposes. Make purchases in the usual way and have them **"charged" to your Deposit Account.** Interest at the rate of 4%, compounded every three months, will be allowed on your daily balance. Statements of the account will be mailed monthly. Such accounts cannot be checked against, as we do no banking business. Only deposits intended for purchasing purposes are invited.

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Men's and Women's Silk Stockings at 50c, 69c and 98c.

Such prices for pure thread silk stockings are as surprising as some of the results of yesterday's great battle of ballots.

Men's Pure Thread Silk Half Hose, in black, tan, navy, gray and lavender, at..... **50c**

Men's Pure Thread Silk Half Hose, black, tan, gray, navy, Burgundy and many other colors. Ordinarily $1.25 a pair, at..... **69c**

Women's $1.50 Pure Thread Silk Stockings, just 1,200 pairs, with deep garter top and cotton split soles. Strictly first quality. All sizes at..... **98c**

Women's Pure Italian Silk Vests

We have sold thousands of them at the lowest price ever known—$1.59. For to-day we cut the price to..... **$1.29**

The lot that will be found on sale to-day is finer, if anything, than any that we have offered you before; in fact, there is nothing better in the city at $2.00 a garment. They are nicely trimmed at the neck and arm's eye. All sizes in pink, sky and white.

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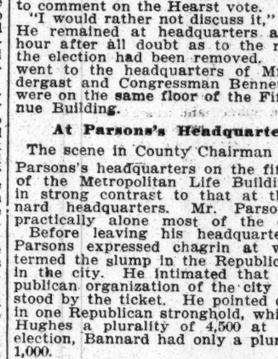

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Doesn't the steadiness with which a man buys a certain make of shoe measure his approval of it? Much the larger part of our business is done with year after year customers,—men who in "F. S. & U." shoes find what they want. We confine ourselves to one field and cover it thoroughly. Men's shoes exclusively.

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300 Women's Fashionable Seal Plush Coats, at $22.50

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ANOTHER sale that will create unusual interest among women who want a distinctive Winter coat at a moderate price. Such a special deserves larger space, but record bargains occur daily in this magnificent coat section. Fine seal plush coats in 2 styles as illustrated, in full length, slightly fitted models; one with high storm collar, which buttons up close to the neck, or long shawl collar, lined with yarn-dyed satin, and buttons with large jet buttons. Also an elegant assortment of broadcloth coats, beautiful models, notch or collarless neck, all beautifully lined. We emphatically state that you cannot equal this coat in Greater New York outside the Simpson Crawford Co. at a third more.

Women's Handsome Caracul Coats.
Beautifully marked, in the full length slightly fitted model, deep shawl collar, turn-back cuffs, buttons with large metal buttons and lined with excellent quality satin; also a large assortment of lustrous black broadcloth coats in the full length effects, in exclusive designs. Man tailored or trimmed with braid. Lined throughout..... **$19.75**

Chic Broadcloth Evening Capes.
All the pastel shades, full circular model, embellished with fancy braid in scroll design. Interlined and lined..... **$24.75**

Broadcloth Coats, Strikingly Handsome
The long, graceful, semi-fitted model; showing all the newest tailored effects. Lined with best quality satins. Prices from $15.00 to.. **$75.00**

Women's Russian Moire Pony Coats, $39.50 Third Floor.

ONE of the special offers from our Fur Department for to-day. Made of selected foreign dyed skins, 50 inches long. Large shawl collar and cuffs; handsomely lined; trimmed with fancy buttons. $59.00 values.

Russian Moire Pony Coats, $29.75.
24 inches long; large shawl collar and cuffs, Skinner satin lined. $39.75 value.

50-Inch Near Seal Coats, $52.50.
Large shawl collar and cuffs, others with long rolling collar. Beautifully lined. $75 values.

Squirrel Coats, 50 inches long; XXX quality; with border.... **$124.50**

Caracul Coats, $49.75.
50 inches long, large shawl collars, guaranteed linings. Made of skins. $72.50 values.

Natural Squirrel Sets..... $8.75

Hudson Seal Coats, finest quality, 50 in.. **$135.00**

Hudson Seal Muffs..... $22.50

Black Fox Sets. $39 value, at..... **$25.00**

Marmot Coats, $49.50
50 inches long....

Near Seal Muffs..... $9.75

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE'S FINEST STORE

SCORES OF NEEDLESS ELECTION ARRESTS

Clerical Errors Take Many Voters to Court, Only to be Discharged.

JEROME ASSISTANT TAKEN

Brooklyn School Principal Haled to Court on a Change of Residence Charge.

Although the number of persons arraigned yesterday before the City Magistrates and the three Judges of General Sessions who sat as Magistrates to pass on election cases was considerable, the number held was notably small. The most striking thing of the day to those watching such cases was the great number of clerical errors made by the Board of Registry, which led to unwarranted arrests.

Before Judges Rosalsky and Swann, sitting in Part I., General Sessions, thirty cases were presented, and twenty of those arrested were quickly discharged when their arrest was found to be due to clerical errors.

In the West Side Court, out of the fifty-seven men arrested only two were held; in the Tombs Court five out of fifteen were held; in the Harlem Court, of the thirty-one men arraigned, the charge against all but one of them came from a blunder by a registry clerk. Only one man was held. In the Yorkville Court, out of forty-four cases presented, four men were held.

As for the Supreme Court, where applications for writs of mandamus were heard, the work was light as compared with other recent elections. There was not enough work to keep the Justices busy. Those in the County Court House were Justices Hendrick, MacLean, Bischoff, and Seabury. Justice Geigerich held a special term of the Supreme Court in the Union Market Police Station, where it was thought the cases would be many, but up to noon there were only two cases.

Before Judge Rosalsky, where most of the arraignments were due to clerical carelessness, one man, naturalized in the State of Delaware, was arraigned on a warrant, one of the 250 issued by the Judge for Superintendent of Elections Leary. Examination showed that the trouble came from the fact that a registry clerk had transposed his name, and that of the Judge who issued the naturalization papers, so that his own name was in the column where the Judge's should have been. He was discharged.

Before Judge Rosalsky in the morning there appeared Ralph McDonald, a vocal student of 138 West Seventy-first Street. He had acted as Prohibitionist watcher in the Nineteenth Election District of the Thirteenth Assembly District, where Joseph Skidmore is Chairman of the Board of Inspectors. McDonald said that Skidmore had tried to put him out of the polling place, and tore up his watcher's certificate in the attempt.

McDonald telephoned to the Republican County Committee, and down came Elihu Root, Jr., and State Senator Agnew. Judge Rosalsky gave them a warrant for Skidmore's arrest, and when brought to court held him in $1,000 bail for trial on the charge of assault in the third degree.

Several Federal employes were arrested because, though entitled to vote from their last place of residence, investigators learned that they no longer resided there. One of these was Arthur Newton, clerk in the Navy Department at Washington. He registered from 143 West Fiftieth Street, where he had formerly lived. When arraigned before Magistrate Herbert in the Yorkville Court he was discharged on Deputy Attorney General Strong's recommendation.

Accustomed to Arrest.

Another was George Ellison, Secretary to the Commissioner of Patents at Washington. He had registered from 34 West Twelfth Street, where he lived twenty-one years ago. He was taken on a warrant to the Jefferson Market Court.

"This," said he, "is the eighth time I have been arrested for the same thing in fifteen years." It turned out that by a mistake in Supt. Leary's office his name had been put on the warrant instead of the challenge list.

William Tew of 155 East Seventy-third Street, a son-in-law of Justice Scott, was arrested for illegal voting in the polling place at Seventy-third Street and Eighth Avenue. It turned out that the Board of Registry had somehow got him down for the right number but the wrong street—Seventy-second, not Seventy-third. He was discharged. This was also the case with Mark Schiller of 165 East Sixty-sixth Street. The registry clerks had him down for Sixty-fifth Street and the same number.

Magistrate O'Connor, in the Essex Market Court, discharged five out of six prisoners brought before him charged with voting from addresses where they did not live. One, Edward Holden of 21 Bowery, he held in $1,000 bail. He had voted in the Third Election District of the Third Assembly District. He said he had only spent two days there out of the last thirty because of treatment for tuberculosis that had kept him at the Metropolitan Hospital.

Magistrate O'Connor held three men for illegal voting who had registered from Bowery lodging houses, whose clerks said they did not live there. They were John Ruppel, Harry Moore, and Michael Birmingham. Though challenged, they had been allowed to vote after taking oath. The first was arrested in the Tenth Election District of the Third Assembly District, the others in the Third of the Third Assembly District.

Many Cases Dismissed.

Magistrate O'Connor, by the end of the day, had disposed of fifty-three election cases. Three he had held for the Grand Jury, and twelve for later examination; the rest were discharged for lack of evidence. One of those held for the Grand Jury was Louis Rango of 212 Grand Street. He was charged with voting under the name of John Hayes and admitted that that was a fact. He seemed to think there was nothing wrong in it. He was held in $2,000 bail.

At this court, as at all others, there were lawyers representing all parties, and a Deputy Attorney General.

Charles W. Shepherd, a traveling salesman, was a prisoner in the Jefferson Market Court. After residing at the Gilsey House, Twenty-ninth Street and Broadway, for twelve years, and registering from there, he moved across the street to the Breslin. He thought he was still in the Twenty-fifth Election District of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District, but in fact had moved to the Twenty-sixth Election District. Magistrate Breen discharged him.

Twelve other men arrested for false registration on warrants were discharged there, too. Their troubles had come from change of residence after registration.

Jacob Lillis, of 340 Morris Avenue, trying to vote at the Second Election District of the Twenty-second Assembly District, was arrested and held by Magistrate Butts in the Morrisania Court in $1,000 bail on a warrant issued against him on Oct. 1, 1908, charging fraudulent registration in that year.

Thomas Gibbeny, 1089 Carter Avenue, was arraigned before Magistrate Butts after voting from what Edward J. Holland, a Republican watcher, declared was a former chicken slaughter house, condemned by the Board of Health. Patrick J. Cleary, owner of the property, went on his bail for $1,000, saying it was a habitation and he had permitted Gibbeny to live there.

Magistrate Meets a Friend.

One of those arraigned before Magistrate Krotel of the West Side Court was his former colleague in the District Attorney's office, Assistant District Attorney Mason Trowbridge of 1 West 102d Street. He was arrested at the polling place at 167 Columbus Avenue. He told the Magistrate, who seemed surprised to see him, that he had formerly lived at 1 West 102d Street, but, marrying last June, had gone to Fort Washington with his wife. When he came back in October, no apartment being empty, he and his wife lodged at the same address with Mrs. Sain. He was discharged.

Owen O'Neill, a laborer, voting from 223 West Fifty-eighth Street was held for trial in $2,000 bail because the people there declared he did not live at the address. He said he had so voted for the last eight years. He said he thought he was doing right in registerng from there, as now and then he slept in the cellar. He was arrested in the First Election District of the Eighteenth Assembly District.

One of the men held in this court was William Taylor, a negro, of 346 West Forty-first Street. Robert J. Williamson, Deputy Superintendent of Elections, declared he had looked up his record and found that on his own confession he had been convicted of grand larceny in 1903. He was held in $3,000 bail.

Up to noon only one case came before Justice Ford, holding Special Term in the Second District Municipal Court, 162d Street and Washington Avenue. That was an instance of a man whose address had been wrongly entered by the registry officers, and the Justice issued a mandamus compelling the acceptance of his vote.

Before Justice Giegerich, sitting in Union Market, came William Herr of 46 St. Mark's Place, whose vote had been challenged in the Fourteenth Election District of the Tenth Assembly District because his name was not signed to the registration column of the election sheet. He got a peremptory writ.

One case that came up before Justice Hendrick was that of Samuel Silverstein of 512 East Twelfth Street. On trying to vote at the polling place at Avenue A and Tenth Street he was challenged because his name was not on the list. He obtained an order directing the Inspector to show why he should not vote, and it turned out that the name of the Judge from whom he had got his naturalization papers, John J. Dobler, had been inserted in place of his own name. He was allowed to vote.

There were more than thirty arrests for illegal voting in Brooklyn, among them being the cases of a school principal and a physician who were arrested at the polls, both of whom believed that they were voting legally.

George D. Germann, principal of Public School 130 at Fort Hamilton Avenue and Ocean Parkway, bought a house at 167 Rutland Road in September and began moving in his furniture. He did not go to live in the house, however, until Oct. 6, and was arrested because he had lived less than a month in his election district.

Ex-State Senator Martin Saxe of Manhattan appeared for Mr. Germann and, after explaining the circumstances to Magistrate Nash in the Flatbush Court, said he believed the moving in of Mr. Germann's furniture constituted a legal residence. Magistrate Nash paroled Germann in Saxe's custody until Nov. 6.

Dr. Albert H. Mehrenlender of 156 Vernon Avenue told Magistrate Highland in the New Jersey Avenue Court that, although he had only lived in his present home for two weeks, he had explained this to a watcher at the polls and had not tried to vote until this man told him to go ahead. He was discharged.

MISS COLEBROOKE TO WED.

Lord Colebrooke's Daughter to be the Bride of Edward Packe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Special interest is aroused here by the news of the engagement of Mary, daughter of Lord and Lady Colebrooke, and Edward Packe. The Colebrookes occupy a leading place in society as friends of the King, and are well known to many Americans.

Packe is one of the great partis of the year. His fiancee made her debut very recently.

Edward Hussey Packe is 31 years old. He served as secretary to the Marquis of Lansdowne at the War Office in 1900. He later served in the same capacity for the Earl of Selborne and Lord Cawdor at the Admiralty office.

Miss Colebrooke is a daughter of the first Baron of Colebrooke, who has served as Lord in Waiting to the King since 1906. His title was created in the same year.

Stump-Ould Wedding To-night.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—To-morrow evening in Norfolk, Va., Miss Margaret Nash Ould, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Ould of Norfolk, and John Stone Stump of Baltimore, a grandson of the late Alexander Hamilton Stump of the Green Spring Valley, Md., will be married. The ceremony will be performed in the presence of a large and fashionable contingent of society from Baltimore and Washington, as well as of Norfolk, in Christ Protestant Episcopal Church by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Steinmetz. Miss Alice Ould, sister of the bride, will be maid of honor, and Robert Stump of Washington, brother of the bridegroom, will be best man. The ushers will be W. W. Ould, brother of the bride; Edward Henry, Edward Stribling, Joseph Bidgood, and Isaac Smith, all of Norfolk, and Gaylord Clarke of Mobile, Ala. The invitations to the reception, which was to have followed the ceremony, have been recalled owing to the illness of Mrs. Ould.

WANTS HER DIVORCE VACATED.

Husband of Miss Dresselhaus of "Yankee Prince" Applies to Reopen Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Miss Ora Dresselhaus, a member of George M. Cohan's company presenting "The Yankee Prince," was made defendant in a peculiar suit in divorce here to-day. Her husband, John J. O'Donnell, whose home is in New York, appeared before Judge Cushing and applied for a vacation of his decree in favor of Mrs. O'Donnell, who is Miss Dresselhaus.

He says that she had no right to apply for a divorce here since she is not a resident of the State of Ohio. He wants to carry the case to New York and to have the suit tried there. However, this point was made when Mrs. O'Donnell's suit was heard here and when she received her divorce.

It is said by his attorneys, however, that they have added facts, and that they can have the decree given Mrs. O'Donnell, vacated. Judge Cushing will rule on the matter in a few days.

ALL THE THEATRES CROWDED.

Best Election Night Business, Managers Say, in Several Years.

Every theatre in town was sold out last night long before time for the performances to begin. The managers stated that this was the best election night, in the point of business, in several years. The matinees were well attended, but the evening performances were given to capacity everywhere, and at the more popular houses to the limit of standing room.

At the American Music Hall the roof garden was used for a supplementary show, the performers being taken up in elevators when they had finished their acts downstairs. Both auditoriums were crowded.

The shower that came up at 9 o'clock started a useless rush to the box offices of the Broadway houses, though at a few places it was possible to squeeze in a few more standees.

Election Held in Shubert Theatres.

At each of the Shubert New York theatres yesterday the actors and actresses had opportunities for showing their political preferences. In each house a ballot box was placed in one of the dressing rooms and every member was invited to vote. The result at 9 o'clock, when the "polls" closed, showed a majority for Gaynor. Hearst was second choice for Mayor, with Bannard a close third. After the performances the men of the various companies gathered at Cafe Monico to hear the results.

F. A. Lyon, Old Actor, Injured by Auto.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Frank A. Lyon, a veteran actor, whose home is in New Jersey, was struck by an automobile here to-day, suffering a broken arm and painful cuts and bruises.

Think Right about a piano *Send for copy of "Pocket Estey"*

A piano purchase is not a bargain hunt. There is a reasonable minimum below which it is unsafe to go. Think right.

7 West 29th St., New York

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LADY CROFTON SAILS WITH HER HUSBAND

But Their Cabins on the Kronprinz Wilhelm Are Far Apart.

YOUNG MONTAGU GOES, TOO

Baronet's Plea in Behalf of Their Son Induced Lady Crofton to Return to England.

Lady Frances Margaret Crofton was the occupant of Stateroom 30 on the promenade deck of the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm when the steamer sailed yesterday morning for England.

In another stateroom, far on the port side, sat Sir Morgan George Crofton, returning home after a two months' search for his wife, in company with Frederick J. Montagu, the elder brother of James Douglas Montagu, who has been living on the same floor with Lady Crofton at the Hotel Gotham since their arrival in this city eight weeks ago.

Somewhere else on the steamer was James Douglas Montagu, known to his friends in London clubdom as "Jimmy." He sailed under the name of Stevens.

Following the partial reconciliation which was effected between Sir Morgan George Crofton and his runaway wife in a rather dramatic scene enacted last Sunday night in Lady Crofton's suite on the tenth floor of the Gotham, brought about mainly through the efforts of Frederick J. Montagu, the junior Montagu decided to remain in New York.

He sailed yesterday, however, at the pressing request of his older brother, boarding the steamer at the last moment and booking his passage under an assumed name. Thus is left to the vastness of the sea the closing scene in this domestic drama of international interest.

They May Be Reconciled.

It is believed that the reconciliation may be more complete before the steamer arrives in England, but as the separation between the young baronet and his wife existed yesterday, when the liner sailed from her pier in Hoboken, the estrangement was not altogether at an end.

It was learned on good authority that Lady Crofton is returning home for the sake of her two-year-old son, Morgan George. The entreaty advanced by Sir George in the first interview he had with his wife was a strong plea that the mother return to her young son.

Accompanied by Miss Constance Collier, an English actress, Lady Crofton, with six pieces of baggage, left the Gotham shortly before 8 o'clock yesterday morning, heavily veiled. The arrangements for the departure incognito from New York had been completed by Miss Collier.

Lady Crofton was to board the steamer early and lock herself up in her stateroom. Miss Collier remained on board half an hour after their arrival, and then departed. A card attached to a basket of fruit left before the door of Lady Crofton's stateroom bore the name "Blumenthal."

Sir George and Frederick J. Montagu, who left the Plaza at 9 A. M., boarded the steamer about fifteen minutes before she sailed. They hurried to connecting staterooms the length of half a city block from Lady Crofton's, which they booked also under the name of "Blumenthal."

Admitted Their Identity.

Here the two men remained in seclusion until a few minutes before the last signal for departure was heard, Sir George sitting on a steamer trunk, his head bowed in his hands. His companion kept a watchful eye on the promenade deck as if looking for the arrival of "Jimmy."

When approached both men admitted their identity, but refused to discuss the situation which had led them in a chase across the seas, except to nod when they were asked if everything was settled. The young baronet sat most of the time with bowed head.

Two minutes before the gangplank was hauled up James Douglas Montagu, the twenty-two-year-old son of an old but untitled English house, boarded the steamer and wandered to the upper deck, where he remained until the steamer sailed.

All this time Lady Crofton remained alone in her stateroom. On the departure of Miss Collier she had burst into tears and locked herself in the room.

Events leading up to the discovery by the baronet, through a two months' system of shadowing by detectives, that his young wife was staying at the Gotham, where she was receiving the constant attention of young James Douglas Montagu, are interwoven with scenes to tempt the modern novelist.

The first meeting between Lady Crofton and young Montagu, it is said, occurred when the young man accepted Sir George's invitation for the fox hunting season at Mohill Castle, County Leitrim, Ireland, the Crofton family seat. It was the usual English house party with plenty of bridge and out of door sports. In all of this young Montagu was thrown frequently in the company of his host's wife, who is tall and in color strikingly blonde.

They Met in London.

The next meeting occurred during the latter part of the London season when the baronet and his family were occupying their town house at 47 Great Cumberland Place, West. It was midsummer when the quarrel occurred between husband and wife, Lady Crofton taking flight to America following the estrangement.

Then began the chapters of the life in New York, made up largely of motoring and bridge and the theatre. Lady Crofton had the companionship of James Douglas Montagu, who was able to entertain by means of liberal checks drawn on a bank. In fact, it was Mr. Montagu who paid the bill for a suite on the tenth floor of the hotel yesterday morning before starting for the steamer.

There were long walks along Fifth Avenue, and peeps into shop windows. One day the lady in the case espied a pearl necklace of much beauty and great value in a fashionable jeweler's shop. The man in the case bought it. The pearl necklace was delivered.

This incident is mentioned because it marked the first attention paid to the rather quiet guests on the tenth floor by the hotel management, for it is an invariable rule for the fashionable jewelers to send agents to look up the purchaser before the delivery.

When a TIMES reporter was admitted to the parlor of the suite occupied by Lady Crofton on Monday night, Miss Collier, who has made such a heroic effort to end the quarrel between husband and wife, was present.

After a general denial that she had come to this country with James Douglas Montagu, Lady Crofton said she hoped this would be her last visit to America. She is only a girl in appearance.

It was in this miniature drawing room that Sir George faced his young wife two days after his arrival in town on Oct. 29, when he lodged at the Plaza with the elder Montagu. At this crucial moment Mr. Montagu, the junior, is said to have been locked in his room, fuming over the complication which had arisen from Lady Crofton's discovery by her husband.

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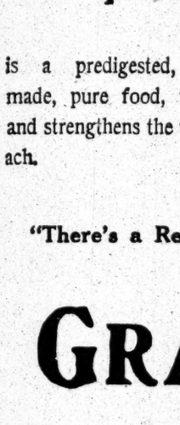

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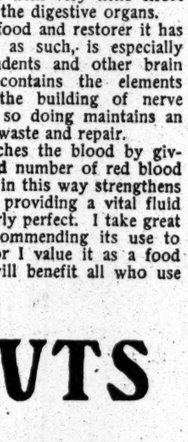

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MRS. WEIL ASKS DIVORCE.

Wife of Jacob Weil, New Yorker, Files Petition in Nevada.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Hattie Beatrice Weil, wife of Jacob Weil of New York, yesterday filed a suit for divorce here. The complaint is voluminous and is sealed, and both Mrs. Weil and her attorneys refuse to talk about it. It is learned from other sources, however, that she has alleged cruelty. Mrs. Weil has dressed very elaborately since coming to Reno, and, like the other New Yorkers, her principal pleasure has been horseback riding. She has frequently been seen in Reno with a local attorney, who is of considerable prominence, although he does not represent her in her suit.

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AFFIRMS JAIL TERMS FOR LABOR LEADERS

Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison Must Serve Sentences, District of Columbia Court Rules.

ANARCHY IN OTHER COURSE

Power of Constitutional Agency of Government Challenged, Judges Hold —Gompers to Continue Fight.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The District Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the decree of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia adjudging President Samuel Gompers, Secretary Frank Morrison, and Vice President John Mitchell of the American Federation of Labor guilty of contempt of court in the Bucks Stove and Range case.

Chief Justice Shepard dissented from the opinion of the court on constitutional grounds.

The court held that the fundamental issue was whether the constitutional agencies of government should be obeyed or defied. The mere fact that the defendants were the officers of organized labor in America, said the court, lent importance to the cause and added to the gravity of the situation, but it should not be permitted to influence the result.

"If an organization of citizens, however large," the court held, "may disobey the mandates of the court, the same reasoning would render them subject to individual defiance. Both are subject to the law, and neither is above it. If a citizen, though he may honestly believe that his rights have been invaded, may elect when and to what extent he will obey the mandates of the court and the requirements of the law as interpreted by the court, instead of pursuing the orderly course of appeal, not only the courts, but government itself, would become powerless, and society would be reduced to a state of anarchy."

The action of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia in sentencing Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison to twelve, nine, and six months' imprisonment in jail, respectively, was the result of the failure of these three defendants to obey the order of the court directing them to desist from placing the Bucks Stove and Range Company of St. Louis on their unfair list in the prosecution of their boycott against the corporation.

Boycott Kept Alive.

While the name of the corporation was removed from the unfair list of the federation, Messrs. Gompers and Mitchell continued to keep alive the boycott by frequent references to it in The Federationist, the official organ of the federation. Mr. Mitchell was involved in the trouble by reason of his membership on the Executive Board of the federation and because it was alleged he had made no effort to prevent the adoption of a resolution at the convention of the United Mine Workers of America in antagonism to the Bucks Stove and Range Company. The result of the boycott, it was said, was to cause a decline in the business of the stove and range company of 50 per cent.

The boycott placed by the federation against the products of the Bucks Company grew out of a fight made by the Metal Polishers' Union, and supported by the federation, for an eight instead of a nine-hour day. This was resisted by the company, and The Federationist published the name of the Bucks Stove and Range Company under the caption "We Don't Patronize."

The proceedings against the officers of the federation were begun Aug. 19, 1907, by the stove and range company. After a comprehensive hearing, Justice Gould of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia issued a temporary injunction restraining the defendants from prosecuting a boycott on the business and products of the Bucks Company. Later this injunction was made permanent.

In the appeal of the case to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia Alton B. Parker of New York appeared as one of the counsel for the Federation of Labor. References to the Bucks Company continuing to appear in The Federationist and in speeches and writings of the defendants, the company had Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison cited to appear and show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court.

Sentenced to Jail.

Mr. Gompers had openly intimated that he would not be bound by the terms of the injunction. After the hearing in the contempt proceedings, Justice Wright of the Supreme Court of the District found that the defendants had been guilty of willfully disobeying the injunction and senteced them to imprisonment in the District jail. In announcing the decision Justice Wright declared that the defendants had "intimidated, browbeaten, and coerced" the patrons of the stove and range company until it had suffered severe loss.

Pending an appeal the three defendants were allowed to give bail for their reappearance.

Last March the Court of Appeals modified the decree granted by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia by adding to the injunction the words "in furtherance of said boycott." This modification was looked upon by attorneys for the defendants as materially affecting the proceedings for contempt. They asserted that had those words appeared in the original injunction the contempt proceedings never could have been decided against them.

When the decision was rendered neither the labor leaders nor their counsel were in court. As forecast by Mr. Gompers in a recent issue of The Federationist, an attempt will be made to appeal the case to the United States Supreme Court. The right of appeal, however, is a matter of controversy. Some attorneys hold that, as this decis on finds the contempt to have been a criminal offense, the Court of Appeals would have the last say in the matter, as it has of all criminal cases in the District. Others, however, contend that, as the constitutional right of free speech and liberty of the press is involved, the labor leaders may prosecute an appeal. No action will be taken toward the arrest of the men until the matter of the appeal has been determined.

The Dissenting Opinion.

Chief Justice Shepard in his dissenting opinion held to the view that the decree should be reversed because he was convinced that the lower court was without authority to make the only order which the defendants, Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison, could be said to have disobeyed. The Chief Justice says:

"I have heretofore expressed the opinion that much of the injunction order was null and void because opposed to the constitutional provision concerning freedom of speech and of the press. Subsequent reflection has confirmed this view.

"I concede that the court had jurisdiction of the subject matter of the controversy and of the parties, but I cannot agree that the decree was rendered in accordance with the power of the court—a power limited by express provision of the Constitution."

Frank Morrison, the only one of the defendants now in Washington, while disappointed over the adverse decision of the court, declared to-day that he found much consolation in the dissenting opinion of the Chief Justice.

WON'T GIVE UP, SAYS GOMPERS.

Asserts He Will Fight to the Last Ditch for His Cause.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, issued a statement yesterday in regard to the decision of the District Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, in connection with the Bucks Stove and Range Company case.

"With all due respect to the majority of the court," the statement reads, "I can not surrender constitutionally guaranteed rights because a judge will issue an injunction invading and denying these rights. Chief Justice Shepard's dissenting opinion is in defense of the constitutional and inherent rights. Minority opinions of courts in the past, when human rights were invaded, have ultimately prevailed, become the law of the land and the generally accepted rule of life, and I have an abiding faith that the rule in this case will prove no exception.

"If I must go to jail I shall have the consciousness of the fact that other men have in the past been compelled to suffer in defense of justice and right, in the cause of humanity and for the maintenance of human liberty.

"I intended to stay over here to-morrow to finish up my report for the annual convention at Toronto and also to attend the wedding of the daughter of a very dear friend of mine, but I am going to change my plans and shall leave so I can get into Washington as soon as I can. I want to be within the jurisdiction of the court, whatever disposal is made of the case.

"I can only repeat that if I must go to jail I shall bear the prison sentence with fortitude, conscious that I have nothing to regret in any actions or utterances of mine which some of the Judges, but not all, have construed into a breach of the law. I believe my colleagues take the same view of the matter."

Mr. Gompers said that probably an appeal would be taken to the United States Supreme Court, but that he was not yet in a position to speak positively until he had conferred with counsel on the matter.

"But we will fight to the last ditch," Mr. Gompers added; "and then on beyond that."

Mr. Gompers had no opportunity of talking with Mr. Mitchell, as Mr. Mitchell is now on a tour of railroad shops gathering data for a Committee on Industrial Education, formed under the auspices of the American Federation of Labor, of which committee he is a member.

Mr. Gompers left the city last evening for Washington. He said he had expected the decision of the United States Court of Appeals early in October. For that reason he abridged his recent European trip and came home sooner than he originally intended.

James B. Beck of counsel for the Bucks Stove and Range Company of St. Louis expressed his gratification from a legal standpoint yesterday at the decision.

"To the extent that this decision involves punishment upon men of power and standing in the country, no one can feel any personal gratification," he said, "but to the extent that it vindicates a principle that is vital to industrial liberty it is gratifying to us who conducted the case for the plaintiff. I want to impress again the fact that these contempt proceedings were not fought by the Buck's Stove Company or its counsel primarily or principally to protect private, personal, rights which were threatened with destruction, but to vindicate the power of the courts to enforce their decrees.

"We felt that we owed it to the court which entered the original decree to bring to its attention the flagrant violation of its provisions by the defendants. For if such a decree could be defied, as in this instance, by men of great power, there would be an end to the enforcement of law, and that means anarchy."

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—J. W. Van Cleave, President of the Bucks Stove and Range Company, to-day issued the following statement concerning the decision in the case of Gompers, Morrison, and Mitchell:

"The assault upon me by the American Federation of Labor in 1906 was plotted in cold blood. I was assailed not as an individual, but as President of the National Association of Manufacturers. The Federation did this in order to show its power. It aimed to strike terror into everybody outside its own ranks—workers, employers, and the general public alike, and to coerce the President of the United States, the Congress, and the courts, Federal and State, to do its bidding.

"Supposing that the leaders of the Federation would desist from their attacks upon our business when enjoined by the court. I was amazed when to disobedience they added open and ostentatious defiance.

"And let it be remembered, these violators of law and these assailants of the courts were not individual offenders, but acted in the name of the 2,000,000 persons whom they claim to be members of their league."

TAFT FOR SUFFRAGE IF WOMEN WANT IT

Wants Them Self-Supporting, Too, so They Can Marry or Not, as They Will.

TELLS MISSISSIPPI GIRLS SO

Adds That He Is Not "a Rabid Suffragist," and Appeals to a Loyal and Emotional South at Columbus.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 2.—President Taft, in his journey to-day across Mississippi and Alabama, made a large number of speeches and was cheered everywhere by crowds.

The President reached Birmingham early this evening. He is to be the guest of the city until to-morrow afternoon. His entertainment began to-night with a banquet presided over by United States Senator R. B. Johnson, the speakers including Gov. Comer, Secretary Dickinson, and the President.

When he arrived in Birmingham Mr. Taft was met at the station by Mayor O'Brien and a committee of citizens. The streets were thronged.

The President has entirely recovered his voice. In addition to declaring his good will to the people of the South, he had a few words to say with reference to marriage and woman suffrage when he was surrounded on the campus of the Mississippi Girls' Industrial Institute and College by 800 girls, who afterward helped to serve the President the first barbecue of the tour.

"I wish that every woman in the world was so situated," the president said, "that she need not think it necessary for her to marry if she did not want to."

Mr. Taft said that he would be the last man in the world to put anything in the way of matrimony, but he believed a girl should be so situated as to her future as to be able to make a free choice and to look forward to a life of unmixed happiness.

"I venture to think," he went on, "that the best legacy that can be left to a young man is a good education and a good character by training in a family to good moral standards, and nothing else.

"The same thing is true with respect to the young women who have a fair chance in life to earn and carve out their own future. The great trouble has been that we have not given the women a fair show. We have not opened all the avenues to livelihood that they are quite as well able to fill as we, and in certain respects better able than we.

Not a Rabid Suffragist.

"I am not a rabid suffragist. The truth is I am not in favor of suffrage for women until I can be convinced that all the women desire it. When they desire it I am in favor of giving it to them, and when they desire it they will get it, too. But I do believe that one of the advantages in giving them that kind of influence will be to open more avenues of self-support to them than has heretofore been done.

"I shall be glad that I shall not have any property to leave to my boys, of whom I have two, but only a good character and a pride in themselves and a good education, but for my daughter, I am going to scrape together as much as I can give her, and give her as good an education as I can, so that she shall take in the lesson which I first sought to announce as the text of my discourse: That she shall marry only when she chooses to marry and not because of circumstances."

An immense crowd greeted the President at West Point, Miss. School children, Confederate veterans, and State militia made up a large part of the assemblage. President Taft spoke from the rear of the Mayflower. He said he was gratified to see the large number of women present.

"I am glad I came to Mississippi," said the President, "whose hospitality is not exceeded by any section of this great country."

The President reached Columbus, Miss., at 11:40 A. M. Columbus is the birthplace of Secretary of War Dickinson, and Mr. Taft had the Secretary with him. Mr. Taft held a reception at the old home of Gen. Stephen D. Lee of the Confederate forces as the guest of the son of the house, Blewett H. Lee. Later he made an address from a stand erected on Main Street.

Talks About Loyal South.

In his address at Columbus, after paying a tribute to Secretary Dickinson, President Taft said:

"I am glad to be in the city of your great General, Lee. I am indeed sorry that it was not given to me to meet him in person and receive that kindly, gentle influence that he shed wrerever he moved. I am especially sorry not to be able to come into his presence and to talk of the relations of the Sout hto the rest of the Union, because he represented that spirit which I wouud invoke on the part of every Southerner with respect to the whole country.

"My friends, one cannot come before a Southern audience being a Northern man, without having a memory of that which is past, and he cannot come in the capacity in which I come, as your President, without thanking God that the past is over, not that we are attacking what the past is, but that we have passed through that awful trial on both sides that certified to the world the fibre of our natures and the strength of our American people, in order to show to the world that we were equal to any of them as a world power.

"You are not in favor of war and I am not in favor of war, and we will never seek it if we can in any honorable way avoid it. But in the history of nations, when war becomes inevitable and puts to trial the manhood, the courage, the self-sacrifice of a nation, hard and hellish as war is, the test is one to which a people may look back with pride and with thanks to God that they survived the test and showed themselves worthy of enjoying the blessings of such a Government as ours.

"Now you Southern people are an emotional people. We have some emotions in the North, too, but if there is any difference, your hearts expand more easily and you are more sensitive, possibly, than we are. In order to understand the Southern people, (especially with respect to issues of the war and what grew out of it,) in order to understand their present position, one must know that your hearts and emotions are broad enough to entertain entire loyalty to the issues of the past which you fought so nobly to sustain, and entire loyalty to our present Government, for which you would be willing to lay down your lives if occasion required it.

"Now, that is what I know the Southern nature to be, and that is why I come and appeal to you, if appeal is necessary, (and I don't believe it is,) to uphold the hands of an Administration that is not seeking your votes, but is asking your support and sympathy during an Administration already begun."

On the way to Columbus the President made brief car-end speeches at Kosciusko, Ackerman, and Starkville. At each place he was greeted by an enthusiastic throng, the negroes being drawn up on one side of the track and the whites on the other.

At Kosciusko the President gave further utterances to his desire to bring the people of the South closer to the other States. "I have been glad to be here," he said, "because I think this State, as nearly as any, represents the opinion and types of the South, and I am anxious to come as closely in contact with the Southern people and explain to them as sincerely and sympathetically as I can my desire to unite them and bring them closer to all the other States.

"It is not that we want to make you Republicans or that we want to become Democrats. We all have our views and our tastes in that regard. It is that we shall bring you, and that you shall come to believe that you are, as near to the heart of the central Government as now administered as any other people in the Union."

In the course of his midnight speech at Jackson the President said:

"Now, I have got 'Mac' Dickinson in the Cabinet. He did not come because he wanted to. He came because he knew why I wanted him. I wanted him because I wanted to give an earnest example to the South of the truth of my declaration that I was anxious to bring you closer to the Government at Washington, and I also took him because I wanted one of the ablest men of the country who does things, and I wanted that Panama Canal built. I knew if he took hold of it it would go.

"One of your great heroes of Mississippi is Jefferson Davis, and I am glad that the Administration at Washington has wiped out the evidence of that extreme partisan bitterness at Cabin John Bridge, and that his name is restored there as Secretary of War. I am glad because I know and can testify from my experience in the South that the same joy that they experience at that act on the part of the Administration is the joy of a common country and loyalty to a common flag."

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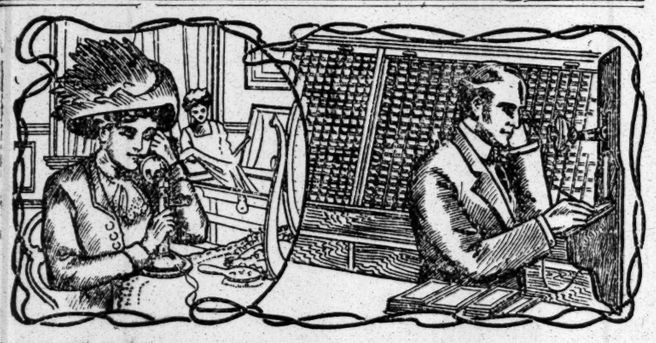

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From the leading Irish, Scotch, Austrian and German Manufacturers.

And in addition will offer to-day, the following

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SATIN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS,		$1.75, 2.25, 2.75, 3.38
NAPKINS, to match,	Doz.	1.75, 2.25, 2.75
SATIN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS, round scalloped,		3.75, 5.75, 7.25
NAPKINS, to match, scalloped,	Doz.	5.90, 6.75, 7.50
SATIN DAMASK TABLE LINEN,	Yard	75c, 88c, 95c
HEMST'D LINEN PILLOW CASES,	Pair	95c, 1.20, 1.50
EMB'D LINEN PILLOW CASES,	"	1.45, 2.75, 3.50
HEMST'D HUCK TOWELS, HEMMED TURKISH BATH TOWELS,	Doz.	2.95, 4.15, 5.50
BEDSPREADS Crochet,		95c, 1.20, 1.45
BEDSPREADS Marseilles		1.95, 2.25, 3.50
BEDSPREADS OF SHEER BATISTE HAND EMB'D Single Bed Size,	Each	$7.25, 11.25, 18.50
Double Bed Size,	"	8.00, 15.00, 19.50

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36 by 72 in,	" 4.25,	"	3.15
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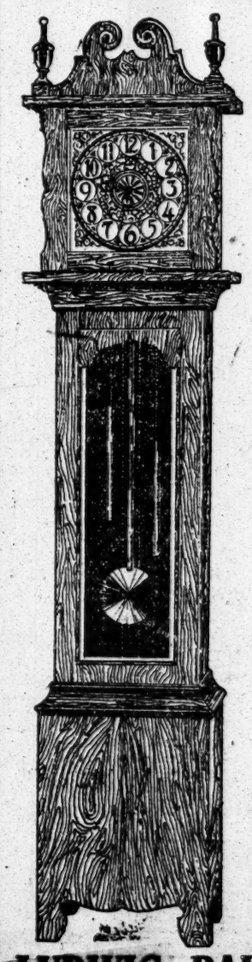

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The Record Bond

RASMUSSEN CITED AS REFUTING COOK

Prof. Painleve Says His Report Discredits, Instead of Supporting Explorer's Claim.

ESKIMOS NOTICED NOTHING

Yet at Pole Their Shadows, by Which They Tell Time, Would Have Ceased to Vary as Elsewhere.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Prof. Paul Painleve, an eminent scientist and member of the Institute of France, declares in an interview in the Matin that the last statement made by Knud Rasmussen regarding Dr. Cook's journey toward the pole is far from strengthening the latter's claim, and, in fact, brings into greater relief the witnesses' inconsistencies in his narrative.

"It is all very strange," says Prof. Painleve. "Rasmussen states that he wrote to Cook before starting for Cape York proposing to question his Eskimo companions and asking for necessary information to this end. This proposition from a man so well versed in arctic matters, it seems to me, ought to have been received with enthusiasm by Dr. Cook, but Rasmussen says that Cook did not reply to the letter, and a week later, when they met, manifested no desire to see the suggestion carried out.

"The statement that the Eskimos related that they traveled so far that sun ceased to set proves nothing whatever, except that Cook advanced beyond the seventy-eighth degree. The fact that they recall that the sun ceased to set, yet failed to remark that the sun remained always at the same height, which it would have done if they had seen it at the pole, militates directly against Cook's story. The impression brought back by these people is only that which they should have received from a journey to a latitude of from 81 to 83 degrees, not from a journey to the pole.

"But here is a point still more worthy of attention: Rasmussen says the Eskimos were greatly astonished when Cook told them they had reached the pole, because the locality presented nothing different from the ice areas they had previously traversed. That is certainly a most significant fact. How could these people, who are accustomed to estimate the hour by variations in the length of their shadows, have failed to remark, if they really had arrived at the pole, that their shadows no longer varied with the rotation of time?

"That the Eskimos did not note this phenomenon appears to me altogether extraordinary, but that Cook did not think at the pole to call their attention to the fact, in my opinion is incredible. His companions threatened to mutiny, according to his story, if he persisted in pressing further north. Is it admissible to suppose that Cook, to influence them, did not call their attention to the lessening variation in their shadows day by day, as proof that they were drawing near their destination? He would have said: 'As soon as the shadows do not vary at all then we will be at the pole.' Cook did not say this. The Eskimos saw nothing. That is most striking.

"My conclusion is not only that Rasmussen's report fails to substantiate Cook's tale but that it reveals facts which cannot be interpreted otherwise than as unfavorable to his entire claim."

DECISION ON PEARY TO-DAY.

Committee on Polar Records Will Report to National Geographical Society.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—After concluding in every detail an examination of Commander Robert E. Peary's proofs of his discovery of the north pole, the subcommittee of scientists appointed to pass on the explorer's records will submit its report at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning to the Board of Managers of the National Geographic Society. The committee has to pass only on the point whether Peary reached the pole on the date claimed, and the quickness with which it has reached a decision, together with the fact that Peary has been invited to lecture before the society Nov. 12, causes scientific circles to assume that the explorer's claim has been upheld. The members of the sub-committee would not discuss their findings.

Commander Peary, whose apearance before the sub-committee yesterday and last night was for the purpose of aiding the scientists in making a complete and speedy report, left the city early to-day for Portland, Me.

Commander Robert E. Peary arrived in this city yesterday from Washington, and spent the day transacting some personal business. He left New York for Portland by the midnight train. The commander, who appeared to be in the best of health and spirits, and rejoiced in the fact that he had gained ten pounds since his return from the North Pole, said that he had no news to give out and was perfectly content to let events take their course.

With regard to the election Commander Peary said that he had only voted twice in his life, and that was on the two election days following his twenty-first birthday at Portland, Me. As the energetic explorer skilfully dodged the people and the traffic in Times Square yesterday afternoon he said: "This is the most difficult problem for a man to pick up again when he returns from a protracted sojourn in the Arctic regions." He will spend his time next week between this city and Washington.

ITO'S SLAYER AT SEOUL.

Taken There from Harbin, with Alleged Accomplices, for Trial.

HARBIN, Manchuria, Nov. 2.—Inchan Angan, the Korean who assassinated Prince Ito of Japan, and his alleged accomplices were removed to Seoul, Korea, to-day for trial. Following their arrest by the Russian police the prisoners were turned over to the Japanese authorities.

PEKING, Nov. 2.—The Japanese-Korean residency was withdrawn to-day from Chientao in fulfillment of the agreement reached between Japan and China on Sept. 4, which recognized Chientao as Chinese territory, from which the Japanese military forces then held there for the protection of Japanese and Korean interests should be withdrawn.

Japan has established a Consulate General and two branches in Chientao. China has opened offices of maritime customs in the district.

Japanese Minister to China Ijuin, on behalf of the Emperor of Japan, has presented the Prince Regent of China with the Order of the Chrysanthemum.

MEDALLION FOR THE MIKADO.

Presented Through Commercial Commissioner from Superintendent of Mint

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—At a luncheon to-day in honor of the visiting Japanese commercial delegation a gold medallion, struck in the presence of the delegation when it visited the Philadelphia Mint, was presented to Baron Shibusawa by Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State, with the request that the Baron deliver it to the Mikado as a memento of the delegation's visit. When the delegation visited the Mint two days ago bronze medallions were presented to all of them by the Director of the Mint.

Mr. Wilson explained that the medallion was not an official gift, else it would be transmitted by the American Ambassador at Tokio. The souvenir was technically desoribed as a memento from the Director of the Mint. It is solid gold, about four inches in diameter, with a head of President Taft on one side, and on the other the word "Welcome" in English and Japanese.

RAIN CAUSES LOSS OF SALT.

Ponds in the Bahamas Overflow by Ten-Inch Fall.

TURK'S ISLAND, Bahamas, Nov. 2.—A rainfall of over ten inches yesterday overflowed the salt ponds and caused an immense loss of salt, the raking of which is the most important industry in Turk's and Caicos Islands.

About 1,800,000 bushels are raked and exported annually.

MORE CRACKS IN COURT HOUSE

Criminal Courts Building Develops Further Weakness.

The walls of the Criminal Court Building developed two new cracks Monday night after the reports of its coming condemnation had started. The two new fissures are in the marble arch above the second mezzanine floor on the Franklin Street side.

The occupants of the building spent yesterday in a vain attempt to appear unconscious of its impending doom. They protested that there was nothing the matter, and that the story of the probable collapse was an annual affair. Still, it was noticed that they walked rather gingerly past the place where the wall yawns till daylight shines in and the crack runs clear across the floor.

Yesterday somebody on the second mezzanine corridor cast an empty tin pail over the railing to the ground floor, sending an echo through the building. It raised a tempest of alarm. Thinking that the walls were falling, people scurried from the court room where Judge Rosalsky was hearing election cases, and it took some moments to calm them.

District Attorney Jerome displayed interest in the condition of the building to the extent of sauntering all over it in the morning.

"My one hope," he said, "is that the walls will stay up till I am out of office. It won't be long now.

HUNT A SHORTAGE IN BIG FOUR BOOKS

Accounts of Treasurer C. L. Warriner of the Road Said to Be Out Some $80,000.

CONFERENCE HELD HERE

Treasurer Denies the Charge, and Says They Are Due to an Error in Accounting.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 2.—An error, said to be between $80,000 and $100,000, is said to exist in the books of Charles L. Warriner, until yesterday the local Treasurer of the Big Four Railway in Cincinnati. He has gone to New York with Vice President John Carstensen of the New York Central Lines.

They left last night on the Twentieth Century Limited and are now at the offices of the New York Central in New York going over the books of his office for two years. Warriner says that he must have made an error in his accounting. Men who worked beside him say that he is short at least $80,000, and that the amount may run to $100,000.

R. P. Ahrens, Assistant Secretary and local Treasurer of the Lake Shore in Cleveland, has been placed in his office and will have charge of all his books until something definite can be learned of their condition.

Warriner lives in a beautiful home at Wyoming, a suburb of Cincinnati, but it is a home that could easily be kept by a man getting his salary. His wife denied that any trouble in his accounts has been found, and said that he had gone to New York on business and would return in a few days.

Nobody connected with the New York Central Lines, that could be found last night, would talk about the case of the accounts of the Treasurer of the Big Four lines in Cincinnati.

Vice-President John Carstensen refused to talk about it at all, when called at his house in Scarsdale, N. Y. Dwight W. Pardee, of 1310 Dean Street, Brooklyn, Assistant Treasurer of the New York Central, would only say: "Well, probably I do know something about the matter in a general way, but I would prefer not to talk."

GIRL FOUND DEAD IN POND.

Young Woman of Southington, Conn., Dies in Strange Manner.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Nov. 2.—Miss Florence Hamlin, daughter of Charles W. Hamlin, President of the Southington Water Company, was found dead in a pond in Southington to-day. Her body was discovered by a posse headed by her father.

In company with Mrs. H. E. Hurlbut, wife of the Baptist clergyman, she called at the home of Mrs. L. H. Schmidt last night. Mrs. Hurlbut accompanied Miss Hamlin to within a stone's throw of her home, bidding her good-night. The young woman, according to the minister's wife, was in good spirits when they parted.

His daughter not having returned home at midnight, Hamlin went to Mr. Hurlbut's home. After hearing Mrs. Hurlbut's story he notified the police, who, with the fire department, began a search which lasted all night. Clifford Hamlin, brother of the missing girl, found his sister's body in shallow water, fully dressed. Miss Hamlin had been subject to severe headaches, and it is believed that she lost her reason after leaving the minister's wife, and while wandering aimlessly fell into the pond.

FEEDS TYPHOID PATIENTS.

Practice of Starving Them Is Detrimental, Dr. Coleman Declares.

Dr. Warren Coleman, a physician of this city, has quite upset the modern theory of the diet in typhoid fever in an article contributed to The Journal of the American Medical Association. His observations are based on the study of forty-six cases. His arguments tend to show that the common practice of partial starvation in the treatment of typhoid cases is highly detrimental to the patient's welfare.

It declares that it is absolutely necessary to supply food enough to cover the energy expenditures of the sufferer. The amount of food he thinks necessary is estimated on the basis of forty calories per kilogramme of body weight each day.

The diet used by Dr. Coleman consists chiefly of milk, cream, milk sugar, and eggs, together with a small quantity of stale bread or toast, and as much butter as the patient wants. The average daily quantity of food given was about one and a half quarts of milk, from one to two pints of cream, from a half to two-thirds pounds of milk sugar, and from three to six eggs.

WRIGHT UP IN 12-MILE WIND.

Starts Without Weights and Descends with Motor Shut Off.

COLLEGE PARK, Md., Nov. 2.—Taking his biplane into the air in a twelve-mile wind without the assistance of the starting weights was the feature of Wilbur Wright's flight on the Government aviation field to-day.

Just before 5 o'clock Mr. Wright made the first trip of the day, remaining in the air only about two minutes. A second flight of about the same duration was made just as darkness was coming on, Mr. Wright taking with him Lieut. Lahm. They ascended to a height of seventy-five feet, at which altitude the engine was stopped and the biplane gracefully glided to the ground.

EIGHTEEN DROWN IN ECUADOR

Ferryboat Just Launched Capsizes on Its Trial Trip.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Nov. 2.—A new ferryboat launched yesterday capsized during its trial trip to-day. Eighteen of the twenty-two passengers aboard were drowned.

The boat had been in service about an hour.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

GUAYAQUIL, Nov. 2.—The arbitration treaty between Ecuador and the United States was approved by Congress to-day.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 2.—Nicholas Tschaikovsky, the revolutionary leader, who has been at liberty under bail pending trial for complicity in acts of terrorism, has been rearrested.

KIEFF, Nov. 2.—One hundred and eight horses belonging to the stud of Count Tyshkevitch, one of the finest in Russia, perished [illegible] The fire is said to have

ZELAYA REPORTS VICTORIES.

Says Nicaraguan Rebels Have Been Beaten Twice—Honduras Aids Him.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Two victories over the revolutionary troops were claimed by President Zelaya of Nicaragua in dispatches to-day to Senor Rodriguez, Charge d'Affaires of the Nicaraguan Legation in this city. The first message said the revolutionary troops abandoned Guapinol, on the Rama River, yesterday on the approach of the regular forces. The second dispatch said the revolutionists had been defeated at the mouth of the San Carlos River and that the Government troops had started on a march to Greytown.

The first authentic information that any of the Central American States had openly taken sides in the contest in Nicaragua reached the State Department to-day. A telegram stated that the representatives of the Lagunda de Perlas Fruit Company, an American concern, had complained to the legation at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, that the Government of Honduras had detained a gasoline launch, the property of the company, flying the Nicaraguan flag, which left Bluefields, after the revolution had started, for Puerto Cortez for fuel.

Apparently, the dispatch says, the Government of Honduras acted on the assumption that the launch belonged to the Nicaraguan revolutionists. The ship's papers were reported to be regular. It is reported that one Nicaraguan revolutionist was a passenger. There is an impression that the Government of Honduras is very favorable to Zelaya, and there are rumors that men, arms, and money are being sent from Honduras to his assistance.

In view of this action of the Honduran Government, attention is called to Article 2 of the additional convention of the general treaty of peace and amity signed at Washington on Dec. 20, 1907, which reads:

> No Government of Central America shall, in case of civil war, intervene in favor of or against the Government of the country where the struggle takes place.

What action if any will be taken by the other nations signing the Washington convention in case the violation of the agreement by Honduras is fully established does not appear, the State Department at this time declining to discuss the matter.

FIGHTS OFF BULL WITH AXE.

Harkey Probably Saved the Life of Helpless Man on the Ground.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 2.—When a big bull deserted the farm of Henry Becker in Roseland yesterday to trespass on the land of Mrs. Horace Osborne adjoining, August Becker, a brother of Henry, followed to drive the bull back. The bull charged, and Becker turned and ran.

The animal overtook the man and tossed him ten feet in the air. Becker fell in a helpless heap on the ground. Then the bull rolled him over and over, playing with him as a cat does with a mouse. Bernard Harkey saw Becker's plight and, seizing an axe, ran to his help. Harkey swung the axe and brought it down on the bull's head with all his force. The blow knocked the bull to the ground, but it staggered to its feet and, neglecting Becker, charged Harkey.

The man stood his ground and again dealt the bull a stunning blow on the head. The animal fell, but managed to regain its feet after a moment. The fight was taken out of it, however, and it staggered away.

Harkey and Henry Becker, who had run up, carried August to his home, where Dr. Edward H. Peck of Caldwell treated him. Becker had a broken arm, severe cuts and bruises, and internal injuries.

The bull, which was almost dead from Harkey's blows, was killed later.

SAW MISSING MINISTER.

Friend Writes Mr. Vanderbeek Was in London in September.

News has been received in Newark, N. J., that the Rev. Henry C. Vanderbeek, formerly of this city, but who dropped out of sight last July in Europe, was seen in London, England, as late as Sept. 19. This information came in a letter from Henry Rabke to his mother, who lives at 262 Van Buren Street, Newark. Rabke, who is studying music abroad, was well acquainted with the minister. He says in his letter that he was with Vanderbeek on Sept. 19, and had an appointment to meet him during the following week.

Miss Alice M. Fletcher, a school teacher of Newark, says she met Mr. Vanderbeek in the streets of London while she was abroad with a party of friends late in August. She and her friends talked with Vanderbeek, but he told them nothing of his plans.

His parents, who live at Tenafly, N. J., have not heard from him since July. They will now try to get in communication with him through Rabke, whose mother has given to them her son's address.

TUBERCULOSIS CAMP READY.

New Department of the New York Throat Hospital Opens To-night.

The new department at the New York Throat, Nose, and Lung Hospital, 229 East Fifty-seventh Street, for the treatment of tuberculosis at night, was opened for inspection yesterday afternoon. To-night the admission of patients will begin.

The department is really to be a night camp of those in the early stages of the disease who cannot afford to leave the city, and have to work in the daytime. It is in a remodeled building next to the hospital. This building was once a synagogue. The walls of the building have been honeycombed with windows turning on pivots, making ventilation easy and thorough. Even the roof is hardly more than an accumulation of windows or ventilators, thus providing practically an open camp for the patients to sleep in, but which may be closed in stormy weather. The dormitory is to be known as the Emma Calve ward of the hospital.

Among those who have contributed are Gov. Hughes, Clarence H. Mackay, Miss Geraldine Farrar, Mayor McClellan, Benjamin N. Duke, Frank A. Munsey, Paul Morton, Thomas F. Ryan, August Belmont, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Paul D. Cravath, and Mme. Lillian Nordica.

AGAINST CATHOLIC BOYCOTT.

Appeal to French Republicans to Defend Public Schools.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Deputy Dessoye, President of the Educational League, to-day issued an appeal to Republicans of all shades of opinion to defend the public school system against the Catholic boycott. He considers the situation serious, as a result of the course of the Church in engaging actively in politics in the attempt to regain its lost privileges.

The Duke of Orleans to-day issued a manifesto cordially supporting the action of the French Episcopate in condemning certain textbooks displeasing to Catholics.

If you want employment, see Page 11.

SHOOTS WIFE AND HER FATHER

Woodworker Takes Revenge Because She Had Left Him.

Two months ago Frederick Miller, a woodworker, living at 104 Suffolk Street, lost his job, and his wife, Amelia, charging that he made no effort to get another, left him and went with their four children to the home of her father, John Scealn, a watchman, at the fot of Twenty-seventh Street, South Brooklyn. Miller says he received no answer to his many letters urging her to return to him, except a threat from his father-in-law to shoot him if he visited her.

Yesterday Miller appeared at the Brooklyn home while the family was at breakfast, called his wife to the front door, and after an altercation shot her in the left breast with a revolver in the presence of his mother-in-law and his four children. The woman's father, pursuing Miller with a club in the back yard immediately afterward, was turned upon and shot dead through the heart.

Miller threw away the weapon, but surrendered to Policeman Stapf of the Fourth Avenue Station and citizens who rushed from a near by police station. When arraigned before Magistrate Geismar, Miller pleaded guilty to charges of homicide and felonious assault, saying that he had been under the influence of liquor and did not realize what he was doing.

Mrs. Miller was removed to the Norwegian Hospital, where she identified Miller, when he was brought before her, as the one who had shot her. She begged that no mercy be shown to him. At the hospital it was said that she could not recover.

LIGHTER CARETAKER SHOT.

Men Entice Him from His Cabin and Fire as His Head Appears Above Deck.

Samuel Erickson, caretaker of the Erie Railroad lighter No. 501, was shot last night between the eyes as he was ascending the hatchway to investigate the dropping of a stick down the hatchway into the cabin. A short time before he had chased, he told the police, five men from the dock at Twenty-eighth Street and North River, where the lighter docks. He was sitting in his cabin when the stick of wood dropped on the floor. He started up the hatchway, and as his head appeared above the level of the deck a man on the dock fired a pistol, and then, with three companions, took to his heels. The bullet struck Erickson between the eyes and he dropped to the cabin floor.

Capt. John Erickson of the Terminal Warehouse Company's lighter Jack, which was moored near the Erie lighter, heard the shot and saw four men running down the dock. He gave chase but failed to catch the men. He got near enough, however, to note that the man who fired was about 18 and was dressed in dark blue clothes and a soft hat.

Capt. Erickson called a policeman, who summoned Dr. Leighton from New York Hospital. Dr. Leighton removed the wounded man to that institution, where it is said he will die.

R. L. Thomas on the Road to Recovery

Robert L. Thomas, the Kentucky horseman, who was stabbed at the Sheepshead Bay track Sunday by his jockey, Carroll Schilling, was removed yesterday to a private house near that of his physician, Dr. Frank M. Lyne, at Sheepshead Bay. Dr. Lyne said last night that his patient was steadily improving.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY

FOR NOVEMBER

CONFESSIONS OF A BEST SELLER

The author of a round half dozen "best sellers" tells how the trick is done.

THE DEATH OF LINCOLN

The most detailed contemporary account in existence of this momentous event from the Diary of GIDEON WELLES.

TREADMILL JUSTICE

BY

GEORGE W. ALGER

A spirited arraignment of our outworn legal methods.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1910

THE DECLINE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE PRESS

Able articles by practical men on a subject of national importance.

JAPANESE CORRESPONDENCE OF LAFCADIO HEARN

"The exquisite delicacy of Japan." says *The Nation*, "lives under Hearn's magic touch." Several installments of these letters will appear.

GIDEON WELLES' DIARY OF THE RECONSTRUCTION PERIOD

The innermost history of the days of reconstruction and the impeachment of Andrew Johnson.

THE WESTERN TRAILS

Picturesque stories of the romance of the great American Trails.

THE BATTLE OF THE WILDERNESS

General Schaff will continue in 1910 his striking account of the death struggle in the Wilderness.

A NEW SERIES OF PRATT PORTRAITS

By ANNA FULLER

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By ELIZABETH ROBINS PENNELL

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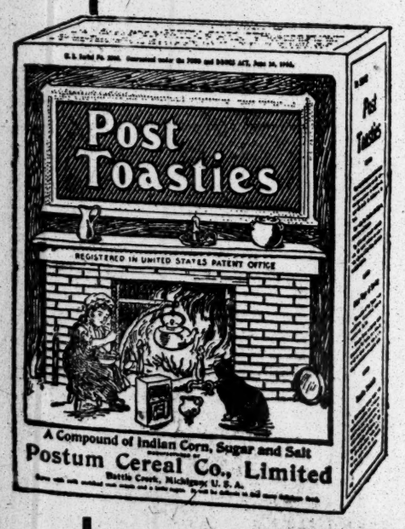
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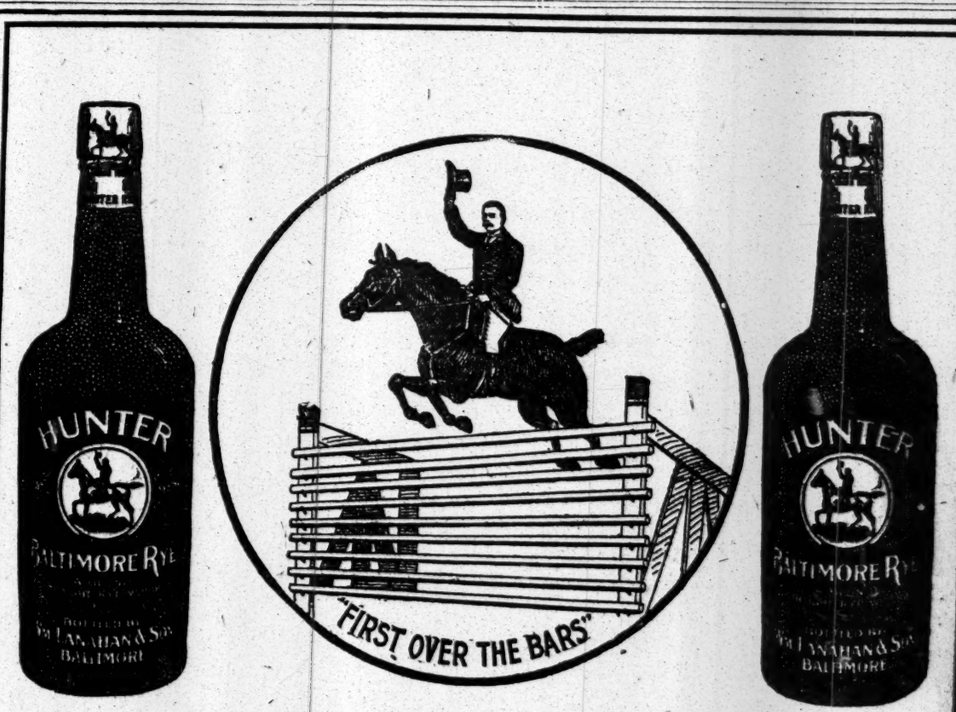

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MARS DIGGING MORE CANALS, SAYS LOWELL

Appearance of New Ones Suggests System Is Undergoing Construction or Adaptation.

HAS BEEN NO CATACLYSM

Planet Closely Observed from Flagstaff Since April Showed More Haze, but Nothing Sensational.

Special to The New York Times.

FLAGSTAFF, Arizona, Nov. 2.—At the request of the editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES the Lowell Observatory telegraphs that the recent sensational reports, both negative and positive, about Mars have no basis in fact.

The planet has been assiduously observed here since April 8. The south polar snows had then just begun to melt, and the whole process of their disintegration and the effects have since been carefully kept under observation. In June and July the great evaporation caused a general dimming of the planet features, due undoubtedly to the excessive Spring haze. No local obscuration was at any time visible anywhere, so that the presence of cloud or cataclysm is precluded.

This haze corroborates the spectroscopic detection here of water vapor in the atmosphere of Mars. The proof of this has been published, and is so evident that it can readily be seen by everybody, even in the reproduction of the plates. It was secured by Winter observations, it being well known to meterologists that Summer observations even at the highest altitudes are untrustworthy owing to the moisture in the earth's atmosphere being then at its maximum, (see Prof. Bigelow publications of the United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, W. B. No. 344, page 19, 1905,) and swamping the contrast upon which the determination depends.

Failure to corroborate, especially when owing to mistaken conditions, is no warrant for sensationalism. The development of the canal system has progressed regularly down the disk from April to the present moment. It has not yet reached the light regions where the canals are usually most conspicuous, and failure to see has led to the supposition that something peculiar was going on. As the lower canals have developed the upper ones have faded. All this is in accordance with the law of development detected here.

The only points of special interest in this connection beyond the corroboration of theory thus afforded have been the great amount of Martian haze and the apparent lateness this year of the Martian season. Visual observations and photographs agree in this.

No true projections have yet been detected here. Those so far observed and the only one reported from abroad are clearly due to irradiation only of bright regions between dark ones on the runrise limb. One set of observations, however, have been pregnant. Canals never before seen have appeared, notably to the east of the Syrtis, conspicuous and persistent. These also have been photographed.

This very important detection shows that what we see as canals is undergoing construction or adaptation at the present moment.

PERCIVAL LOWELL,
Director Lowell Observatory.

SHACKLETON TO PHYSICIANS.

Explorer Learned Much of Interest to Medical Science in the Antarctic.

Lieut. Shackleton, the anarctic explorer, delivered the inaugural lecture at the Winter session of the Middlesex Hospital Medical School recently. The London correspondent of The New York Medical Journal writes that the explorer said a great many things of interest to medical science were learned in the anarctic.

One of the most interesting discoveries, from a medical point of view, was that the retifers, creatures which lived in a temperature of 50 to 60 degrees below zero, yet were none the worse for being subjected to a heat of 100 or 200 degrees.

In his expedition they had with them three medical men, and no deaths occurred. One man lost an eye and another a big toe, the operation being performed successfuly under trying conditions. The temperature of the members of the expedition also varied considerably, falling as low as 93 and 94 degrees Fahrenheit, but going up to normal after meals.

"They never caught cold in Polar regions until they opened a bale of clothing which had been packed in England. The germs were thus introduced into the antarctic, and those who remained indoors after putting on the clothes suffered from cold, while those who went out in the open did not.

MISS NEW YORK DECAYING.

Statue of Civic Righteousness Going to Pieces with the Campaign.

"Miss New York," sometimes called the Plaster Purity, who has been put on a pedestal in Times Square to represent civic righteousness defying those who accuse the City Government of waste and graft, seems about to topple over as the campaign closes.

Her foundation, snowy white, appeared at first a fitting emblem of civic righteousness, strong and solid looking, as though built of blocks of stone. But now it is rotting fast, and pieces are littering the streets—flimsy material of dirt and straw, whose inward is an ugly gray.

You could see yesterday, even from the window of a street car, that this pedestal that looked like solid stone is hollow. And if you looked closely—as many did yesterday—passing by in the square, you could see that what really held up the statue was a cheap wooden framework, crooked and unvarnished.

It is hard to tell what did it. Miss New York was equipped with a shield to protect herself against splander, and apparently it has done that, for the only mud about her is on that shield. But she was protected from slander only, and from nothing else.

As the campaign has run on she has grown steadily more dilapidated. The gray of the thin material inside shows through the white that looked substantial. You can see her rickety supports inside these flimsy walls, and lying among the framework at her base a considerable amount of dirt and rubbish.

ANTI-SALOON VOTE IS VOID.

Litchfield, Conn., to Become Wet Again Because Officials Disobeyed Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Nov. 2.—The excise election held on Oct. 4 in Litchfield was declared void to-day by Judge George W. Wheeler of the Superior Court because officials of that town did not obey the statutes. The court finds that notice of the town meeting was not given five days prior to the meeting and that the Selectmen failed to notify the voters that a vote would be taken on the license question, as the law directs.

As a result of the decision, Litchfield, which voted by fifty-two majority to oust the saloons, will continue in the wet column for another year, at least.

PROOFS OF ANCIENT SURGERY.

Skulls Were Trephined to Allow the "Demons" to Escape.

Dr. Herman Pomeranz of this city in the course of an article on "The Infancy of the Practice of Medicine and Surgery" in The New York Medical Journal, says the curative instinct aboriginally bestowed upon man is nothing else than the eternal, the universal instinct of self-preservation. It is highly probable that primaeval giants maimed in encounters with mastodons or marauding warriors, retired to rest and to heal their broken limbs in the solitude of their caves or beneath the shade of high mountain trees. Also instinctively and of necessity they must have abstained from food, thus assisting in a "cure."

In describing some curiosities of medical and surgical practice, Dr. Pomeranz says:

"About thirty-four years ago Dr. Prunières made some curious discoveries in the Baumnes-Chaudes caves—immense prehistoric burial grounds—situated in the valley of the Torn, part of the district of Lozère, France. He found a few hundred skeletons which revealed, upon examination, healed fractures, trephined skulls and in some instances the weapon which caused the wound and the death of the individual. Dr. Prunières a year later, in an admirable report to the French Anthropological Society, in session then at Lyons, described his findings in detail. He presented from his collection one of the parietal bones of a human skull with a trepanned area, into which a disk of bone, thicker and darker than the parietal itself, had been fashioned. Similar discoveries were soon made in Copiapo, Chile, and in Madisonville, Ohio. Up to 1888 over 200 of these perforated crania or portions thereof were collected by Prunières, Broca, M. de Baye, and others.

"The trephining in most cases was evidently performed post mortem, but in others the ante mortem operation did not appear to have had any fatal effect. The edges of the trepanned area showed evidences of having healed during the life of the individual. Trepanning was probably performed by boring a number of holes circularly, and then chiseling away the bone by means of sharp-pointed flint instruments. Every part of the skull, even the frontal bone, has been found trepanned.

"Various theories have been advanced to account for the practice. The suggestion has been made that it was performed in honor of some deity as a religious rite. Broca gives it as his supposition that in most cases the operation was performed on epileptics, the insane, and those suffering from chronic headaches. A hole was scraped in the patient's skull to permit the supposed aetiological demon to escape. The disk of bone excised was used as an amulet.

"Self-mutilation in mourning for relatives is carried to a great extreme in the New Hebrides. If a child is sick the parents cut off the last phalanx as an offering to the gods. For this reason, says Wood, there is hardly a person in Tonga who has not lost a considerable portion of the little finger of one or both hands. The operation is crudely performed. The finger is placed upon a flat block of wood or stone and the edges of a knife or axe placed on it. A terrific blow with a mallet is given. The bleeding stump is held over a fire, the intense heat of which acts as a haemostatic. The Tongans, strange as it may seem, do not dread the operation. In severe cases of illness, instead of the amputation of a little finger, a child is strangled as an offering to the gods."

Here are some of the "sure cures" of superstition:

"Jaundice becomes incurable if a yellow-legged hen flies over the patient, but is cured by looking into black cart grease.

"Break a loaf of bread over the heads of children who learn to speak with difficulty.

"Let a mother go three Sundays successively out of the church in silence and blow each time into the mouth of her child, and it will get its teeth easy.

"Blue cornflowers gathered on Corpus Christi Sunday stop the bleeding of the nose if they are held in the hand till they are warm.

"A woman can cure her earache by binding a man's stocking around her head.

"He who has the hiccup let him plunge a naked knife into a can of beer and take a good draught of it at one breath; he will then be cured.

"If a child fall off in its health, bind a thread of red silk around its neck; then catch a mouse, draw a thread of the same silk through its skin across its back-bone and let it run away. As the mouse wastes away the child will improve."

BOY RAN AWAY TO FARM.

Wanted to be a "Long Island Farmer"—Found in Flushing.

The police have found a twelve-year-old Washington boy, who ran away from home to be a "farmer on Long Island," in Flushing. The boy says he is David Notter of 1348 Fourth Street, Washington, D. C. His parents have been communicated with, and the lad will be held until they arrive.

Detectives Fitzgibbons and Cassidy saw the little fellow yesterday asleep in a doorway on Main Street, and when they awakened him he told his story of having run away with $10 in his pocket. He said he was looking for a job as a "farmer," but that he had looked so long that he spent all his money. As he was tired and hungry, he lay down and fell asleep.

Magistrate Fitch ordered the boy sent to the Children's Aid Society until word is received from his parents in Washington.

FOUND DYING IN A DOORWAY.

Old Woman, Ill of Pneumonia and Starvation, Had No Home.

An elderly, poorly dressed woman, who said she was Mrs. Anna Peat, was found early yesterday dying of pneumonia, brought on by starvation and exposure, in the doorway of a house at 366 Grand Street, Williamsburg. She had no home. Policeman Waters of the Bedford Avenue Station saw her lying there and spoke to her. She told him feebly that she knew she was dying and asked to be left alone. Waters sent to the Eastern District Hospital for an ambulance, and, pending the arrival of a doctor, questioned Mrs. Peat. She told him that the members of her family had died, and that she had had no home for more than two years.

She was taken to the hospital.

Indoor Baseball in the Schools.

Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Director of Physical Training in the public schools, is seriously considering introducing indoor baseball into the curriculum of sports. There are several difficulties in the way, however, among them being that of finding suitable buildings where sufficient light and space may be obtained. Dr. Crampton announces that free classes in folk dancing and athletics for public school teachers will be established on next Monday in De Witt Clinton High School and Schools 177, 119, and 40 in Manhattan, in the Brooklyn Training School and the Manual Training High School, Brooklyn; Morris High School in the Bronx, and in School 89 in Queens. Certificates of attendance and proficiency will be issued.

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SAYS WESTERN GIRLS ARE THE STRONGEST

Trades Union Head Thinks They Are More Vigorous Than Those in the East.

THEY ARE BETTER LEADERS

Chicago Factory Girls Fought Their Cause in the Legislature and Won a Ten-Hour Day.

The factory girls of New York, in spite of the fact that they are now better protected in their working conditions, are inferior in physical strength and organization to the Western girls in the opinion of Mrs. Raymond Robins, President of the National Women's Trades Union League. Mrs. Robins last week left Illinois, where a fierce fight is on for a ten-hour day for women, just long enough to represent the working women of America at the reception to Mrs. Pankhurst at Carnegie Hall last Monday evening.

"The physical superiority of the Western factory girl was never more conspicuously apparent than at our recent conference at Chicago," said Mrs. Robins during her brief stay here. "All the Western girls were much stronger than the girls in the New York delegation. The Chicago girls have worse working conditions, but this is the first generation to be exploited, and they are still vigorous.

"The women in New York have suffered trade exploitation for too many generations, and their vitality has been sapped. I don't think the Western girls will come to that. There is more good native American blood out there, and they are fighting for their own protection. Although this is only the first generation of girls at factory work, they are far better organized than the girls here, and the further west you go the better is the organization."

Mrs. Robins is a New York woman, a member of the Drier family of Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, which has done so much for working girls here. Her sister, Miss Mary Drier, is President of the New York Women's Trades Union League.

Although New York would not be considered an industrial paradise by reformers, compared with some of the Chicago conditions described by Mrs. Robins at the league headquarters, 43 West Twenty-second Street, this city, seems almost a haven of refuge in comparison.

Except for a few brief months last Summer, between the passing of the now famous ten-hour law, known commonly as the "Girls' Bill," and the date when Judge Richard Tuthill granted an injunction against it, there was and is nothing to limit the number of hours for girls over 16. Children under that age are mercifully limited to eight hours, in factories, laundries, and mechanical establishments, but outside of this there is no limit.

The clerks on the elevated railroads work twelve hours a day, seven days a week, just like laborers in the Pittsburg steel mills. These girls handle tickets at the rate of 1,400 an hour.

The 3,000 girls who sew ham bags in the stockyards regularly do eleven hours a day and more in the rush season. Laundresses are worked straight through the night on Thursdays and Fridays. More than this, there is no extra pay for overtime, unless 25 cents supper money can be counted as such, and during the present season preparing for the Christmas sales, girls are worked all day on Sundays "without a cent of pay except 10 cents carfare," Mrs. Robins said.

"Possibly the worst single instance," said Mrs. Robins, "is in a book bindery, where some of the old foot-power machinery is still retained. One of the machines requires 30,000 foot impressions a day. We have investigated the record of that machine, and find that every girl who has kept at it for more than three months has completely ruined her health.

"And yet they say we women have no right to help make the laws."

Needless to say, Mrs. Robins is a zealous woman suffragist, believing that the working women of the country need the ballot to protect themselves.

"The unorganized working woman is the worst underbidder in the market. She lowers the wages in her own home, then marries and has to struggle with the decreased income."

The leader of the Chicago girls is a glovemaker, Agnes Nestor by name, who at 25 is the only woman Secretary of the International Federation of Labor. Miss Nestor Mrs. Robins considers the type of the first generation factory girl, with still energy and pluck enough to fight. Coming from a good Irish-American working home, she was forced to go to work at the age of 13, because the long illness and consequent unemployment of her father brought the home to the verge of starvation.

Miss Nestor became a glovemaker, and organized the girls in her own trade so well that not only their wages but the wages of the men in it were raised. She led the campaign for the ten-hour law before the Legislature with the aid only of the other working girls.

It was the pluck and intelligence displayed by these girls that gave the bill its nickname and aroused the public sentiment of Illinois to such an extent that Judge Tuthill, who granted the injunction against the law, has felt forced to give a public account of his reasons and intentions in the Chicago newspapers.

"Now," said Mrs. Robins, "the Southern manufacturers are doing all they can to defeat the Illinois law. They seem to regard it as a test case, which, if upheld by the Supreme Court there, will soon be applied to their own States. Michigan has a fifty-four-hour a week law to go into operation next January, which will be vitally affected by the Illinois decision. However, since the United States Supreme Court upheld unanimously the Oregon ten-hour law, we feel reasonably confident."

The Chicago girls were aiming at an eight-hour limit, but on the advice of their leaders, compromised on a ten-hour bill, so that it could be patterned exactly after the Oregon law which the United States Supreme Court approved.

Louis Brandeis, who prepared the brief for the Consumers' League in the former instance, is being retained by States Attorney Wayburn to present the Illinois case. The strength of the brief lay in the statistics given to prove that overlong factory hours were destructive to the health of the workers.

These figures were gathered from Europe and America, for Mr. Brandeis, by Miss Pauline Goldmark, of New York City, and Miss Goldmark has gone to Chicago to gather some new Illinois material to add to the display which convinced the Judges in Washington.

"As for the Illinois Supreme Court," said Mrs. Robins, "we are not trying to influence the Judges—we are trying to wake them up."

POSSE SURROUNDS YEGGMEN.

Believes It Has Rounded Up Gang Active in the White Mountains.

Special to The New York Times.

THORNTON, N. H., Nov. 2.—One hundred men, headed by a dozen deputies and constables, believe they have surrounded in a wood north of the West Thornton Railroad Station the three men who robbed the Profile House and Summer homes and farm houses. Each of the robbers carries a rifle and revolvers. Both posse and robbers have declared they will shoot to kill.

For several days reports as far north as Franconia have been sent from farm house to farm house over the telephone lines that a band of young yeggmen was working southward pillaging. They have broken into Summer hotels closed for the Winter, lonely farm houses, and general stores in the villages of Franconia, Lincoln, Johnson, Woodstock, and elsewhere.

Several persons, including the policeman at Johnson and John Bemis of the Woodstock Lumber Company at Thornton, have seen and talked with the men believed to be the thieves. Bemis talked with them in the road north of the railroad station at Thornton to-day. He says that they denied all knowledge of the robberies, but he is sure from their description they are the men wanted. The leader is 30 years old and more than 6 feet tall.

Chief of Police Peter Fontaine of Woodstock, Deputy Mitchell of Lincoln, Chief of Police Cary of Lincoln, and Chief of Police Chapell of Johnson, with all the men they can scrape together, are leading the hunt. Hardly an able-bodied man remains indoors in the little village of Thornton.

Miss A. H. Kendall, only a few months out of the high school, and the station mistress at West Thornton, is guarding the station alone to-night, while all of her family have gone with rifles into the thick pine groves a mile north of the station.

EVELYN THAW'S DISCOVERY.

Finds Husband's Picture in Rogues' Gallery—Admits It Looks Natural.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, with two men friends, visited Police Headquarters last night and for a time heard the election returns. Finally the young woman expressed a desire to look over the building, and after wandering through a few rooms was taken to the room where the Rogues' Gallery is stored.

The gallery of women criminals was exhibited to her, and then a policeman began to turn over the big folders of the regular gallery. Mrs. Thaw glanced curiously at the photographs of Black Hand men, thieves, thugs, and murderers, and finally uttered an exclamation. She had turned a page which revealed the face of Harry Kendall Thaw.

"My goodness!" exclaimed the young woman, "is he here yet? I thought his picture had been taken out."

"Looks natural, doesn't he?" suggested one of the men with her, and young Mrs. Thaw admitted that the picture was a good likeness.

She tired quickly of the gallery, and after listening to a few more returns the party entered a taxicab and drove uptown.

SUFFRAGISTS AT BRIARCLIFF.

Mrs. Belmont Tells Them Why Women Should Have the Franchise.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIARCLIFF MANOR, N. Y., Nov. 2—A woman's suffrage meeting was held in the new ballroom of the Briarcliff Lodge this afternoon. The speakers were Miss Harriet A. Mills, Vice President of the State Woman's Suffrage Association, and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont. Miss Mary Bannister Willard occupied the chair. Half of the audience were men. A petition asking for an amendment to the Constitution allowing women to vote was signed by thirty-one women. Mrs. Belmont said:

"In this county I see three classes of women—first, women with the idea that some man must support them; secondly, women who find out that they have to do everything that man does not want to do, and, thirdly, women who are self-supporting, self-reliant, women who fulfill all requirements for their own independence and expect to burden no man, asking for equal rights and dividing their obligations as citizens and determined to meet them.

"Where women vote men are more mindful of their duties to the State. If women voted in New York to-day the best men would be elected. Women have proved their fitness to vote by their success as educators and by their power to earn money and manage property. They are to-day large taxpayers, and they are forced to bear the results of bad government."

Mrs. William W. Baldwin was sponsor for to-day's meeting.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Capt. J. D. Taylor, Jr., Paymaster, upon arrival at San Francisco, proceed to Portland, Ore., for duty.

Capt. C. N. Jones, Third Field Artillery, detailed as member of the examining board to meet at Fort Myer, Va., for examination of candidates for appointment as Second Lieutenants in the Philippines Scouts, vice Capt. F. B. Hennessy, Third Field Artillery.

First Lieut. W. C. Jones, Thirteenth Infantry, detailed for service in the Signal Corps, vice First Lieut. F. P. Lahm.

Major E. S. Benton, Coast Artillery, to home preparatory to retirement.

First Lieut. G. H. White, Sixteenth Infantry, assume charge of construction work at Fort Crook, Neb., relieving Capt. J. F. Gohn, Sixteenth Infantry.

Capt. J. F. McKinley, Eleventh Cavalry, assisted by Veterinarian A. McDonald, Eleventh Cavalry, will make such visits as may be necessary to Cincinnati, Ohio, to inspect animals.

Capt. A. B. Gatewood, Ordnance, to Fort Rodman, Mass., to inspect guns.

Capt. G. T. Langhorne, Eleventh Cavalry, relieved from further operation of orders, Oct. 20, and will return to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

Capt. M. L. McGrew, Eleventh Infantry, detailed member of examining board to meet at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, for examination of candidates for appointment as Second Lieutenant in the Philippines Scout, vice Capt. L. L. Lawson, Fourth Field Artillery.

Major C. Lynch, Medical Corps, to New York City to attend meeting of the Medical Association of Greater New York, Nov. 16, and take part in the discussion in a paper on "Nurses and Nursing, with Some Recommendations for Their Betterment."

The Navy.

Commander H. E. Parmenter, retired, to home.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Viper at Norfolk, Rocket at Washington, Stringham, Du Pont, Shubrick, and Biddle at Savannah.

Sailed—Eagle from Key West for Guantanamo, Saturn from Guyaquil for Panama, Castine, Dixie, Tarantula, and Plunger, from Hampton Roads for Charleston, Samar from Hongkong for West River.

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THREATEN TO EXPEL THE STETSONITES

Mother Church in Boston May Excommunicate Those Who Have Defied It.

MRS. STETSON'S ATTITUDE

Her Statement Avowing Loyalty to Mrs. Eddy Said to be a Move to Save Herself.

Excommunication threatens several of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson's former adherents and practitioners who were admonished by the Mother Church in Boston at the time Mrs. Stetson herself was shorn of her power in the affairs of First Church of Christ, Scientist.

This became known yesterday, when an official of the Mother Church, at present in this city, learned that most of the sixteen practitioners who were ordered not to practice several weeks ago continued treating their patients.

It also came out that Mrs. Stetson was before the Committee of Inquiry in the board room of the First Church from 9 o'clock Monday night until an early hour yesterday morning giving her side of the controversy which has arisen in the church since charges of her mental malpractice were acted upon by the Mother Church directors last month.

About 30 Witnesses Called.

Most of the congregation supposed that she would not be called, as it has been charged that the inquiry set in motion by the First Church was merely an effort to shield Mrs. Stetson.

About thirty witnesses have been examined in all. Some of them were excused after having answered only half a dozen questions concerning what they knew personally of Mrs. Stetson's alleged practice of treating persons without their consent. This charge is one of the most serious made against her. Coupled with it were the assertions by several of her former students and practitioners that she strove by mind force to exert an undue influence over those in the congregation who were treated without having asked for her treatment.

Several of her former practitioners have testified to this before the committee of inquiry. One of these was Mrs. Margaret Beecher White, a granddaughter of Henry Ward Beecher. She is said to have been treated somewhat harshly by members of the committee of inquiry.

Mrs. White was asked if she carried out instructions from Mrs. Stetson to exert a mental influence over those who were selected for absent treatment by the former head of First Church. Mrs. White told the committee that although Mrs. Stetson on many occasions had ordered her classes of practitioners to exert absent treatment on those who had not expressed a wish to be treated, she had always refrained from doing so.

Mrs. White, it is understood, was one of those who went on to Boston to testify before the Mother Church directors just before the order was issued depriving Mrs. Stetson of her power. While Mrs. White was testifying before the committee of inquiry here she was interrogated by Hayne Davis, one of the admonished practitioners, who was chosen by the First Church trustees to carry out the investigation.

Although nothing concerning the continued practicing of the admonished practitioners has come before the committee of inquiry, the Mother Church official in this city said yesterday that evidence of their disobedience has been gathered from another source and sent on to the Mother Church officials. The usual penalty for such disobedience of a Mother Church mandate is excommunication.

Mrs. Stetson Alarmed.

It was said yesterday by those who are in close touch with the inner circle of First Church that Mrs. Stetson's statement of Monday night, in which she said she had bowed to the will of the Mother Church directors, was inspired by the fear that she too, might be excommunicated. While she has refrained from practicing or teaching since she was admonished, the other practitioners who were admonished with her and have defied the admonition are staunch followers of Mrs. Stetson and are supposed to have been acting under her instructions. It was said that Mrs. Stetson learned of this latest evidence which has been placed before the Mother Church officials, and that by the hurried issuance of her statement she sought to save herself from excommunication.

Mrs. Stetson's statement has intensified the bitter feeling against her in the First Church congregation. Her opponents say that if her attitude had been all along such as she indicated in her statement she could have relieved the church of great embarrassment long ago. They say that she has allowed the church to be held up to ridicule for three weeks unnecessarily.

Many members of the congregation say that the statement in which Mrs. Stetson vows she is more devoted to the cause of Christian Science now than ever, was issued at the eleventh hour merely to placate the congregation so that she may gracefully retire without further censure at the congregational meeting which has been called for to-morrow at 2 P. M.

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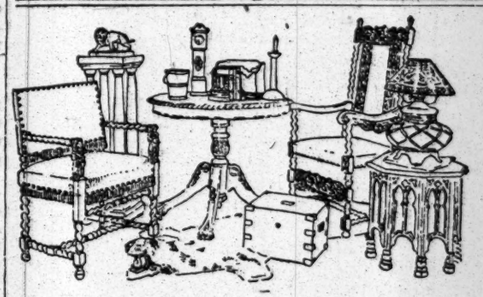

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 3, 1909.

THE ELECTION OF MR. GAYNOR.

Not to wish the new Mayor well would be to wish the city ill. It would be a poor political philosophy that would accept disappointment in that perverse spirit. THE TIMES had hoped for the defeat of Mr. GAYNOR, for the election of Mr. BANNARD. The voters of New York City have decided otherwise. We sincerely hope that the fruits of the Gaynor Administration during the next four years may justify their judgment. If it is not so justified it will be bad for them. It will count against the theory that the people are the best judges of their own affairs, and through popular suffrage are able to order them for the best.

Not only for the sake of the people but for Judge GAYNOR'S sake, we trust that his official action may be guided by wisdom and sound judgment, that he may in all the essentials be a successful Mayor, and may win the confidence and the approbation of right-thinking men. We congratulate the Judge most heartily upon his election for the opportunity it presents to him. Had this canvass ended in defeat, he would not at its end have stood so well before the community as at its beginning. He did not win the admiration or the applause of the judicious, he made it hard, very hard, for the few newspapers that supported his candidacy. It was an intermittent support, and with reservations. But his errors of form and manner and utterance have been condoned by the people, and now in the high office to which they have raised him he will have the opportunity to prove his quality. After all, it is a Supreme Court Judge whom the people have taken for their Mayor. He was put on the bench because of worthy achievements that won their confidence. Everybody will hope that by what we may call a reversion to his early manner he will quite regain the place he once held in the general esteem.

It is, in fact, a great opportunity. But if he is to avail himself of that opportunity in its fullness, he must do some things of which his campaign speeches gave little promise and refrain from doing others to which he has seemed to be half committed. To begin with, he must break with Tammany or his reputation will sink lower instead of rising higher. That is a blunt way to put it, but it is the absolute truth. A reform Mayor of this city was once told by a moralist in politics that ingratitude was a political virtue. On Mr. GAYNOR'S part, gratitude toward Tammany that takes the form of giving it the opportunities it craves will be his ruin. He must break with Tammany and cast it out utterly, because Tammany is organized vice. There is no compromise with vice. An ex-Judge of the Supreme Court must know that, and the fostering of vice, the promotion of vice, the opportunities and gains of vice will be the real motive of every overture made to him by Tammany for place, privilege, and power.

For another thing, Mr. GAYNOR should with a wary mind re-examine his campaign utterances in praise of a Mayor who could wink both eyes, about the tyranny of interference with the pleasures of the people, and all that pestilent sort of thing. Judge GAYNOR may be very sure that those utterances won him the vote of every criminal in town, of every divekeeper, of every grafter and gambler. But, surely, administrative policies that would confirm the confidence and win the approval of gamblers and grafters and divekeepers would strip him of every title to the esteem of decent men. What he said upon that subject has been universally construed to mean that if he were elected Mayor the town would be "wide open." If he shall so conduct his office that the town is, in fact, wide open, he will leave it under a storm of popular execration. He has need of exceeding great wisdom in making choice of his Police Commissioner, in appointing a Corporation Counsel, and in making provision for the safety of life and property and for the enforcement of law. If in those details of his administration he attempts to please Tammany, he will go to destruction.

In his chagrin at the unexpected weakness of the support he found, Mr. [illegible] independence in politics is effec-

fort, that in depriving Tammany of the control of the Board of Estimate he accomplished in very great part the objects he had in view. For that he is entitled to the gratitude of the community. It must in all candor be said that whatever has been saved has been saved by his candidacy, and so much has been saved that another such a victory would destroy Tammany. Mr. HEARST now learns what has been often learned by others who have staked their political fortunes upon appeals to the passions of the people, that there is always danger that another may come to the fore with louder appeals and with more extravagant promises. Every community has its mindless part, and the mindless always run after the man who makes the most noise. That is what has happened to Mr. HEARST, that is what has cut down his vote of four years ago. But he has done good service to the city, and that thought must console him. He has, indeed, done good service to Mr. GAYNOR, for it is beyond all question better for the Judge, as a Mayor elected by Tammany, that he should find his authority balanced, checked, and in large measure controlled by an anti-Tammany Board of Estimate. Not even the hoped-for reversion to his early manner could have saved the Judge had the majority vote of the board been controlled by Tammany Hall.

THE DEFEAT OF TAMMANY.

Apart from the election of Judge GAYNOR to the Mayoralty, Tammany appears to have suffered yesterday the most crushing defeat possible, having lost every office it sought to control which has any considerable patronage to dispense. The success of GAYNOR is small consolation, for he was nominated only to aid in carrying the remainder of the ticket to success. Tammany's entire county ticket has been beaten, and even its candidates for the Supreme Court bench are defeated on the latest returns at this writing. ROESCH, whom Tammany defiantly nominated for Judge of the City Court, was beaten.

And in the Board of Estimate Tammany has not a man whom it can call its own, except Mayor GAYNOR. Not one Borough President appears to have been elected who had the Tammany support, and Fusion takes from Tammany the Controller and the President of the Board of Aldermen. The vote in the new Board of Estimate seems to stand:

Tammany, GAYNOR, 3; anti-Tammany, 13.

It is of very great importance that the Tammany Mayor has not the votes in the Board of Estimate with him, and that the President of the Board of Aldermen is a man so thoroughly fitted by experience, training, knowledge, and character as Mr. MITCHEL to guide the work of the Board of Estimate. The situation is admirable, and should render impossible the graft that lives on extravagance. The Board of Estimate is in essence a really legislative body, with the purse-strings under its control. It is made up exclusively of members chosen by popular election, and though its functions are not so clearly related to the work of the city as they should be, the Board has very great power. It is of the highest importance that it is to be controlled by anti-Tammany votes.

A POLITICAL NUISANCE.

Independence in politics becomes a farce, and that responsibility which should attach to party is made a nullity by such a multiplication of groups, petitions, nominators, party columns, and emblems as that of which we had an example in the election held yesterday in this city. The mushroom growths that spread and sprawled over the preposterous ballot that was put into the hands of the voters represented nothing but "independence" carried to an absurdity. These handfuls of persons who make such nominations are in no sense "parties," they represent no principle, and have no occasion for organized existence. One column on the ballot stood for the theft of an emblem, punished by a court order erasing the names of all candidates therein. Others represented either neighborhood support of nonentities seeking notoriety or a silly attempt to fool the voters. The requirements imposed by law upon nominations by petition ought to be sufficiently exacting to put a stop to these impositions upon the patience of the people.

Yet it is toward such a frittering away of party responsibility that Gov. HUGHES'S direct primary nostrum immediately tends. The machine will have the primaries as usual, and then the seekers after reform with their newborn enthusiasm will bolt and get into the campaign on petitions. Rarely has any good come of the creation of political groups out of such material with such motives and with such purposes. They make an insignificant showing on election day, and that is the end of them.

The independence in politics that achieves results, that benefits the people and the country, that remedies evils and rebukes false leaders, is that which transfers the balance of voting power from one of the great parties to the other, and so diminishes one and augments the other that control and authority are shifted. The independents who left the Republican Party to vote for Mr. CLEVELAND in 1884, and those who rejected BRYAN and made Mr. MCKINLEY President in 1896, really wrought their will upon the politics and upon the policies of the Nation. That [illegible] independence in politics is effective. Independence on the scatteration plan is a nuisance without visible mitigation.

MR. BANNARD.

Though Mr. BANNARD has failed of election as Mayor, he comes out of the campaign creditably and honorably. His reputation is very greatly enhanced. Indeed, for the mass of the community it may be said that the campaign made his reputation, and it is one any citizen may be proud of.

When he was nominated he was unknown save to his business associates, to a limited extent to the managers of the Republican Party with whom he had held a modest connection, and to those who were acquainted with his quiet but energetic work in philanthropy. In this relatively narrow circle he was highly esteemed. After his nomination he came within the fierce light that beats upon a candidate for an important office, and with every passing day he gained in the respect of his fellow-citizens. His convincing candor, his manly directness, his sound sense, his dignity and courtesy, and the straightforward manner in which he treated the questions involved in the canvass, won for him steadily increasing confidence, respect, and admiration. It is through no weakness, defect, or fault of his that he was not elected. There must be very few voters out of the 600,000 in the city who can say that they carefully weighed the qualities and qualifications of the various candidates and deliberately concluded that those of Mr. BANNARD were inferior to those of the others. It is not necessary in this context to analyze the reasons why he did not have a plurality; it is sufficient to say that on the record unfolded from day to day his character and ability were distinctly and fully equal to the test. We are sorry that he is not to be the Mayor for the next four years, but we are glad that his name has been added to the list of citizens of New York of proved fitness when a happier opportunity comes for the city to avail itself of their services.

JUDGE SCRIPTURE DEFEATED.

The Democratic and independent voters in the Fifth Judicial District have defeated WILLIAM E. SCRIPTURE, the Republican candidate for Supreme Court Justice, by a large majority. In Utica alone his opponent, EDGAR S. K. MERRILL, has a majority of 4,000 votes. Mr. MERRILL'S candidacy was favored by many Republicans and a petition urging the defeat of Judge SCRIPTURE was signed by 3,000 citizens. His defeat is a well-merited rebuke. He has been guilty of flagrant abuses in his term on the bench.

Utica, by the way, and other cities in the State have been swept by a Democratic wave. FREDERICK GILMORE has defeated the present Mayor, THOMAS WHEELER, the most influential Republican politician in Oneida County, by a majority of 928. WHEELER'S majority two years ago was 1,300. Orleans County, which gave a Republican majority last year of 1,800, has gone Democratic this year by 1,100. Mr. WADSWORTH, in Livingston County, is returned to the Assembly by the insignificant majority of 290, a loss of nearly 1,200 in the year.

JAIL FOR GOMPERS.

The District Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has decided that, in its own language, "three distinguished citizens, leaders in a great cause for the improvement and uplift of their fellow-men, with a larger following probably than was ever marshaled under single leadership in any philanthropic movement, &c., &c., &c.," must go to jail. The offense for which these distinguished philanthropists must suffer their eagerly sought martyrdom was committed in connection with "one of the most cruel forms of oppression ever devised by the wit of man for the infliction of suffering on his weaker fellows." The words are President ROOSEVELT'S. The offense being such, and so flagrant, it would seem that the court might have delivered its judgment just as though Mr. GOMPERS and his accomplices were not to be distinguished from other offenders. If the distinguished citizens who now have but a single appeal between them and jail were really such as the court described them they would be enthroned in the affections of their countrymen, and the political consequences might be serious. As it is Mr. GOMPERS, through the disqualification of his birth, can never hope to succeed even as well as DEBS—another sentenced philanthropist—in being defeated for the Presidency. But his sentence will assure him the receipt of his salary during its continuance, at least, and will be useful to him otherwise in his business as a professional reformer.

Doubtless the court was thus complimentary because it could not take judicial cognizance of matters not on the record. There was nothing before the court to show that the distinguished citizens before the bar had deepened their offense by every means in their power. The record revealed merely a difference of opinion between the Judge and those at the bar regarding the law, and the higher court naturally agreed with the lower. Outside of the record even the faultiest recollection recalls words and deeds not to be distinguished from anarchy, and calling aloud for repression if our institutions are to be preserved. If there are any citizens so distinguished that they can dispense with compliance with orders of court because they differ with the court, it is evident that this has ceased to be a government by law. Even law and government by trades unions could not stand such a test of substitution of the will and opinion of the individual for the common law, expressing the universal will.

It will be recalled that the boycott of the Bucks stove business had been declared illegal, and that after that decision the newspaper organ of the Federation of Labor continued the boycott. Mr. GOMPERS was warned, but persisted. He was put under injunction to obey the law and the court, but still persisted. He was tried for contempt and sentenced. Pending appeal he spoke publicly in many cities, boasting of his contumacy. In this city he delivered before the Columbia students in his character of philanthropist and labor leader a studied defiance of the law of the land. He boasted of the prohibition to boycott and declared his deliberate defiance. He said to the Central Labor Union: "In case of a dispute with employers a Judge can now permanently rivet your jaws and lips. You must not utter the very thoughts that GOD has put into your mind."

This is not so. The right of free speech is not involved because GOMPERS says it is. The court speaks for itself. All that is forbidden in this aggravated case of outrage against rights of livelihood, as sacred in the case of one man as of another, is the right to boycott after the acts complained of have been decided to be a boycott. There is nothing about trades unionism which gives it rights to commit crimes forbidden to other citizens. If all of us claimed the right to do whatever we decided for ourselves to be lawful, thus taking from the courts the decision of doubtful cases, it is apparent that the reign of law would be at an end and government by mob and club be substituted.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Incomes of Doctors Falling Off.

According to American Medicine, which ought to know and is not given to making sensational statements unless they are true, the doctor's lot in these latter days is not a happy one. He is progressing rapidly in efficiency and scientific knowledge of disease, and tries to look forward to a time when orthodox medicine will have conquered all the medical heresies, but at present the financial rewards of his labor are only too often desperately small, and they are decreasing with alarming rapidity. "In many of our large cities," the writer of the article says, "there has been during the past two years a decline in general and office practice of over 50 per cent.," and in parts of New York, Brooklyn, and Philadelphia, all prosperous cities, practitioners of ten, twenty, or more years' experience have seen their clients decrease to an even greater extent.

Various reasons for the change are given, including the vogue of Eddyism and like pestilent quackeries, the stupid but widespread fear roused by the doctor's readiness to call in the surgeon, and an actual diminution of disease resulting from modern sanitation and prophylaxis. In the opinion of American Medicine, however, by far the greatest obstacles to the doctor's earning a decent and honest living are the two evils, hospital-dispensary-clinic abuse, and immature or premature specialism.

Thousands and thousands of patients perfectly well able to pay for treatment daily resort to the distributors of medical charity and fall into this sort of pauperism without any apparent appreciation of the fact that it puts them on the level of the street beggar. Responsibility for the growth and present enormous extent of this form of swindling is placed squarely on the doctors themselves, who eagerly seek the prestige, the advertising, and—usually last—the experience which clinical and hospital appointments give. While not denying that it is both the doctor's privilege and his duty to do much unpaid work for the very poor, American Medicine believes that he should not be called upon to carry more than his share of the burden created by the impecunious sick, and that when regularly chosen for this service of the community he should be adequately paid out of public funds.

As for the other evil, for the real specialist, American Medicine has the highest respect, but for the multitudes of inexperienced, or only slightly experienced, men who claim the name and bring discredit upon it by their incompetency, its condemnation is severe. These ideas, most of which will be quite new to the layman, would seem to deserve rather serious consideration, since the public's health and safety are deeply involved in them.

A Truce, Not a Peace.

Mrs. STETSON, having counted the cost of rebellion and carefully estimated its present chances of success, breaks the silence into which she retreated when she found herself the amazed and resentful object of disciplinary measures taken by those who feared her ambition, and, having decided that it would be judicious to kiss the rod by which she was smitten, has done so in a really beautiful semblance of sincere humility.

It will be noticed, however, that in her announcement of submission she utters no word of repentance and makes no slightest admission of error in act or opinion. Instead she laboriously recalls her great works for Christian Science, and by clear implication declares herself the victim of cruel injustice and a dark conspiracy. For Mrs. EDDY and her "discovery" Mrs. STETSON, with characteristic shrewdness, has only honeyed words, but there is an ominous threat in her evident intention to wait quietly for the end of that "forever" during which Mrs. EDDY is to be the leader of "all true Christian Scientists."

The mysterious "inner circle" of the "Mother Church" have won a brilliant skirmish with their redoubtable enemy, but she has retreated in good order to a strong position, and it is evident that a truce, not peace, has been established. The war will be renewed at a time of Mrs. STETSON'S own choosing. It is to no captaincy of a faction that she aspires, but to the command of a well-organized and highly profitable institution—a running business, as financiers would say. This means delay, but it also means the avoidance of the hard work and heavy expense of starting a new concern in competition with one already equipped for exploiting the same field of human folly and credulity.

Of course, the hope of sensible people will be that the fate of these two antagonists may be that of the Kilkenny cats, and the world's riddance of them both, but from a sporting point of view, and for those in whom still lingers the love of battle as a spectacle, without much regard to the cause of quarrel, the situation as it stands is a highly interesting one. The more and harder the Eddyites fight among themselves the better will it be for the rest of us.

Undesirable as Jurymen.

In the course of an investigation now going on out in Chicago the Jury Commissioner testified that in drawing venires it was his practice to hold undesirable all men like waiters, porters, and cabmen, who take the whole or a large part of their pay for work done in the shape of tips. Whether this is an idea peculiar to Chicago or not we do not know, but we never heard of it before, and therefore are disposed to credit the Windy City with originality.

The idea is not a bad one, all things considered. Of course, it would not be true to say that everybody who takes tips would, as a juryman, be open to the suspicion of willingness to accept a bribe if he could get one, but undoubtedly the practice of tip-taking is highly demoralizing, and the man with so little self-respect that he can live by what is after all slightly mitigated blackmail should not be trusted with the determination of cases involving the life, liberty, or property of his betters. The inclination to declare the tip-giver as bad as the tip-taker is strong in those of us who worship at the shrine of consistency, but the inclination to say so must be resisted—for one reason, because we must have jurors, and where could they be obtained if no tip-givers were accepted? And the tip-taker, if no worse than the tip-giver, really is, somehow, a little lower in the scale of humanity, just as the bribe-taker is lower than the bribe-giver.

The Chicago Jury Commissioner revealed certain other secrets of his trade. He said that besides tip-takers he tried to exclude from the jury lists actors, because they have no fixed abode; laborers and foreign tailors, because, as a rule, not of sufficient intelligence; boilermakers, because of defective hearing; saloonkeepers and bartenders, because of their occupation; peddlers, junk dealers, and scavengers, "for obvious reasons." He didn't add, everybody who reads the papers and has an intelligent knowledge of what is going on. The Judges and the laywers exclude those.

SUPREME COURT SALARIES.

Oklahoma Omitted Provision from Her Voluminous Constitution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have noted with considerable interest the discussion that has been carried on for some time in your paper relative to the movement to fix the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court by constitutional provision.

It may be interesting to note that the Constitution of Oklahoma, which has been criticised on account of its great length and prolixity, makes no attempt to fix the salaries of any State officers, but leaves that question entirely to the Legislature. On account of the peculiar and anomalous conditions incident to the admission of Oklahoma to the Union, many things were written into the Constitution which, under ordinary circumstances, might have been left to the Legislature. As printed in pamphlet form for distribution at the time of the admission of the State, the Constitution required sixty-four pages of small, closely printed type. Yet it leaves the fixing of salaries entirely to the Legislature.

PHILIP KATES.

New York, Nov. 1, 1909.

COOK—PEARY.

Bewails Fact That Roosevelt May Not Arbitrate Their Controversy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Never since our illustrious ex-President left us have we seemed to need his presence more than to settle the Cook and Peary controversy. Had Mr. Roosevelt occupied the Presidential Chair he would long ere this had Cook at the White House and with his customary energy gone at once to the root of the matter, and no flimsy excuses would have any weight with him. With his marvelous faculty for distinguishing the Ananias members of society he would have decided quickly to which class Dr. Cook belongs, and then he would have given his verdict with no uncertain sound. As usual the American public would have accepted it as final and now our minds would be at peace, whereas the present Katy-did and Katy-didn't method of Dr. Cook and his disputants seems to be endless.

A. C. DUCKERS.

Brooklyn, Nov. 1, 1909.

A Significant Convention.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The progressive women of the great metropolis who are working for the enfranchisement of their sex may justly feel exultant over "the first Woman Suffrage Convention of the City of New York," held in Carnegie Hall on Oct. 29. This notable gathering, composed wholly of women, was as well-organized and as well-conducted as any body of men that was ever assembled. The delegates were intelligent and thoughtful, the speakers were exceptionally able—being both solid and brilliant—and the proceedings were businesslike in the highest degree. There was evident a general feeling of earnestness, a sense of the greatness and importance of the movement in which those in attendance were engaged, and a determination to carry it to victory that were impressive to the looker-on. No organization of men met for high ends could have manifested more seriousness of purpose or more zealous devotion to a worthy cause.

TUDOR WILLIAMS.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1909.

Rallies the Bachelors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The bachelor maid was quite right in voicing her sentiments through your columns. Why is it that there are so many marriageable young women, and capable ones, too, who are still living in the state of single blessedness (?); and why are the men so "backward in coming forward?"

Is it because they think women are more mercenary than formerly, and imagine that they would not be willing to begin married life on a moderate scale?

If so, let them ask and find out. Surely this is only fair to woman.

Established custom and a certain amount of possibly false modesty prevent a woman from making advances; and often a seeming lack of responsiveness is only a wish not to appear forward. "Faint heart never won fair lady." Let the men do their part and take the chances, and let the women help them out when they can! ONE OF THEM.

New York, Nov. 1, 1909.

Politics in Churches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not a deplorable fact that our pulpits are turned into platforms for political harangues? Is it surprising that we so often hear the question, "Why are there so many empty pews?"

The answer is a simple one. Hundreds who are hungry for the Gospel and for an hour's peace and freedom on the Lord's Day from the harassing cares of the week fail to find it in the church, and remain away, especially during election times. CHURCHMAN.

Lawrence, L. I., Nov. 1, 1909.

High Cost of Living.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Am rather surprised that no comment has been forthcoming on the letter of Julius Dietz, dated Oct. 18, 1909, regarding exorbitant prices of meats and the exceedingly high cost of living. This matter is one that should be taken up at once.

What is the cause of such high prices?

MODERATE REPUBLICAN.

New York, Nov. 1, 1909.

BRUTAL FOOTBALL.

Margaret E. Sangster Exclaims at the Game's Fatal Potentialities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish through you, if I may, to put the question seriously before the minds of all thoughtful people, and especially of parents, Are we wholly civilized?

The annual sacrifice of our young men to that god of sport whom we Americans worship has begun as usual with the opening of the football season. I know the arguments that are advanced and strongly urged in favor of football. There is not a college campus in the land where the boys are not playing it to-day with admiring spectators to cheer them at the game.

When the great contests are announced fathers and mothers and sweethearts, sisters and brothers, and enthusiastic university men of every degree will congregate in vast crowds to watch the struggle. The more brutal it is the more tremendous and thrilling will be the excitement.

We are told that football promotes alertness in the brains of the players, teaches them to make quick decisions, compels them to implicit obedience to authority, and holds them to strict training while the season lasts. The finer the men physically the better for them, it is said, is the moral and spiritual development they gain from playing this peculiarly perilous game.

There is another side which many women and a few men see with clear vision. Is this sport or any other worth the death of young men just at the time when they are stepping into maturity? A few days ago it was a midshipman in the navy who died of a fractured vertebrae, and this morning it is a cadet at West Point whose death is reported of a twisted spine. Apart from the heartache to parents, the wound to love and the disappointment to circles of kindred, can the Nation afford thus to sacrifice the flower of its youth? If these boys died as heroes die, in saving lives, as firemen sometimes die, in the rescue of victims from burning buildings; if they died on the battlefield in a good cause, there might be consolation for the bereaved and an added glory to the Nation whose sons they are. Simply to die in an athletic contest that is shockingly brutal is a waste to the Nation and a stab to the home that is without excuse.

We shall read in the newspapers the reports of calamities similar to these every week until the football season is over. We have read them in the past. We are quick to forget in this country many things that we ought to remember, but we should hesitate to let this stupid extravagance of ours go on.

An overwhelming public sentment should be awakened at once to arrest this madness. MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

Glen Ridge, N. J., Nov. 1, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this day's edition of THE TIMES I find the following records:

Cadet Byrne—Spinal column twisted; died from injury received in Saturday's football game, West Point and Harvard.

Michael Burke—Found insensible on field; died without regaining consciousness; in football game yesterday between Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and Medico-Chirurgical College.

Roy Spybuck—Died yesterday at Kansas City from injuries received in Missouri football game.

Ogle Seagraves—Kicked on back of head, probably fatally; concussion of brain, skull fractured; in football game between Kokomo and Noblesville yesterday.

In addition to these calamities there is Midshipman Wilson, at the Naval Academy, Annapolis, from injury in Army-Navy football game, having been subjected to an operation; chances of recovery hopeful, but uncertain.

We talk of the brutality of Spanish bullfights, of prizefighting, and other sports. Yet in spite of repeated accidents at football, fatal or otherwise, we read that the popular game of football is a developer of manly qualities and attracts thousands to witness its contests.

ENGLISHMAN.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to make a football confession. I have followed the ball and howled along the side lines with the noisiest enthusiasts, and waxed wrathful at enemies of the game; but now, with a clearer and fairer view, although with no cooling whatever of my "sporting blood," I want to go on record as saying that football is the biggest fool of an institution in America as a sport. It is especially idictic because of the fact that the very features which make it dangerous to life and limb are features which make it a stupid exhibition to the general public—to those spectators who are not directly interested in one or the other of the colleges represented on the field. I refer to the continual carrying of the ball and the mass plays.

W. C. TAYLOR.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1909.

SAVAGES AND MAPS.

They Are Wont to Trace Courses with Accuracy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the controversy as to the ability of the two young Eskimos who accompanied Dr. Cook in his quest for the pole to trace their wanderings on a map when shown them, an incident which occurred to me in Alaska may be of interest.

Having left Copper City at the juncture of the Klutina and Copper Rivers we had drifted and rowed down the latter until we came to an Indian encampment, where we stopped for the night. That there were copper deposits in or near the Copper River Valley had been a persistent rumor, and more for our own entertainment than for any valuable information which we hoped to obtain, we spread out a large map that had been drawn for us by an engineer, who had been through this section of Alaska, and drew the attention of our Indian hosts to it. We had taken care that the indicated north of the map should agree with the true north, as we looked at it, so as to simplify matters, and then we pointed to the Copper River flowing silently beside us, and to its drawn counterpart upon the map. We watched them narrowly as they scanned the map, a light broke over their faces, they talked volubly together, pointed to a distant peak, then slowly found it on the map. Our supreme test was now to be made; taking a nugget of Peacock copper it was shown to them, then placed upon the map, and moved from point to point along the various mountain ranges; finally they pushed it aside, when the oldest Indian, with a long, lean forefinger traced down the Copper River to the mouth of another stream; up this the finger slowly traveled, stopping, then advancing. We seemed in the presence of a medium; finally the finger left the river course and followed a range of hills, then stopped at one of the higher levels, and, with a grunt of satisfaction, the Indian looked up and smiled.

Subsequent events proved the accuracy of his information, as copper deposits of vast value were found in this locality, and railroads are being built from Valdez, Alaska, to transport this copper to tidewater.

In all ages the unlettered and untutored savages have recorded their doings by pictures and signs, so that it would seem to be a primitive instinct. What more natural, therefore, than that the Eskimos should be able to trace their marches with Dr. Cook upon a map?

FAVEY CLARK.

New York, Nov. 1, 1909.

Roosevelt Next Democratic Nominee?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Roosevelt would run for our next President as the candadate of the Democratic Party on a platform of real tariff reform, would not that be a magnificent blow struck for the defense of National versus sectional or selfish interest?

ANDI W. GOULD.

Tarrytown, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1909.

BAD SPELLERS.

Fault Lies in Vogue of Teaching Words Without Regard to Letters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Several papers last week were publishing and commenting on an item of news from Northwestern University. In an examination of freshmen there the authorities found what has been termed a disgraceful deficiency in spelling. The newspapers seem to think the conditions at Northwestern are typical of the rising generation throughout the country, and the question is asked: "Is spelling no longer taught?"

This question may not be serious, being intended to imply that spelling is poorly taught. But, to give a serious answer, it is a fact that in most schools nowadays beginners in reading, at the time when they ought to be laying a foundation for spelling, are not taught this subject at all.

On the contrary, the learner is taught to try to read without regard to the individual letters of the words, and a primer that contains the alphabet is an exception. Consequently, teachers in higher schools find their pupils not only poor spellers, but some of them unable to use a dictionary by reason of not knowing the order of the letters.

Instead of the old-fashioned way of first learning the alphabet, then words through their spelling, and last the reading of sentences, progressive primary teachers now use one or more of some new modern methods. Chief among these is the Chinese method: the teacher points out any word whatever, and the child (who doesn't know B from bull's foot) is told to remember that word from its general appearance, just as a Chinese child has to learn the words of his written language, which has no alphabet.

It seems that the more irregular spelling of the first words presented to the beginner the better it is for the Chinese method. One recent primer by a prominent advocate of this way of teaching has in its first sentence five words containing the letter o, and in each word o has a different sound. The words are: of, for, two, money, bought. Observe also that f has a different sound each time it occurs; that w is silent in two, and that ough is an unusual combination for the aw sound.

The child in an old-fashioned school that could spell all these words correctly by the end of the term would be doing well. But these words occur in the very first lesson in the book; the pupil is not taught to spell these or any other words. And this primer is but a type of many; they begin with words like baby and mamma (with two sounds of the letter a) and pretty and little, (with e, y, and i having the same sound, and one e silent.)

Is it any wonder that children do not spell well when not only is no attempt made to teach them, but when they are thrown at once into all the irregularities and inconsistencies of English spelling?

Another favorite method with leading modern teachers is the jump-and-run method. The children stand up on the floor and jump. Then the teacher shows them the sentence: "I jump." The fact that they have just jumped is expected to teach them that sentence so they will never forget it. In the same way they learn the whole primer: "I run," "I play marbles," "I catch a ball," &c., by doing all these things. (I do not know how they would teach a little girl to read who could not catch a ball or shoot marbles.)

There may be some old-time spellers who think that no such condition can really exist in any school; that I am exaggerating. For their benefit I will quote from the preface, or instructions to teachers, of two of the most up-to-date primers: One states that the book "is written from the standpoint of images, not words. * * * If the mind of the child is centred upon the thought he will learn the written word unconsciously as he learns the spoken word."

All modern primers pooh-pooh the alphabet, and one authority gravely declares:

"In a short time the pupils will acquire the names of the letters of the alphabet intuitively, and will then be prepared to go ahead without difficulty and without help on the part of the teacher."

It is this attempt at learning without thought, by intuition, and "without help on the part of the teacher" that has resulted in such conditions as disclosed at Northwestern University.

LOGAN D. HOWELL.

New York, Oct. 27, 1909.

"JACK" JOHNSON.

A Former Pugilistic Champion Speaks Some Words in His Praise.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I feel impelled to say a few words in comment on your recent editorial disparaging the standards of our colored brethren. In this editorial you seem to convey, or you do convey, a sneer at the colored man's admiration for brutal physical prowess, as exhibited by their champion and our champion, Jack Johnson; yet in to-day's TIMES I read a very flattering description of our mountebank pugilist, Mr. James Jeffries, and what he declares he will do to the rival he (after the fashion of Dr. Cook) has been so assiduously sidetracking. I have followed the newspaper comments on these two men for the past twelve months. I have been offended at the gross and undeserved abuse poured over the "nigger" by the American newspapers. I have compared the conduct and the utterances of the two men, and I find the colored man away on top as concerns both these particulars.

That the colored man Johnson is the superior man, physically and mentally, no intelligent person can doubt. That he is a real champion is beyond question. That he will win this fight—should it take place—I am personally satisfied. As an amateur pugilist I held the heavyweight championship of Ireland for three years, Peter Maher at that time holding the middleweight honors, and with the exception of fighting a draw in London with West, the English heavyweight for the English championship—Maher at that time losing to Hare, the English middleweight—I retired an unbeaten man. My profession at that time was that of an analytical and manufacturing chemist, and when I came to this country, some twenty years ago, I took up the calling of expert accountancy, which I have followed with considerable success.

This all goes to help to demonstrate that brains and brawn, peace and war, are not incompatible, for I think I have exhibited both. I trust that you will at least select a few lines from this letter and publish them in behalf of a man whom I have never seen, but whom I greatly admire. I refer to Jack Johnson, the colored pugilist. He at least has not to keep people waiting while he takes the Carlsbad waters and otherwise patches himself up to meet championship demands. When I was in the game, I was ready to fight a challenger at any old corner of the street at which we might happily encounter. I was willing to contest for a prize, if there were a prize; but a drink—before and after—with my opponent had an equal claim on my prompt attention, to what Jack London names "The Call of the Wild." JACK EARL OF DUBLIN.

Ex-Heavyweight Champion of Ireland, 1903-4-5.

New York, Oct. 25, 1909.

He Married a Cooking Teacher.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I noticed an article recently upon equal pay for women teachers in our public schools that referred to the fact that the teachers of cooking, i. e., domestic service, were not to be included in the general plan for increase of salary.

This seems so absurd to me that I am led to believe that I am mistaken, for, surely, this branch of teaching is one of the most important of all for the girls who are to become the wives, mothers, and housekeepers of the future.

Personally, I can speak most gratefully—as the husband of one who for many years filled a position in that branch of our educational system—of the knowledge gained by those who have passed through a course of training in such subjects, and I trust that I may see your powerful influence exerted to rectify such shortsighted folly. WARING DENHAM.

New York, Oct. 27, 1909.

O TEMPORA! O MORES!

When first I saw sweet Peggy,
In rose-pink evening gown,
I vowed she was the fairest,
The daintiest girl in town.

Next time I saw the maiden
She strolled along the beach,
In suit supremely fetching.
I thought her just a peach.

We met again; 'twas snowing.
With foil of richest furs
Her beauty was entrancing.
Of course my heart was hers.

To-day again I've seen her—
O, me! Eheu! Ah, woe!
Was she a peach? A daisy?
A thousand times not! NO!

Pray fancy pretty Peggy,
Society's past pet—
Parading, fierce, defiant,
A sandwich Suffragette!

ELLA A. FANNING.

SOCIETY ATTENDS UNITED HUNTS MEET

Macedonia Finished First in Novel Manner, but Is Disqualified.

PARSON KELLY'S LUCKY WIN

Small Fields Furnish Good Sport Over the Jumps at Belmont Park—Nattie Bumppo's Cup.

The hunt colony of Long Island was especially prominent at the meeting of the United Hunts' Racing Association yesterday on the association's grounds adjoining the Belmont Park race track, and the racing was of a high order. In only one instance was there a grievous disappointment over a result, and that was in the fourth race for the Middlesex Hunt Cup. There were only two starters—Allan Pinkerton's Macedonia, ridden by Mr. Alpers, and Parson Kelly, ridden by Mr. Page. The former was a 1 to 4 favorite and he had the race well in hand until the last jump, when his saddle girth slipped. Mr. Alpers was thrown and Macedonia ran wildly around the field. Finally Ambose Clark mounted him and finished in front. The race was given to Parson Kelly, however, notwithstanding the protest of the Macedonia people, who contended that Mr. Alpers was disabled and under the rules was entitled to the race. The Stewards, however, claimed that the slipping of a saddle girth did not disable Mr. Alpers, and, therefore, he was not entitled to the victory.

The race for the Orange County Hunt Cup, over a post and rail course of about three miles and a half, resulted in the success of Malcolm Stevenson's Diana and Maple Leaf, the combined favorites, running first and second, with J. E. Davis's Relentless third. Hugh Gormley's Harry Bayler, ridden by the owner, kept close to the leaders throughout the race and finished second. He was set back, however, for running out of the course.

The first race of the day for the Essex Cup, about one mile and a half over hurdles, brought out Lord Minto, ridden by his owner, Harry Lee, and Charles Pfizer's Trespass, ridden by Fletcher Harper. The latter was a one to four favorite, and, taking the lead after the first jump, Mr. Harper kept her well in hand, and she finally won galloping by a big margin.

Sacantaga, with Fletcher Harper in the saddle, led a field of five starters home to the second race for the Smithtown Hunt Cup, but on the back stretch the first time around her ran off the course and was disqualified. The four to five favorite Arlington won, with J. Watson Webb's Sirius second and De Lancey K. Jay's Rolfe third.

There were ten entries in the third race for the Winning Hand Cup, about five furlongs on the flat, but only three horses showed up at the post, R. F. Carman's Nattie Bumppo ruling as a one to six favorite. Fred Alpers rode her and she won under wraps, with P. F.Brunoe's Victory Belle second and C. Thomas's Contrast third. H. U. Tucker's Recruit, at two to one, won the Ellis Cup, a race about two miles on the flat, quite comfortably, with J. Watson Webb's Marcotine, at eight to five, second, and George Gilder's Hogan, at two and a half to one, third.

Conspicuous among the spectators were: Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., Miss Ethel Hitchcock, Mr. and Mrs. Warner Battazzi, Miss Hunt, Malcolm Stevenson, August Belmont, W. Russell Grace, Louis Haight, McPherson Kennedy, Miss Emily Ladenburg, John R. Cowdin, J. Cheevers Cowdin, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Thomas Kelly, Joseph J. O'Donohue, Col. Hugh O'Donohue, E. C. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson B. Burr, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Talmage, Hamilton Cary, Harry Slocum, R. H. Williams, Jr., Rene La Montagne, Mr. and Mrs. A. Butler Duncan, H. B. Beck, Mrs. Tyler Morse, Mrs. E. L. Ladew, Miss Elsie Ladew, Harry Page, J. Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Bird, Harry Stull, H. F. Whitney, Raymond Belmont, A. Belmont Purdy, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Edward Cudlerian, C. H. Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Clark, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Havemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Paul J. Rainey, Mr. and Mrs. Searles Bradley, Henry R. Viereck, Henry P. Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Beach, R. Lawrence Smith, J. F. Thompson, E. H. Castle, and Harry P. Mortimer.

Summaries:

Essex Cup—For galloways, fifteen hands or under, to carry 155 pounds; about one and one-half miles over hurdles on the turf.

Charles Pfizer's Trespass, ch. m., aged, by Prince Royal-Intrusion, 155, (Harper,) 1 to 4..... 1

Harry Lee's Lord Minto, 155, (Mr. Lee,) 3 to 1..... 2

Smithtown Hunt Cup—Thoroughbred, bona fide hunters, to carry 160 pounds; about three miles and a half over a post and rail course.

Pontiac Stable's Arlington, ch. g., aged, by St. Carlous-Mamie R., (Mr. Bell,) 4 to 5.. 1

J. Watson Webb's Sirius, 160, (Mr. Clark,) 2 to 1..... 2

De Lancey K. Jay's Rolfe, 160, (Mr. Jay,) 4 to 2½..... 3

Aniello Devereux's Sacantaga, 2 to 1, finished in front, but was disqualified; Hawkin's 3 to 1, also ran.

Winning Hand Cup—Galloways, fifteen hands and under, to carry 150 pounds; about three furlongs on the flat.

R. F. Carman's Nattie Bumppo, b. g., 7 by Buck Massie-Flora Dora, 155, (Mr. Alpers,) 1 to 6..... 1

P. F. Bruner's Victory Belle, 150, (Mr. Tucker,) 3 to 1..... 2

C. Thomas's Contrast, 150, (Mr. Townsend,) 5 to 1..... 3

Middlesex Hunt Cup—Duly qualified hunters, weight for age; about three miles over the regulation course.

A. D. Lewis's Parson Kelly, b. g., aged, by Arlington-Arrogance, 163, (Mr. Page,) 11 to 5..... 1

Allan Pinkerton's Macedonia, 160, (Mr. Alpers,) 1 to 4..... 2

Mile Cup—For hacks or hunters, to carry 160 pounds; about two miles on the flat.

H. U. Tucker's Recruit, b. g., 6, by Darebin-Guenn, 165, (Mr. Tucker,) 2 to 1..... 1

J. Watson Webb's Marcotene, 160, (Mr. Clark,) 8 to 5..... 2

George Gilder's Hogan, 165, (Mr. Channing,) 2½ to 1..... 3

Pontiac Stable's Colourt, J. E. Davis's al H. Woods, W. C. Hayes's Salamander, and Thomas Pursehouse's Antecpateon, also ran.

Orange County Hunt Cup—Half-bred bona fide hunters, to carry 160 pounds; about three miles and a half over a post and rail course.

Malcolm Stevenson's Diana, b. m., aged, by Gonzales-Unknown, 165, (Mr. Stevenson,) 2 to 5..... 1

Malcolm Stevenson's Maple Leaf, 160, (Mr. Clark,) 2

J. E. Davis's Relentless, 165, (Mr. Davis,) 3 to 5..... 3

Hugh Gormley's Harry Davis and Peter Hauck, Jr., Essex B. also ran.

MONMOUTH HOUNDS IN HUNT.

Henry Meeker Is Unseated in Run Over Hilly Country.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Nov. 2.—The Monmouth Hounds held a drag hunt this afternoon, starting from W. Strother Jones's residence, on Riverside Drive, and running over hilly country, passing through Chapel Hill and various parts of Middletown township, and brushing at Mr. Jones's house. The distance covered was about twelve miles. The ground being damp, the scent was well followed.

Previous to the hunt a breakfast was served by Mr. Jones at his beautiful residence along the Shrewsbury River. In the hunt were Howard Borden, George Potts, Charles Sabin, Henry Meeker, Henri Weigman, and W. Strother Jones. During the early part of the run Mr. Meeker was unseated, but he remounted and continued, as he was not injured.

Baron and Baroness von Graffenried Here.

Among those arriving yesterday on the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie were the Baron and Baroness L. Von Graffenried, who come to visit friends at 993 Fifth Avenue. The Baron is an officer in the Swiss Army stationed in Thurn. His wife is an American girl. This will be her first visit to her native land in two years.

If you want a Business Opportunity, see Page 12.

CARUSO BACK IN GOOD VOICE.

Tenor, Speaking More English Than Ever, and Other Singers Arrive.

Enrico Caruso, speaking more English than ever, and seemingly in very good voice, arrived yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie in the very best of temper and quite ready to open the Metropolitan opera season. This year he is to sing but one new part, the tenor role in "Germania," but he will be heard in many of the other roles with which his name is closely identified in the recent history of New York opera.

He told of his Summer and how he had sung at Ostend, through the English provinces, and in Berlin, from where he has just come.

On the same boat were Clarence Whitehill, the American bass, who has been singing at the Paris Opera; John Forsell, the Scandinavian baritone; Fernando Tanara, conductor; Tullio Voghera, conductor; Bella Alten, Carl Jorn, and Mrs. Andreas Dippel.

On the Potsdam, which also arrived yesterday, were Georges Regis, Henry Dutilloy, Jeanne Maubourg, Lucette de Lievin, Fernando Gianoli-Galletti, Pasquale Amato, and Paul Ananian.

ADOLPHUS BUSCH LOOKS WELL

Says There Is No Resentment in Germany Over Our New Tariff.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Busch of St. Louis returned yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. Mr. Busch went abroad for his health, and at times various reports have reached this side that he was in a very serious condition. He looked well yesterday, and in reply to an inquiry as to his health he said: "I am seven-eighths well, and by Christmas I will have recovered the other eighth."

Mr. Busch was particularly interested in conditions in Germany. He said that there was no resentment there over our new tariff.

"Germany is a great and prosperous country," he said. "She has an admirable administration. One reason for this commercial expansion is the fact that Germany understands the value of speaking other languages. Many young Germans can speak three and four languages. They go out into the world and attain prominence because of this knowledge. It is a lesson young Yankee Doodle must learn.

"Prohibition has reached its highest tide here, and must now recede. The American is too intelligent and broad-minded to be carired away by radical doctrines."

LOW—MACMONNIES WEDDING

Artist to Marry Divorced Wife of Sculptor in Paris To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 2.—The wedding of Mrs. Frederick MacMonnies, the divorced wife of the sculptor, to William H. Low, the artist, is announced for Thursday in Paris, according to a letter to-day received by Frederick Fairchild, uncle of Mrs. MacMonnies. There will be a civil, followed by a religious ceremony, the civil exercises taking place in an official city district and the religious ceremony in the Temple de L'Oratiore.

This will be performed by the Rev. Dr. Charles Wagner, author of "The Simple Life," and perhaps the best-known Protestant clergyman in Paris. Since obtaining her divorce from Mr. MacMonnies, Mrs. MacMonnies has lived quietly in Paris with her mother, who was Mrs. Sidney Fairchild of this city. After the wedding Thursday, Mrs. Sidney Fairchild will come to this country and make her home with her son, Sidney Fairchild, a civil engineer with the Mexican Central Railway at Monterey, Mexico.

Bartlett-Platt Wedding To-day.

The marriage of Miss Henrietta Platt, daughter of the late Henry B. Platt, to Donald L. Bartlett of New York City will take place this afternoon in the South Church, Madison Avenue. Raymond Platt will give his sister in marriage, and Miss Platt's attendants will be Mrs. William R. Loomis, matron of honor, and Miss Alletta Platt, cousin of the bride. The ushers will all be classmates of Mr. Bartlett, who is a graduate of Amherst College.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAYS.

Mrs. Collis P. Huntington Among Arrivals on Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

The transatlantic steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE, (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. James Stowell Anthony, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Busch, Mrs. Julius Beer, James D. W. Cutting, Miss Edna May Coleman, Robert L. Cutting, Mrs. Henry Clews, Mrs. C. A. Dana, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Erhart, Capt. Granville Fortescue, Senator and Mrs. Simon Guggenheim, Morgan Gilbert, Baron and Baroness L. von Graffenried, Mrs. Collis P. Huntington, W. T. F. Hollingsworth, Mrs. Hermann Kuickerbocker, J. F. D. Lanier, N. de Moralis, J. W. McCrosky, Mrs. Jane Osborne-Hannah, Baroness Marie des Planches, Mrs. J. J. Post, Marquis and Marquise de la Real Proclamacion, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Pike, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. W. Lyttleton Savage, Mrs. James Roystone, F. Townsend Martin, and Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Zaldivar.

POTSDAM, (Rotterdam)—Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Alger, Leo Devaux, R. E. Hellmund, James Hopper, J. G. C. de Jager, T. F. Lozier, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Luitz, Mr. and Mrs. George Regis, Miss Marcelle Regis, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ross, J. Stenger Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Tyler, Col. John A. Wilcox, Gilbert White, and Mr. and Mrs. William Weiss.

GROSSER KURFUERST, (Bremen)—J. W. Borxer, John B. Chinn, Thomas Lawson, Walther Liersch, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. McKee, Max Oppenheimer, Hermann Plass, Dr. Ferdinand Roder, J. C. Schwab, Dr. A. H. Wittenborg, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Timmer, and Carl Upmann.

The steamers sailing to-day and some of those booked to sail on them are:

MAURETANIA, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. G. Bion Allen, Luis Tanco de Argaez, Colombian Minister to Peru; Harold M. Benjamin, Mrs. M. H. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, Edward S. Cripps, E. H. Cuthbertson, W. E. Darwin, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Graff, Col. Minnard Hunsiker, Charles Kaufman, George A. Kessler, J. G. A. Leishman, American Ambassador to Italy; Major F. R. McDonald, Mrs. F. A. Mackey, Major H. H. Morgan, American Consul at Amsterdam; Sir Michael B. Navin, Mr. and Mrs. Donnel Post, Mrs. George H. Ramsey, Col. Oscar de Santa Cruz, Mr. and Mrs. H. Gordon Selfridge, Mr. and Mrs. Oakleigh Thorne, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Watkins, and Charles J. Wightman.

BLUECHER, (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. Albrecht Andrean, Mrs. C. A. Ernst, Mr. and Mrs. William Henkel, Frank E. Larned, Arthur Ruebe, and Miss Leila V. Stott.

ROBBINS—MINTURN.

The engagement is announced of Miss Sarah Jewett Robbins, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julian W. Robbins, to John Wendell Minturn, son of Mrs. John W. Minturn of New York. Miss Robbins made her debut a year ago. Mr. Minturn was graduated from the class of Yale '05 and is a member of the Racquet and Tennis Club and of the Seawanhaka Yacht Club. No date has been set for the wedding.

REDLICH—STROUSS.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Redlich of 251 West Eighty-first Street, have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Isabelle Maas, to Eugene M. Strouss of Rochester, N. Y., on Monday evening, Nov. 15, at the St. Regis.

Social Notes.

Mrs. Henry Clews and Henry Clews, Jr., arrived yesterday from Europe on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

Mrs. George R. Schieffelin has returned to New York after spending the Fall in Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman have closed their place at Newport and gone to Tuxedo before returning to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield have returned to town from their country place near Philadelphia.

Thomas F. Ryan Back from Europe.

Thomas F. Ryan, after several months spent abroad, returned yesterday on the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie. Mr. Ryan on his departure from here said that he would not talk as he was too much in the limelight. On his arrival here he adhered to his resolution not to talk.

W. J. LOCKE'S 'IDOLS' TURNED INTO A PLAY

Emerging as Frank Melodrama, with Some Effective Situations.

MURDER VICTIM AT TRIAL

By Economical Arrangement in Cast He Becomes the Judge—Miss Roebuck and Others Play Well.

In the London production of "Idols" a year or two ago, a previously unknown actress, Miss Edyth Latimer, made a reputation for herself by her acting in the role of Minna Hart. In New York at the Bijou, where Mr. Roy Hornimann's adaptation of W. J. Locke's early tale is being given, the actress who plays this particularly selfish daughter of a somewhat generous-hearted Shylock gets nothing out of it. A fine acting opportunity is wasted.

However, it really does not matter much, for what is in the novel a powerful and moving story—one that begins to grip the hardest at about the point that this play ends—becomes here only a moderately interesting assemblage of incidents in melodrama. The play has two or three scenes that are quite effective in the theatrical sense, though one must strive hard to give way to an illusion in a courtroom scene where the previously murdered money lender, now shorn of his grizzled beard, sits as presiding Justice at the trial of the man who is supposed to have been his murderer. On the programme the name of the actor who plays the Judge is the name of Inglis, but the voice is the voice of Sheldon Lewis; and Lewis, as the Jewish money lender, has just been killed. There is more doubling in the cast, but in minor roles it matters less.

The development in the scene, however, is toward a big, effective situation where the wife of the lawyer for defense, in gratitude to the man who saved her husband's life, compromises herself to save the prisoner from the gallows. Mr. Locke in his novel made this incident the pivotal one on which to build a subsequent development of character and consequences. Here it is followed by a brief act, in which the doubting husband, the idol with the feet of clay, finds his suspicions groundless, in a clumsily devised situation of Minna Hart's confession.

One may well ask, What then? Here, in fact, a real play might begin, but the curtain falls, leaving husband and wife and friend to patch it up, presumably, as these things are so often patched up in plays—with wife forgiving, husband repentent, and the latchstring out and "pot luck" for the friend whenever he wants to drop around.

Mr. Hornimann has probably done as well as possible under the circumstances, for the dramatizing of novels is a ticklish business and does not often bring much satisfaction. The characters, though sketchy, are well enough drawn to fill their places in the general melodramatic scheme. So, too, they are acted for the most part creditably enough, though not often with much depth.

Miss Roebuck is physically slight for the big scene, but she has the charm of refinement in speech and manner, the grace and ease and fluency to suggest the heroine of this story, and she makes her sufferings, like her graciousness and sweetness, very real indeed.

And the two contrasting friends, though neither actor is altogether successful in suggesting great emotion, are very easily and naturally played by Orlando Daly and H. J. Carvill. So, too, Sheldon Lewis, as the money lender, is well within the picture, though he depends for characterization rather upon the outward guise of the man that upon any suggestion of inner traits or racial manner. Mr. Mead, Mr. Klawans, Mr. Frank, and Miss Daly do lesser roles admirably.

The emotional novice who sits opposite Miss Roebuck during the trial scene should be told that one of the first things a good actress must learn is self-effacement in scenes in which she is of no importance.

MISS KOENEN SINGS AGAIN.

Dutch Contralto Pleases Her Audience in Dramatic Songs.

At Miss Tilly Koenen's first New York song recital in Mendelssohn Hall continuous pounding in the construction of a building next door made it impossible for the Dutch contralto, who was making her American debut on that occasion, to do herself justice. There was a natural desire on the part of the singer and her manager to present Miss Koenen in a more favorable light, and yesterday being in a sense a holiday it was promised by the construction company that there should be no interruption if a recital were given.

A fairly large audience gathered to hear the singer under bettered conditions, and she sang the programme through without any interruptions from without.

Her programme differed in many ways from that of the week before and included only songs in Italian and German. Carissimi's "Vittoria Mio Core," sung in a somewhat explosive manner, began the proceedings of the afternoon. Beethoven's "In Questa Tomba" and Schubert's "Die Allmacht" followed.

Then came a group of very interesting songs by the Dutch composer Heinrich Van Eyken. These songs, especially the "Lied der Walkure," might have been written for Miss Koenen, so perfectly do they fit into her style, which is strongly dramatic.

Two songs by Schumann, two by Grieg, and Brahm's Eight Gypsy Songs completed the programme, as at her previous recital this singer was heard to the greater advantage in the more dramatic songs. At times in her recitals she becomes essentially a singer of music drama. Songs in the more subtle vein fare less well at her hands. There is no doubt but that she pleased yesterday's audience, and that she has many of the elements of a successful recital giver.

Religious Service for Stage People.

After the matinee performance at the American Music Hall this afternoon will be held the first of a series of religious services under the auspices of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions, during which a brief address will be made by a local clergyman, looking to the moral welfare of the performers appearing at the theatre, stage hands, and other attaches of the house. This experiment was successfully tried in Chicago recently.

MUSICAL NOTES.

Mme. Blanche Arral, the French coloratura soprano who was to have given a concert with the Russian Symphony Society to-morrow afternoon in Carnegie Hall, has a bad cold and has postponed the concert until next Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Dore Lyon will give a concert at the Waldorf-Astoria this evening, assisted by George A. McGarry, bass; Clara E. Thoms, pianist; Maurice Nitka, violinist; Charles Gilbert Spross, pianist, and an orchestra under the direction of Charles A. Van Baar.

Serge Rachmaninoff of Moscow, a pianist who has not been heard in this country, arrived yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He will make a tour, remaining here more than two months.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Louis N. Parker, who has been commissioned to make a version of "The Fourth Estate," suitable for British audiences, has cabled that the alterations have been completed and that a copyright performance will be given in London on Nov. 9, the King's birthday.

Phoebe Davies has been engaged by Liebler & Co. to play the leading feminine role in Paul Hervieu's drama "Know Thyself," in which Arnold Daly will be starred. This will be the first part Miss Davies has played since she first appeared as Anna Moore in "Way Down East," in 1897.

WILLIAM P. FRITH DEAD.

Noted English Artist Was Patronized by Queen Victoria.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—William Powell Frith, the artist, died here to-day.

William Powell Frith was born near Ripon, Yorkshire, on Jan. 9, 1819. He was a pupil of Sass's noted art school in Bloomsbury and a student of the Royal Academy. In 1840 he exhibited his "Malvolio Before the Countess Olivia," which attracted much public attention. His "Village Pastor," painted in 1845, made him an associate member of the Academy. It was not until he was elected a Royal Academician, in 1853, that he took on a new manner in portraying the humorous aspect of an English crowd.

Mr. Frith's "Life at the Seaside, Ramsgate," was a lively interpretation of a jolly gathering abroad on a holiday. This picture was purchased by Queen Victoria, and is now in possession of the royal family. His "Derby Day," painted in 1858, was the picture of the year, in popularity at least. This picture was a vivid representation of the English crowds during the Derby week. In 1869 Queen Victoria commissioned Mr. Frith to paint "The Marriage of the Prince of Wales," (now King Edward,) for which he received a large sum.

Among Mr. Frith's later works are "The Railway Station," "The Road to Ruin," and "The Private View of the Royal Academy."

George H. Chase Dead.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 2.—George H. Chase, a retired banker and broker, died here to-day at his home, 81 South Street, after a short illness. He was 75 years old. His nearest surviving relative is a sister, who lived with him. His wife, who was Anna Howe of Buffalo, died Jan. 12, 1908. Their daughter died about twelve years ago. Mr. Chase rose from a position of minor importance to be Treasurer of the Lake Shore Railroad Company, with headquarters at Buffalo. He left Buffalo about 1870, and went to New York to enter the banking house of Robinson, Cox & Co. Later the firm became Robinson, Chase & Co. Later Mr. Chase established the banking and brokerage house of Chase & Atkins, with which he remained connected until his retirement, about twenty-five years ago.

Obituary Notes.

SAMUEL L. BAILY, 90 years old, died of old age yesterday morning in Trenton, N. J. He was the founder of the State Home for Girls in Trenton. He was born in Philadelphia and left a son there, Lloyd Baily.

Dr. BENJAMIN F. BATCHELDER, one of the oldest dentists in New York, died on Monday at his home, 230 West 104th Street, after a short illness, in his eighty-fourth year. He is survived by a brother who lives in Haverhill, Mass.

LEANDER K. BINGHAM, head of Bingham Brothers, manufacturers of printers' rollers, of 406 Pearl Street, died on Sunday at his home, 704 St. Nicholas Avenue, in his seventy-third year. His father, it was said, was the first man to manufacture printers' rollers in this city. The son was a member of the Twelfth Regiment. He left a widow, three sons, and a daughter.

JOHN KEELER of the firm of John Keeler & Sons, proprietors of a restaurant in State Street, Albany, died on Monday of typhoid fever in that city, in his thirty-first year. He was born in Albany, and was well known to hundreds of legislators and business men there. He was the son of John Keeler, and nephew of William Keeler, both of whom have been closely allied with the hotel and restaurant business in Albany for half a century. His restaurant has been the rendezvous for some years of legislators and newspaper men during the sessions of the Legislature.

EDWARD ENTWHISTLE, former fireman of George Stephenson's Rocket, which ran between Manchester and Liverpool, England, died on Monday at Des Moines, Iowa, in his ninety-fifth year. He was born in England, and at the age of 16 years was chosen by Stephenson to be his fireman on the engine on its trial trip. Grief over the loss of his wife, which occurred six weeks ago is said to have caused his death. Mr. Entwhistle had lived in Des Moines for fifty-three years.

DAVID D. CROUSE, a well-known business man and Republican of Broadalbin, Fulton County, died on Monday at his home there, in his sixty-fifth year. He had served as School Commissioner and for several terms as a member of the Board of Supervisors of Fulton County. In 1890 he was elected President of the Broadalbin Knitting Company, which position he held at the time of his death. A widow, two daughters, and one son survive him.

HUGH T. NASON, son of the late Andrew Nason for fifty-seven years Superintendent of the United States Assay Office in New York, died on Monday in his home in Orange, N. J., of paresis, in his forty-first year. He was a graduate of the College of the City of New York and the New York Law School. Mr. Nason was a lawyer, and unmarried.

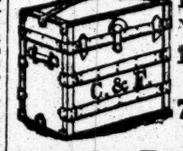
GEORGE W. MILLS, an insurance agent who lived at 1,154 Madison Street, Williamsburg, fell dead at 608 Evergreen Avenue, Williamsburg, on Monday, of heart disease.

DAVID WEIL, a salesman in the employ of William Meyer & Co., lace importers, 483 Broadway, died on Monday of appendicitis in the Monmouth Memorial Hospital, Long Branch, N. J., in his twenty-third year. A widow and a son survive him.

FREDERICK NOYES DRAKE, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Drake, died on Monday at the home of his parents, 252 West 102d Street, after an illness of several months, in his thirty-third year. He was well-known as an amateur pool expert. He was a member of the Amateur Billiard Club and of the Strollers, and held several championships in those organizations. Mr. Drake was employed until recently in the office of his father, who is Vice President of the Panama Railroad. He gave up his place there to enter the firm of Drake Brothers, wholesale merchants.

Mrs. AUGUSTA M. TOWNSEND, widow of James Townsend of La Grange, died suddenly from cerebral hemorrhage at her home, 16 Virginia Avenue, Poughkeepsie, Thursday. She is survived by four sons—Dr. Irving Townsend of New York City, formerly President of the Dutchess County Society; John E. Townsend, Under Sheriff of Poughkeepsie; Edward Townsend of Minneapolis, Minn.; James Townsend of La Grange, and by three daughters, Mrs. Abram S. Robinson and the Misses Annie and Augusta Townsend.

Crouch & Fitzgerald



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CADET BYRNE'S BODY IS PLACED IN GRAVE

Classmates at West Point Bear Coffin to Cemetery and Taps Sounded.

MONUMENT TO BE ERECTED

Representatives from Army, Navy, Annapolis, and Harvard Unite in Paying Last Honor to Dead Athlete.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The body of Cadet Eugene Alexis Byrne of Buffalo, the West Point football tackle, who died on Sunday as a result of injuries received in the Harvard game last Saturday, was buried at noon to-day in the little cemetery here, overlooking the Hudson. The body was borne from the little Roman Catholic chapel in the Academy reservation on an artillery caisson drawn by seven field artillery horses. The coffin was covered with a great American flag and with chrysanthemums, violets, orchids, lilies of the valley, and carnations, the tributes of the cadets of West Point and Annapolis, and the army officers on duty at West Point.

Seven first classmen of West Point bore the coffin from the chapel to the caisson, while 400 cadets in gray and two in the blue of Annapolis stood at attention, and the band in the valley below played "Nearer, My God, to Thee." The pallbearers were all classmates of Byrne, among them Pullen, the football Captain, and as they carried the coffin out of the chapel tears were streaming down their faces. The other cadets were in company formation, at attention, rigid as statues, and in the entire 400 of them there was hardly a dry eye.

The army officers, representing every arm of the service, stood with heads bared and their caps held over their hearts, and they were almost as deeply moved as were the cadets. Army wives and army girls and army children to the number of many hundreds stood outside the chapel, and scores of them were in tears.

Harvard Men Present.

Harvard University, in a game with whose football warriors Byrne was fatally injured, was represented by twenty graduates and undergraduates, among them James J. Higginson, the President; Langdon Marvin, the Secretary, and Lawrence E. Sexton, Eliot Tuckerman, C. C. and E. J. Stillman, Ralph Sanger, Sydney W. Fish, and S. F. Mills, all of the Harvard Club of New York City; Charles D. Daly, Crawford Blagden, and Robert P. Kernan, representing the Harvard coaching staff, and Hamilton Fish, Jr., Captain of the Harvard team of this year, who played opposite Byrne in the game of last Saturday.

The solemn requiem mass over the body of Byrne was celebrated in the chapel at 11 o'clock by Mgr. O'Keeffe, rector of the Roman Catholic Church at Highland Falls. The coffin rested in the centre aisle close to the altar, guarded by a quartet of the dead young soldier's brother cadets. On all sides, banked in great profusion, were scores of floral pieces that came from every part of the Eastern section of the United States. One splendid piece was the gift of President Lowell of Harvard, another of the football team of that university, a great mass of lilies of the valley and orchids from the army officers at West Point, yellow chrysanthemums from the cadets of the United States Naval Academy, and many other pieces just as gorgeous from the West Point cadets and sympathizing civilian friends.

The chapel in which the religious ceremonies were held was far too small to accommodate those who wanted to get in, and only the immediate family of the dead cadet, his classmates, the officers of the academy, the Annapolis and the Harvard delegations, and a few civilian friends of the academy and of the Byrne family were present. Outside 300 cadets who could not get in for lack of room and more than a thousand men, women, and children waited in silence during the hour that the services in the chapel lasted.

The Rev Father Abbott of Highland Falls referred to Byrne's splendid record in the Academy. His death as a result of the friendly battle with Harvard last Saturday, he said, was just a death that indicated the kind of a soldier Byrne would have been had he lived and been called to the front in his country's service.

March to the Cemetery.

It was ten minutes of noon when the services in the chapel were concluded. A cadet appeared in the doorway carrying a great American shield made of violets and red and white carnations. He carried the shield and placed it on the caisson, and then the West Point military band began to play "Nearer, My God, to Thee." A moment later the cadet pallbearers appeared in the doorway with the coffin. Slowly they lifted it upon the caisson, and then, directed by Major John M. Carson, Jr., the coffin was strapped to the artillery carriage.

At a signal from Major Carson the artillerymen on the backs of the horses that drew the caisson gently urged their horses forward, and the caisson was slowly drawn down the steep hill into the valley behind the band and the cadet platoon that had been selected to fire the volleys over Byrne's grave. Behind the firing platoon came the mother and father and other near relatives of Cadet Byrne, the Catholic priests, and the rest of the cadet corps, led by the cadet officers. The cadets formed an unbroken line in gray for 100 yards. With them marched Midshipmen Spencer and Walbaum of Annapolis, the first classmen designated by Capt. Bowyer, U. S. N., Superintendent of Annapolis, to represent the battalion of midshipmen at the funeral.

After the cadet corps came the officers of the army on duty at the Academy, headed by Col. Scott, the Superintendent, and Col. Larned, the senior member of the Academic Board. As the last of the officers passed around the bend at the foot of the hill that turns into the road that leads to West Point's famous cemetery, a company of regular engineers took up their position, and then behind them came the Harvard representatives and the other civilians.

The band, as it ascended the hill to the cemetery, played Chopin's "Funeral March," the solemn music being in keeping with the silent, slow moving cadets, officers, and civilians. The grave of Byrne is in the centre of the cemetery, and is near that of the late Major Gen. Alfred E. Bates, U. S. A., who died a few weeks ago in New York. All around it are the graves of famous soldiers whose names illumine the military history of the United States.

Services at the Grave.

The services at the grave were brief. While the cadets and officers were taking their positions the band again played "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Then Father Abbott conducted the ceremonies of the Church at the grave, after which Cadet Lieut. Wildrick, commanding the firing platoon, stepped in the rear of the thirty-four cadets in the platoon and gave the command to fire. Three volleys sounded, each one echoing as a single shot through the mountains.

That over, the notes of the military taps were sounded and the army and West Point and the navy and Annapolis had concluded their tribute to the memory of a young American that has seldom been equaled in this country.

Taps was still echoing through the hills when the officers began to give commands in the quick manner characteristic of the regulars. The band left the cemetery, and then the cadets, falling in behind, were marched quickly back to the plains to the strains of martial music.

The officers followed the cadets out of the cemetery. The eyes of Capt. Beacham and Lieut. Nelly were red from emotion. They trained the football team of which Byrne was a member. The cadets, it was said to-day, are already considering the erection of a monument over Cadet Byrne's grave. Byrne was the first cadet since 1891 to die at the Academy.

ARMY-NAVY GAME IS OFF.

Official Announcement Made of Cancellation of Football Contest.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The annual football game between the West Point Cadets and Annapolis Midshipmen, which was to have taken place at Philadelphia Nov. 27, will not be played this year, final decision having been reached to-day by the athletic authorities of the Naval Academy to grant the request of the Superintendent of the Military Academy to cancel the game owing to the death of Cadet Eugene A. Byrne as a result of injuries received Saturday in the game with Harvard.

This decision which was made known at the Navy Department to-day had been postponed in hope that some way might be found to play the game, which is looked forward to by the entire service of both army and navy.

Mrs. Biddle Follows Husband in Death

Mrs. Claire Biddle, widow of Nicholas Biddle, who died last Thursday after twenty-five years' service on the staff of The New York Herald, died yesterday morning at her home, 109 West 129th Street, after a six months' illness. Mrs. Biddle was in such a critical condition that she was unable to attend the funeral of her husband last Sunday, and her last glimpse of him was when she insisted on leaving her bed to stand beside his open coffin for a few minutes, before it was removed from the house. She left two daughters, Miss Beatrice and Miss Dorothy Biddle.

Controller Gaus's Funeral To-day.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The funeral of State Controller Charles H. Gaus will be held at 2:30 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at All Saints' Cathedral. The Right Rev. William Crosswell, Doane, Bishop of Albany, will officiate. The Controller died Sunday at a hunting camp in Canada, and his body arrived in Albany to-day.

Black Opals

As described by the artist Du Blé

"When Nature had finished painting the flowers, coloring the rainbow and dyeing the plumage of the birds, she swept the colors from her palette and moulded them into Black Opals."

This may be a little fanciful, but it is no exaggeration of the beauty and marvel of these gems. Some stones are as soft in tone as the iris on the neck of a dove, others as riotous in color as a Dutch garden in spring.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ABBOTT.—Nov. 1, to Dr. and Mrs. Edmund J. Abbott, a son.

Married.

BRAUNSTEIN—SINGER.—Oct. 31, Fannie Singer to Abraham Braunstein.

CLEGHORN—FECHHEIMER.—Nov. 1, Florence Fechheimer to Charles P. Cleghorn.

MACOMB—LENTILHON.—Oct. 30, Leonie Lentilhon to John De N. Macomb.

MILBANK—LITTLE.—Oct. 27, Edith Little to Harold Milbank.

OL

GEORGETOWN PLAYS TIE WITH FORDHAM

Neither Side Able to Score in Sensational Football at American League Park.

CARRIGAN IS THE STAR

Plucky Washington Player Makes Two Long Runs—Maroon Almost Snatches Victory in the Last Minute.

If surprise ever struck at the heart of football it was exemplified in its fullness yesterday afternon at American League Park when the underrated Georgetown eleven, equiped with a prowess that mastered many of the intricacies of the game, beat down the confidence of Fordham and held the fast New York warriors to a score which read 0 to 0. Man for man the Washington men were the lighter and they not only stood off the Fordham attack, but put forth an offense that threatened disastrous results to the record made by the Maroon players this season. Among the spectators was Otto T. Bannard, Republican candidate for Mayor, who was honored by rousing cheers from the spectators.

Every play that Fordham held up its sleeve as a consistent ground gainer was met by a confusingly clear interpretation by the visitors and oft times the attack sent to the Washington line was crumpled up before it had almost a chance to form. It may not have been the best of football that either team played, but it certainly was the best that New York City has seen in many a day. Above all it was spectacular. No one could figure just what was going to hapen the next minute, and necessarily this added the element of exceptional interest. Every run, every pass had in it the possibility of a score, yet for the most part the play went from the territory of one to that of the other and back again with only a few occasions when a score seemed imminent from close proximity to the goal posts of the other.

No pluckier exhibition was ever held up to the scrutiny of the gridiron public. When the first surprise had worn off the New Yorkers steadied, and both elevens began a furious attempt to wrest the laurels of victory. If. Fordham showed a bit of superiority one minute, the advantage was offset the next by the Washington players, and it was that way up to the last half minute of play, when Georgetown, worn out by exertion, came near losing the struggle on "Dad" White's long run through a broken field, which was by far the most sensational happening of the afternoon. With the leather in midfield he received the ball and was tackled before he could start, but the Georgetown player's hold was weak, and he was shaken off. White advanced another few yards, dashing for the left side of the Georgetown line, and again shook off a tackler. Cutting across the field, he was repeatedly in the grasp of his opponents, and as often shook them off, finally reaching the Georgetown 10-yard line with a long trail of unsuccessful tacklers strewn along the ground behind him. At the 10-yard line he was forced out of bounds, and the Georgetown goal was saved, for after the next play the game ended. It was the closest approach that the Maroon made to the visitors' goal during the game.

Forward passes were of frequent occurrence, but after the first few minutes of play those by Fordham were either intercepted or went uncompleted with the ensuing penalty. Georgetown, on the other hand, accomplished one that nearly resulted in a tally.

Georgetown received possession of the ball on her own 25-yard line, and immediately Byrd sent out along forward pass which went to Carrigan. Good interference gave him a run of forty-five yards, and, had his knee not failed him, he would probably have reached the goal posts, being caught by the smallest margin, which, however, was enough to throw him. For the most part it was the play of Carrigan which enabled the visitors to show so well. Whenever a substantial gain was needed he received the ball and repeatedly accomplished big distances.

Early in the first half Georgetown approached the Fordham goal. Wymart's punt was fumbled by Fordham on their own 40-yard line, and Georgetown recovered. Carrigan then sent out a pretty forward pass that only failed of completion by the merest margin. The Maroon then tried an onside kick that placed the leather on Fordham's 23-yard line, but gave the latter possession of the ball.

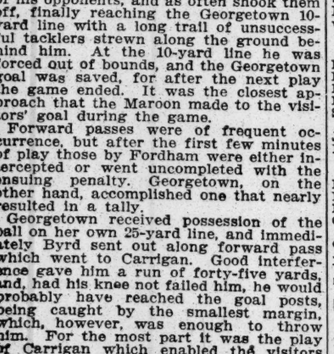
A short time later Fordham looked to have a chance to score, but, being unable to gain through the line, a forward pass was tried on Georgetown's 18-yard line, which was intercepted by Barricello.

In the second half, after Carrigan had broken through Fordham's left tackle for a sensational run of fifty-five yards to his opponent's 30-yard line, Byrd fumbled on the next line-up and Fordham took the leather.

The line-up and summary:

Fordham.	Position.	Georgetown.
J. McCarthy	Left end	Baricello
Kelleher	Left tackle	Danton
Scanlon	Left guard	Daley
Barrett	Centre	Feena
Garubbi	Right guard	Fitzgerald
O'Toole	Right tackle	Wynart
McCaffery	Right end	Sitterding
Gargan	Quarter back	Byrd
S. McCarthy	Left half back	Carter
G. Walsh	Right half back	Carrigan
E. Walsh	Full back	Vyman

Substitutes—White for Gargan, Stohlman for Dailey, Tollard for O'Toole. Referee—Mr. Tom Thorpe, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Phillips of Haverford. Head Linesman—E. J. Glennon. Time of Halves—Twenty-five minutes.



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CLINTON TROUNCES HARRIS.

Scholastic Struggle at American League Park Won by 35 to 0.

The Townsend Harris football warriors were helpless yesterday morning at American League Park in their struggle with the strong De Witt Clinton eleven, the final score being 35 to 0, in favor of the Fifty-ninth Street schoolboys. During the first half Townsend Harris showed their best form, holding their opponents to 11 to 0, but the second period found them considerably weaker, and Clinton scored rapidly.

For a few minutes in the first half it appeared that Harris might put forth a struggle that would cause their opponents in red some inconvenience, but a costly fumble on Clinton's 12-yard line, after the ball had been placed in that position as a result of two clever forward passes that advanced the leather from midfield, robbed them of their only chance to cross the Clinton goal line. From that point on it was a veritable slaughter, with Clinton denied substantial gains only a few times by the Townsend Harris men.

The playing of Adams, the Harris full back, stood out as prominently effective in the defensive tactics of his team, a number of times his clever breaking through demoralizing the Clinton play. Had Harris a team made up to Adams's quality it would have been a different story yesterday, and Harris might have have returned the winner. In the make-up of the Clinton eleven Vanderwater displayed exceptional ability as a ground-gainer, and when a long gain through the line was called for he was invariably given the leather, and usually made the required distance.

The line-up and summary:

Clinton.	Position.	Townsend.
Telfer	Left end	Stumpf
Wiener	Left tackle	Wright
Richards	Left guard	Mayer
Rashbaum	Centre	Schneider
Simons	Right guard	Mackay
Johnston	Right tackle	Edwards
Gunn	Right end	McCusker
Nealis	Quarter back	Cohen
Ruttenberg	Left half back	Pollock
Rosza	Right half back	McNally
Vanderwater	Full back	Adams

Touchdowns—Vanderwater, 4; Ruttenberg, Wiener. Goals from touchdown—Johnston, 5. Substitutes—Smith for Adams, Pollock for Cohen, Adams for Pollock, Surberg for Rosza, Ton for Stumpf. Referee—Ed. Thorpe, Manhattan. Umpire—Mr. Robinson, Bucknell. Field Judge—Mr. Bryant of Clinton. Time of halves—Twenty-five minutes.

COMMERCIAL'S EASY WIN.

Morris High Defeated in Football Game at Polo Grounds, 22 to 0.

The annual interscholastic football game yesterday between Morris High and Commercial Schools at the Polo Grounds resulted in an easy victory for the latter by the score of 22 to 0. Morris High was never in danger from the start, and had their opponents on the jump during the entire game. Only twice did the Morris schoolboys reach the Commercial 15-yard line.

Commercial's victory was largely due to the effective use of the forward pass, which was directly responsible for three of the four touchdowns scored. Archibald, left end, and Scheval and Hirshman, half backs, did the most effective work for the winning team. The former seldom failed to get his man in a tackle, and was well down the field on punts, while Scheval and Hirschman did the bulk of the line plunging.

Morris High scored the first touchdown after ten minutes' play, a 30-yard forward pass preceding the plunge through the line, which scored the touchdown. Eight minutes later Hirschman carried the ball over the line for a second touchdown. In the second half Belanio was pushed through the centre for a touchdown, and a few minutes later Scheval duplicated the play. Just before the end of the game Morris High tried for a field goal, which was blocked.

The line-up and summary:

Morris High.	Position.	Commercial.
Logan	Left end	Archibald
Phillipi	Left tackle	Bryan
Mechert	Left guard	Peterson, Gally
Henderson	Centre	Strong
Spanier	Right guard	McLaughlin, Tostman
Jorgenson	Right tackle	Weber
Haughey, Carson	Right end	Walters, Simpson
Huntley	Quarter back	Cherr
Donohue	Left half back	Scheval
Majewski	Right half back	Hirschinan
Corbett, Farnum.	Full back	Belanio

Touchdowns—Weber, (2,) Hirschinan, Belanio. Goals from touchdowns—Scheval, (2.) Referee—C. W. Mitchell, Cascadilla School. Umpire—W. D. Pulvermacher. Time of game—Two 25-minute halves.

Erasmus Breaks Even with Manual.

Manual Training High School and Erasmus Hall played a tie game at Saratoga Park yesterday afternoon, the score being 5 to 5. Erasmus tallied early in the first half, and Manual made the contest even in the second. The game drew one of the largest crowds that ever witnessed the annual match—7,000 persons being in the stands. The line-up:

Erasmus.	Position.	Manual.
Gallow	Left end	Ferris
Riemer	Left tackle	Hendrickson
Richter	Left guard	Robb
Rich	Centre	Kinney
Squires	Right guard	Williamson
Castato	Right tackle	Perkins
Moore	Right end	Hart
Campbell	Quarter back	M. Cassidy
McKinney	Left half back	Bowerman
Hungon	Right half back	Foley
Nemith	Full back	Farley

Touchdown—Nemith and Farley. Referee—Dave Fultz, Brown. Umpire—Mr. Murphy, Pennsylvania. Field Judge—Mr. Fauer, Oberlin. Head Linesman—Mr. Goote. Time of halves—Twenty-five minutes.

Boys' High Slaughters "Poly Prep."

In the annual gridiron clash between Boys' High School and Poly Prep at Washington Park, Brooklyn, yesterday, the representatives of the former school won an easy victory over the Poly Prep men by a score of 31 to 6. At the end of the first half Boys' High was in the lead by 15 to 6. The second half saw the complete demoralization of the Poly Prep combination. Bisson, the Boys' High left half back, was injured during the game, his shoulder being dislocated. The line-up:

Boys' High.	Position.	Poly Prep.
Taylor	Left end	Norris
D. O'Brien	Left tackle	Droerschuck
Haviland	Left guard	Meiser
Wolff	Centre	Carlin
Ranbusch	Right guard	Cooke
P. O'Brien	Right tackle	Heuner
Taber	Right end	Kleinert
Collins	Quarter back	Gallagher
Bisson	Left half back	Ravenshall
Fonda	Right half back	Pitcher
Scholkow	Full back	Cendoya

Touchdowns—Droerschuck, D. O'Brien, Taber, Scholkow, (3.) McGibney. Goals from touchdowns—Cendoya and Taber. Referee—E. Thorpe, Manhattan. Umpire—Mr. Williams of Oberlin. Substitutes—McTiernan for Taylor, McGibney for Taber, Taber for Collins, Froelick for Bisson, Vanriper for Fonda, Street for Norris, Wessenger for Cendoya. Time of halves—Twenty-five minutes.

No More Football Under Present Rules

SCRANTON, Penn., Nov. 2.—Announcement was made to-day by the Faculty of St. Thomas de Aquinas College that the football schedule for the remainder of the season had been canceled, owing to the numerous fatal accidents which have occurred. It was also stated that the college would not be represented by another eleven until the game is modified.

Donovan to Lead Boston Americans.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Following Fred Lake's resignation yesterday as manager of the Boston American League Baseball team, Patrick J. Donovan to-day signed a contract to manage the team next year. Lake's resignation was due to a disagreement with President John I. Taylor of the Boston American team as to the salary to be paid the manager for next year. The salary to be paid Donovan was not announced. Donovan was manager of the Brooklyn National League team from 1906 to 1908, and last season acted as scout for the Boston Americans.

Conroy Takes Mott Haven Run.

A. Conroy won the cross-country run yesterday of the Mott Haven Athletic Club. Twenty-three runners started over the course, which was laid out from 138th Street and Jerome Avenue to 171st Street and Concourse Avenue and return, a distance of six miles. Conroy and H. Runt, his clubmate, led the entire distance. Near the finish Conroy sprinted and won by two yards after a desperate finish with Runt. G. Ranfsider, Mohawk A. C., was third, ten yards behind Runt.

Demarest Plays Good Billiards.

Calvin Demarest of Chicago, former amateur champion, last night defeated S. Dantunkle at Daly's billiard academy, Broadway and Forty-ninth Street, by the score of 300 to 30 at 18.2 balkline. Demarest was in splendid form, averaging 30, with a high run of 124. Danfunkle totaled 10 as his best single contribution and averaged 3 8-9. Demarest will play each night this week, in preparation for the Roomkeepers' Tournament at Madison Square Garden Concert Hall during the week of Nov. 22.

FIELD GOAL BEATS WESLEYAN TEAM

New York University Eleven Wins Clever Game on Ohio Field by One Point.

LOCALS START UNSTEADILY

Yule Lifts Ball Over Bar from 30-Yard Line, Making a Thrilling Period in New York's Play.

The New York University eleven added another victory to her credit, by defeating Wesleyan on Ohio field yesterday afternoon, by a score of 13 to 12.

The beginning of the game looked very discouraging for New York, for Wesleyan scored her 12 points in the first ten minutes of play. From this stage on New York had the better of the decisions. The New York lads picked up, or at least recovered from their stage fright, by pushing Wesleyan back of her own goal line for two safeties. After a punting contest in midfield New York recovered the ball and by line plunging pushed Wesleyan back for a touchdown, with but a few minutes to play. In the very shadow of the goal posts, Yule, New York's full back, kicked a pretty goal. Wesleyan then kicked off, and by line plunging carried the pigskin to New York's 35-yard line when the half ended. The score was 12 to 10 in Wesleyan's favor.

Thrills came in plenty from five thousand throats, when New York in the beginning of the second half ran the leather to Wesleyan's 30-yard line. Here Yule scored three more points by kicking a clever field goal. This ended the scoring for the day.

The rest of the game was a surprising demonstration in a way of how minor teams have taken to the revised rules, which were devised so largely for their benefit. Forward passes and onside kicks were used frequently and with good effect, particularly by New York, which was lucky in having as good a pair of ends as Crawford and Capt. Wheeler. From tackle to tackle the New York line was outweighed by 10 pounds to a man, but the light forwards of the local team were on their toes all the time, and broke through time and gain. Wesleyan had a fine punter in Full Back White, but he had wretched protection on his kicks, and many a time was blocked by the New York University players.

Yule was easily the star for New York, making the only touchdown, besides picking a field goal and a goal. Pazzetti was the star for Wesleyan. Elliffee, right half for New York, and Rice, left half for Wesleyan, were injured while tackling. The line-up:

N. Y. University.	Position.	Wesleyan.
Wheeler, Deutcher.	Left end	Schlee
Brennan	Left tackle	Bernhart
Henneberger	Left guard	Parkinson
Cooney	Centre	Mitchell
Mackay	Right guard	Joy
Vesley	Right tackle	Durling
Crawford	Right end	Boyd
Nixon	Quarterback	Pazzetti, Bacon
Gorsh	Left half back	Rice
R. Elliffe		
Galloway	Right half back	McCaffery
Yule	Full back	White

Touchdowns—Yule, (1,) Schlee, (1.) White, (1.) Goals—Yule, 1; Pazzetti, 2. Safeties—Vestey, 1; Cooney, 1. Referee—Louis Quill, Yale. Umpire—Mr. Saunders, Columbia. Head linesman—Mr. Rust, New York University. Timer—Mr. Newins, New York University.

Harvard's Hardest Scrimmage of Year.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 2.—Harvard 'Varsity went through the hardest workout of the season to-day, the scrimmage lasting fully fifty minutes. The men showed no effect of what they passed through for the last three days. The regulars scored four touchdowns and could have added to that number if the coaches had not warned them to go slow. O'Flaherty, P. Withington, an P. D. Smith enjoyed a layoff. Perkins was at centre and held his own. Wigglesworth and Gallatti alternated in running the eleven, but the men under them seemed strangers to the confidence usually displayed when the regular quarterback is at the helm. Long, Leslie, and Minot formed the back field. The giant full back tore and battered the second team for ten and fifteen-yard gains repeatedly, going into the play hard and low. Stowe was at fullback. Withington's place at left guard, while the ex-oarsman took Capt. Fish's place at right tackle and opened up big holes for his half backs. The forward pass was tried but little. Once or twice Minot relayed it to L. Withington, but only for short gains.

Yale Beats Scrubs 10 to 5.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 2.—In the practice game at Yale Field this afternoon, the 'Varsity defeated the scrubs by a score of 10 to 5. The two touchdowns by the 'Varsity were made in secret practice. The scrubs' touchdown was made after the gates were opened on a forward pass on the five-yard line. A new formation was used, in which Hobbs dropped back from tackle for a place kick and Coy went up into the line. During the scrimmage Paul's knee was injured, and Greenough took his place at right tackle. Vaughan played in place of Kilpatrick.

Navy Scrubs Defeat First Team.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 2.—Football practice went on at the Naval Academy in the accustomed way this afternoon, there being no letup on account of the Army-Navy game being canceled. There was a good game against the scrubs, and the latter carried off the honors. Whiting, who played half back on the scrub, got around the first team end and ran eighty yards for a touchdown, the only one in the game. Irwin was quarter back of the first team, Battle playing on the scrubs. Irwin is a stocky fellow, much stronger in appearance than any of the other candidates for the position. He is a brother of "Red" Irwin, for several years a noted guard on the West Point team. Capt. Meyer, Reinsicke, Reifsnider, and Cobb were the regulars who are still out of the game.

Scrubs Near Tigers' Goal.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Hart Read, McCrohan, and Dawson were not in the scrimmaging to-day on account of bruises received in the game on Saturday, but all the rest of the 'Varsity regulars lined up against the freshmen. The work was not of a high order, and with the exception of the fine playing of Ballin, Welch, Devitt, King, and Gill, all of whom were tried at end, there was not much of interest. Cunningham played his usual steady game and made two touchdowns. The other backs were Sparks, Garrett, Matthews, Woodle, and Bard, while Bergen again handled the team at quarter. Following the game with the freshmen, the 'Varsity again lined up against the scrubs. Bard made one touchdown, but the scrubs were twice near the 'Varsity's goal.

Princeton and Montclair A. C. Tie.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 2.—The soccer football teams of the Montclair Athletic Club and Princeton played a tie game this afternoon, the score being 2 to 2. At the end of the first period each team had scored a point, and while the Tigers took the lead in the second period, the score was again made a tie near the close of play. Boyd and Fell made the Princeton tallies, and Ralitzer and Well scored for Montclair.

Victory for Military Lads.

The New York Military Academy eleven yesterday defeated the Hudson River All-Scholastic team at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson by the score of 18 to 0.

MOTORCYCLIST HURT.

W. Hubschmidt Thrown During Race at the Guttenburg Track.

William Hubschmidt, Harlem Motor Cycle Club, narrowly escaped fatal injuries yesterday at the second day's meet of the New Jersey Motor Cycle Club at the Guttenburg (N. J.) track. Hubschmidt was thrown from his motor cycle in the fifth lap of the five-mile amateur race and was picked up unconscious. He was attended by Dr. J. P. Thornley, who was honorary referee of the race, and afterward taken to Hudson County Hospital, Union Hill, where it was found he was suffering from a slight concussion of the brain and contusions. He was resting easily last night, and the house physician, Dr. Stillwagen, said Hubschmidt would probably be discharged some time to-day.

Hubschmidt was in second position when the accident occurred. The stand of A. McDougal's machine broke, and, as he attempted to stop the motor cycle, he was thrown to the track. Hubschmidt was close behind and was unable to avoid a collision. The machine hit McDougal's wheel and the rider was thrown a distance of fully twenty feet, describing a complete somersault in his fall. McDougal escaped with slight injuries.

In the twenty-fourth mile of the final race, a 50-mile handicap, W. Goerke, Brooklyn Motor Cycle Club, ran into the bank of the track and was thrown. He escaped unhurt. Not more than 500 persons witnessed the races, which were all well contested. The summaries:

Five-mile Scratch Race, Open to Amateur Owners.—Won by F. Hart, Federation of American Motor Cyclists; H. Fox, Federation of American Motor Cyclists, second; J. Buckingham, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club, third. Time—5:53 1-5.

One-mile Time Trial, Open.—Won by W. Goerke, Brooklyn Motor Cycle Club; time, 0:59. A. G. Chappel, New York Motor Cycle Club; time, 1:02 1-5, second. H. O'Brien, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club; time, 1:03 4-5, third.

Five-mile Scratch Race, Open to Trade Riders. Won by A. G. Chappel, New York Motor Cycle Club; W. Goerke, Brooklyn Motor Cycle Club, second; J. Bender, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club, third. Time—5:27.

Three-mile Scratch Race, Amateur Owners.—Won by E. Swain, New York Motor Cycle Club; G. Reichey, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club, second; W. H. James, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club, third. Time—4:09 2-5.

Three-mile Match Race.—Won by W. H. James, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club; G. Gifford, City Motor Cycle Club, second; E. Swain, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club, did not finish. Time—4:01 4-5.

Fifty-mile Race, Open to Trade Riders and Amateur Owners.—Won by A. G. Chappel, New York Motor Cycle Club; H. O'Brien, New Jersey Motor Cycle Club, second; W. Goerke, Brooklyn Motor Cycle Club, third. Time—58:23 2-5.

DRAG HUNT ON LONG ISLAND.

Several Riders Come Croppers, but Escape Injury in Long Run.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Nov. 2.—What was probably one of the best election day drag hunts that has been held for some years on Long Island was seen to-day, and the high-class hunting horses divided honors with scores of automobiles that rushed over the near-by highways with parties of women in order to see the hunters "timber top" some fifty-four fences that loomed up between the starting point, the Red Bridge, at Westbury, and the finish, the Tabor Willets farm at Roslyn. The drag hunt was held without a check, and was replete with some exceptionally fine sport.

Malcolm Stevenson, the master of hounds, came a cropper when his hunter took off too quickly at the double jump on the Jericho Turnpike, and H. E. Drier and MacPherson Kennedy also fell near the country place of Robert Bacon, the recently appointed Ambassador to France. All the riders were, however, no sooner out of the saddle than they were in again, and soon managed to catch up with the field, and were in at the death.

Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Miss Cary, and Miss Cornelia Bryce rode exceedingly clever hunters, and were among the first to finish. The others were: Raymond Belmont, Seward Cary, Louis Neilson, W. H. Parks, H. M. Earle, H. E. Drier, William C. Hayes, J. P. Grace, W. R. Grace, Douglass Campbell, and Philip Carroll. Among the automobile parties that followed were those of Mrs. J. B. Smith-Hadden, Mrs. F. Ambrose Clarke, Mrs. Robert Bacon, H. M. Earle, and Malcolm Stevenson.

Rumson Riders in Drag Hunt.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 2.—Over nine miles of the best hunting section in Monmouth County, a dozen riders of the Rumson Country Club followed the hounds of the Monmouth County Hunt Club in an exciting drag this afternoon. Whip and brother Jones rode as master, the start being made from Mr. Jones's country place on Riverside Drive, at 3 o'clock.

The course was along the North Shrewsbury River to Chapel Hill, thence across the farms of Edward Winters and J. A. Haskell and through Middletown Township back to Mr. Jones's place, where luncheon was served. The riders were obliged to make some of the highest fences encountered in any run this season. There were several croppers, but no one was hurt. Perry Beadleston had two falls and Arthur Jones one. Both, however, pluckily finished the trail. Several of the riders found themselves entrapped in the paddocks in crossing the Haskell farm, and there was considerable fun before they succeeded in extricating themselves.

Among the riders were W. S. Jones, Henry Werleman, Charles H. Sabin, W. S. Jones, Jr., Howard Borden, H. E. Meeker, Perry Beadleston, and Arthur Jones.

ARMS OF CRIMINALS SHORT.

French Investigator Finds Just the Contrary of Popular Belief.

A French scientist, Dr. Perrier, has been investigating the question whether criminals have longer arms than the more law-abiding members of the community—that is to say, to what extent, if any, they approach in length of arm the negro and anthropoid ape types. The results obtained are interesting, because they indicate just the opposite to what might have been expected. Dr. Perrier premises that in Europe a normally proportioned man can stretch with arms extended about two and one-half inches more than his height.

Out of 856 prisoners at the Nimes Prison who were examined, he found 11 per cent. could not stretch their own height, i. e., had arms much shorter than usual; in 3 per cent. the measurements were the same, and in 86 per cent. the arm stretch exceeded the height by from one to two inches, or, in other words, their arms were also slightly shorter than the normal.

Distinguishing next between the different classes of crime some curious results are noted. For instance, vagrants who were put to the test were found to have very short arms. Murderers had arms of slightly short or normal length. Those convicted of theft and "moral" crimes approached more nearly to the normal standard, while coiners, on the contrary, were mostly remarkable for very short arms.

Other results obtained are equally entertaining, especially the fact which the learned investigator has discovered, that married criminals have more normal proportions than the single rogue. It suggests possibly that the single man is a born criminal, while the married man has been forced into crime through circumstances, of which his marriage may be one.—London Globe.

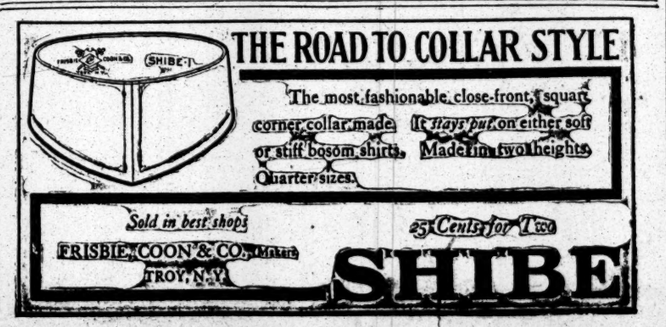
Wholesaler.

"Now let me tell you about my other troubles."

"My friend, you ought not to waste time trying to tell people about your troubles."

"What do you mean?"

"You ought to issue a catalogue."—Washington Herald.



YALE SOCCER TEAM TIES STATEN ISLAND

Cricket Club Men Meet Their Equals in College Eleven, Score Being 1 to 1.

PLAY FAST AND BRILLIANT

Goal-Tenders Kept Busy Blocking Swift and Hard Kicks for Goals —Holbrook's Play Clever.

The Yale soccer team journeyed from New Haven to Livingston, Staten Island, yesterday afternoon to play the Cricket Club's eleven. The game ended with each team having scored one goal. It was a fast, brilliantly played game, which the spectators thoroughly enjoyed. The weather, too, was all that could have been desired, and the turf very fast.

Kaleidoscopic changes were rung almost every minute in the methods and results of attacks. The goal tenders of both teams were extremely busy stopping the swift, hard kicks for goals, and Holbrook, the Yale goal, distinguished himself by some extremely clever footwork.

The body checking of the Yale team was always clean, as was that of its opponents, but the Blue eleven, younger and more alert than the Staten Island team, checked harder and with more successful results, albeit they were penalized a couple of times for too much earnestness in that direction. The passing of both elevens showed lack of practice, and at times an almost fatal lack of team play. Yale has been in the field but a few weeks. Staten Island did not have all its regulars in the game, and showed it at times by some very ragged work. The Yale defense was very much stronger than its attack. In the open the Blue played very cleverly, but down near the goal the work fell off, and several excellent chances to score were thus thrown away. Both the Yale and the Staten Island goals were made in the second half, the first period being scoreless.

Dr. A. Cecil Herbert, a member of the Yale Faculty, who accompanied the New Haven team, was asked for his opinion as to the relative merits of soccer and the present more popular game.

"I am not as familiar with the present college game," he said, "as with soccer and therefore perhaps I am not qualified thoroughly to make the comparison. But it does seem to me that the game this team is playing is preferable to the other from many standpoints.

"It requires to an extreme degree in order that it shall be well played endurance, coolness, and calculation, unselfishness, so that individual work may be subordinated to good team play, and, most of all, pluck. It is not a 'pink tea' affair to get out there on the field and stand against a hard body check and at the same time protect the ball. That takes a very considerable amount of cool-headed nerve.

"Then, again, parents can, with the safety of their sons playing this game absolutely assured, permit them to indulge in it without fear of serious injury overtaking them."

Members of the Yale soccer team bore out Dr. Herbert's testimony. Several of them had played the college game, either in college or at preparatory school, and their opinions were unanimously in favor of soccer as providing all of the exhiliarating, delightful, and sporting qualities which the other game carries. Hyde, who plays right back on the soccer team, rowed in his freshman eight, was goal on the 'Varsity water polo team, and centre on the 'Varsity basket ball team. Without exception, he said, that soccer was the best game he had ever played.

The line-up and summary of the game:

Staten Island C. C.	Position.	Yale.
Ross	Goal	Holbrooke
Steinthal	Right back	Hyde
Tabor	Left back	Foster.
Jenkins, (Capt.).	Right half	Rumsey
De Wilde	Centre half	Goddard
Kistler	Left half	Timm
Roughton	Outside right	Foester
Ledgard	Inside right	Prime
Santer	Centre	Jennings, (Capt.)
Van Laar	Inside left	Thompson
Kaufman	Outside left	Worthington

Goals—Santer, 1; Foester, 1. Time of halves, 35 minutes. Referee—Mr. Ross of States Island Cricket Club. Linesmen—Mr. Hayman for Staten Island, Mr. Hilliar for Yale.

In preparation for the return of the Pilgrims of England, who will play two games in Brooklyn to wind up their tour on Nov. 14 and 16, the Amateur Association Football League arranged for a trial match between picked elevens at Meyerrose Park yesterday, which resulted in a tie between the Manhattan and Brooklyn teams, each side tallying twice.

Goals—Tait and Leggett, Black and MacCulloch. Referee—C. Creighton. Time of Halves—Forty-five minutes.

At Bay Ridge yesterday the eleven of the Crescent Athletic Club met and defeated the Central Branch of the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. by the score of 3 goals to 1.

At Van Cortlandt Park yesterday the Boys' Club Janiors won from the eleven of the Highbridge Reformed Church by the score of 2 goals to 1.

The Bensonhurst Thistles scored a double victory yesterday by defeating Pratt Institute eleven by the score of 5 goals to 0 at Marquette Oval in the morning, and the Boys' Club eleven in the afternoon by the score of 5 goals to 1 at Bensonhurst.

SOCCER PLAYER INJURED.

T. P. Fitchie, Star Forward of Pilgrims, Breaks Ankle.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 2.—T. P. Fitchie, the star forward of the Pilgrims, and one of England's greatest soccer players, broke an ankle in to-day's game at Haverford with the team of the Associated Cricket Club of Philadelphia. He will be out of the game for the remainder of the American tour and probably will never be able to play again.

Playing with only ten men, they defeated the local players 3 goals to 0. Bailey, the fullback on the English team, toward the end of the game dashed past the opposing halfbacks and shot a perfect goal from the forty-yard mark. Captain Milnes of the Pilgrims played a wonderfully defensive game, and Murphy, the goalkeeper for the local team, stopped many of the visitors' trys for goal.

Eastwood, Soare, Littlewort, and Clements of the Pilgrims were already on the hospital list, and Fitchie's injury leaves the visitors with only ten players.

Central Park's First Music Ride.

Indoor riding clubs now figure prominently in New York society amusements, one of the most popular arenas being that of the Central Park Riding Academy, at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, in which the first music ride of the season will be given this evening.

ELECTION DAY GOLF.

Forest Hill's Class Events.

Nearly 200 golfers spent the holiday on the links of the Forest Hill Field Club yesterday. As usual, medal-play handicaps were in order, and special cups were given in both classes. Because of the ruling which does not recognize any net total less than 70, there was a tie in the Class A division between E. A. Geoffroy, 84, 16—68, and A. H. Gussman, 84, 14—70. W. I. Allsopp showed the way in Class B, with a card of 88, 20—68. The ball sweepstakes developed a triple tie between Allsopp, Gussman, and Geoffroy. Following are the leading scores in the various divisions:

CLASS A.

	Gross.	H'cap.	Net.
E. A. Geoffroy	84	16	68
A. H. Gussman	84	14	70
W. R. Delehanty	89	16	73
A. G. Heller	91	16	75
Dr. Haggerty	89	12	77
Robert Gordon	95	18	77
C. A. Whitman	96	18	78
Fred Kreiner	89	11	78
C. W. Romaine	97	15	82
R. R. Young	98	15	83
W. Meeteer	102	17	85

CLASS B.

W. I. Allsopp	88	20	68
J. S. Stillwell	95	22	73
George A. Allsopp	94	20	74
A. B. Brooker	99	24	75
John Leever	94	19	75
L. S. Owen	96	20	76
Arthur Kreiner	100	20	80
G. H. Grundy	101	20	81
A. W. McGonagle	108	27	81
A. H. Blue	101	19	82
F. G. Stone	103	20	83

SWEEPSTAKES.

W. I. Allsopp	88	20	68
E. A. Geoffroy	84	16	68
A. H. Gussman	84	14	70
W. R. Delahanty	89	16	73
G. A. Allsopp	94	20	74
H. C. Vance	91	16	75
A. G. Brooker	99	24	75
L. S. Owen	96	20	76
S. S. Gaylord	99	22	77

Greenwich Members Play for Cups.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 2.—The Greenwich Country Club's Election Day golf competition brought out a field of nearly 100 competitors, who played in two classes for cups presented by J. B. Cobb. Both contests were for thirty-six holes, medal play, with club handicaps, Class A being for those having a handicap of eighteen strokes and under, and Class B for those having handicaps of over eighteen strokes. B. H. Warford won the class A cup and James Pott the Class B cup. The score:

Class A—B. H. Warford, 156, 12—144; J. B. Cobb, 189, 36—153; J. W. Curtiss, 183, 20—163; C. W. Tripps 181, 18—163; S. J. Graham, 159, 0—159; E. S. Fink, 215, 32—183; F. C. Hilliard, 170, 16—154.

Class B—James Pott, 193, 40—153; A. B. Turner, 211, 52—159; J. McE. Bowman, 205, 44—161; Rudolph Croft, 187, 36—151; I. P. Stone, 191, 36—155; L. C. Bruce, 191, 32—159; Clement Ray, 201, 34—167; F. S. Armstrong, 171, 16—155; J. M. Mason, 166, 12—154; James McCutcheon, 197, 40—157; Frank Thorp, 212, 52—160; W. H. Temple, 241, 76—165.

Cup Play at Morristown.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Nov. 2.—A handicap match against bogey for two cups offered by the club was played to-day at the Morris County Golf Club. The first cup was won by H. Ward Ford, who finished 3 up. John T. Gillespie, at 1 up, took the second trophy. Other scores were: E. B. Hall, 3 down; Kinsley Twining, 5 down; Theodore T. White, 1 down; Robert A. Grannis, Jr., 1 down; Morgan K. Smith, even; W. D. Van Derpool, 2 down; D. Hunter McAlpin, 6 down; Frederick H. Thomas, 4 down; Ransom H. Thomas, 8 down; Richard H. Williams, 5 down; Halstead Little, 4 down; S. H. Little, 5 down; George P. Fiske, 7 down; George E. Chisholm, 5 down; Dr. William Hughes, 4 down; Howard Coghill, 5 down; Lloyd Saltus, 3 down; George J. Little, 5 down; P. H. B. Frelinghuysen, 1 down, and Ridley Watts, 1 down.

Capt. Field Wins Rifle Trophy.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Nov. 2.—Dr. Edwin Field, Captain of the Monmouth Cavalry Troop, won the National Rifle Association medal in the annual competition held on the troop's range this afternoon. Capt. Field and Private E. L. Haight tied at 61 for the 200, 300, and 500 yard ranges, but in the shoot-off at 500 yards Capt. Field won by 21 to 17. Sergt. Bennett and Corp. Boskey were next with 59; Sergt. Fitzgibbon, 57; Private Edward Field, 53; Private Kisner, 52; Lieut. Hope, 51; Private J. A. Kennedy and Arthur Swift, 50 each; Private Reckless, 48; Private R. A. Kennedy, 46; Private Pintard, 41; Private Weeks, 39, and Private Cooper, 29.

Trapshooting at Travers Island.

A dozen or more members of the trap-shooting contingent of the New York Athletic

FITZ HERBERT WON FROM END TO END

High Weighted Colt Led All the Way for the Election Day Handicap Prize.

IMPRUDENT'S FILLY STAKES

Added Starters Tangled Race for the Beldame Handicap—Four Aqueduct Post Favorites First.

Fitz Herbert, the champion three-year-old colt of 1909, won the Election Day Handicap from end to end, in impressive style at the Aqueduct track yesterday, and in winning, whatever the other merits of his performance, took a position unique on the turf. None of the horses he beat were great, but, romping out in front as he did from start to finish, Fitz Herbert made concession of more weight than any three-year-old in American racing has ever given away in an open race for all ages, that invited horses of stake class to run. The stake was of importance only because it was the most valuable left of the racing season, but the entry list included the best horses in training, and Fitz Herbert went out for a task such as Luke Blackburn, the most successful three-year-old that ever raced with the best of all ages in handicaps, never attempted. Over the mile and a furlong course, Fitz Herbert, with 129 pounds up, conceded by the scale fifteen pounds to the three-year-old Olambala, regarded as one of the best of the season, and twenty-six pounds to Huck and thirty-seven pounds to Arasee, both four-year-olds and winners recently in good company. Fitz Herbert had not been out in more than a month, and the public generally had misgivings and tried to pick the horse likely to beat him, but Fitz Herbert started favorite for all of that and, without loitering or any effort to make his race easier, took the track at the lifting of the barrier and was never headed, winning going away from his rivals, in the fastest mile and a furlong of the Aqueduct meeting, 1.53.

There was the appearance of a contest for just a furlong, in the middle of the stretch, where Arasee, second and hanging close to the pace, moved up and for a few strides looked to hold the champion. At the first call, however, Fitz Herbert came away again, though, and won by two lengths, Dugan, who returned to riding after a short illness to take the mount, pulling him up so sharply on the post that there was danger of the horses behind jumping on and cutting down the winner. Arasee weakened in the final strides, and Olambala, last into the final furlong, got up on the post to snatch the place by a head. The pace was by Fitz Herbert all the way, the time by furlongs, 0:13, 0:25, 0:36 3-5, 0:48 3-5, 1:00 and 1:20.

A second stake of the card was the Beldame Handicap, five furlongs, for fillies two years old, which produced odd results in that the added starters that ran were more numerous than the horses left in of the original field, with added starters figuring so conspicuously in the result that the pool room bettors were entitled to a shock when the best showing made by any of the horses that they bet on was the third of the Montpelier Stable's Responseful. It was another queer circumstance of the race that two heavily backed horses, Sou, the favorite, and L. O. Appleby's Christina, in consideration of the confidential late preparation they received for the race, were permitted to be led to the post, this causing them to get more backing, with the result that both were left at the post, after they had gyrated there until the starter's patience was exhausted.

Responseful and Imprudent alternated in the lead into the last quarter, where Imprudent got clear in front and won ridden out, by two lengths from Cherryola, which from a bad beginning closed ground resolutely at the finish. Four post favorites were successful, though, aside from Fitz Herbert, all of them had to race home. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upwards; high weights; selling allowances; six furlongs.

H. R. Brandt's Seymour Bentler, bg., 4, by Sain-Grand Lady, 110, (Garner,) 2 to 1 and 4 to 5.....1
Intervene, 110, (Butwell,) 9 to 2 and 8 to 5.....2
Blacksheep, 113, (Glass,) 25 to 1 and 10 to 1.....3

Esoteric, 115, (Bergen,) 4 to 1; Chief Hayes, 115, (Dennison,) 10 to 1; Royal Onyx, 115, (Liebert,) 12 to 5; Homa Run, 113, (Creevy,) 8 to 1; De Kalb, 113, (C. Miller,) 30 to 1; Bon Homme, 110, (Upton,) 12 to 1, and Troublemaker, 113, (Hyland,) 60 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:14 3-5.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; one mile.

A. G. Blakeley's Blackford, b. g., 3, by Clifford-Black Venus, 101, (Glass,) 8 to 10 and out.....1
Siskin, 103, (King,) 5 to 1 and 8 to 5.....2
Norbett, 111, (Butwell,) 6 to 1 and 4 to 5.....3
Right Guard, 99, (Upton,) 300 to 1, also ran. Won handily. Time—1:41.

THIRD RACE.—The Beldame Handicap, for fillies two years old; five furlongs.

W. R. Respass's Imprudent, ch. f., by Dick Welles-Lunette, 105, (Dugan,) 7 to 1 and 2 to 1.....1
Cherryola, 120, (Butwell,) 3 to 1 and 1 to 2.....2
Responseful, 110, (Creevy,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1.....3
Queen's Song, 100, (Glass,) 25 to 1; Flying Footsteps, 104, (Fain,) 10 to 1; Sou, 114, (Ural,) 9 to 5, and Christina, 100, (King,) 5 to 1, also ran. Sou and Christina left at the post. Won ridden out. Time—1:01 3-5.

FOURTH RACE.—The Election Day Handicap, for all ages; one mile and a furlong.

S. C. Hildreth's Fitz Herbert, br. c., 3, by Ethelbert-Morganatic, 129, (Dugan,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 5.....1
Olombola, 114, (Butwell,) 8 to 5 and 1 to 4.....2
Arasee, 97, (Glass,) 12 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3
Huck, 108, (Garner,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won handily. Time—1:53.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of more than one race in 1909, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

Mrs. George E. Perrin's Dandy Dixon, blk. c., 3, by Sir Dixon-Nordica, 108, (Butwell,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.....1
County Fair, 97, (Bergen,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1.....2
Royal Captive, 100, (Creevy,) 3 to 1 and even.....3
Black Oak, 105, (Leach,) 5 to 1; Jack Baker, 105, (Glass,) 8 to 1; Orphan Lad, 103, (Hyland,) 12 to 1; Gloriole, 94, (Russell,) 60 to 1; Eumaymion, 99, (King,) 6 to 1; Winghoeking, 89, (C. Miller,) 6 to 1, and Sandpiper, 89, (Garner,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:48 4-5.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old, special weights; seven furlongs.

Oneck Stable's Petronius, br. g., by Sempronius-Clara Bauer, 100, (Glass,) 2 to 1 and even.....1
Tempter, 108, (Dugan,) 5 to 2 and even.....2
Dixie Dixon, 105, (Butwell,) 11 to 5 and 4 to 5.....3
Master Lismore, 108, (Garner,) 30 to 1; M. R. Williams, 108, (Bergen,) 10 to 1, and Top Notch, 105, (Creevy,) 5 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:28 2-5.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; non-winners at the Aqueduct meeting; selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Castlewood	106	*Lois Cavanagh	98
*Summer Night	90	Quantico	106
Bad News	105	Paradise Queen	103
*Lad of Langden	98	Hans	106

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for two-year-olds; six and one-half furlongs.

Prince Imperial	118	Charlie Hargrave	109
Everett	112	Niagara	90
Anavri	99	Polls	100
Ben Loyal	108	Also eligible:	
Jacquelina	105	Slicker	103
Galley Slave	105	Sandrian	110
Cindy	99	Marigot	97

THIRD RACE.—For mares three years old and upward; selling allowances; one mile.

Queen Marguerite	105	*May Amelia	98
Adriuche	106	*Anna L. Daley	97
*Twilight Queen	95	Jeanne d'Arc	108
St. Jeanne	106	Paradise Queen	103

FOURTH RACE.—The Credmoor Stakes, for two-year-olds; selling allowances; six and one-half furlongs.

Responsful	89	Charlie Hargrave	112
Top Notch	97	*Glennadeane	94
Dullcare	92	Eddie Dugan	97
Pretend	106		

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds; six furlongs.

Rose Queen	119	Bushey Top	90
Corrigan	117	Also eligible:	
Jacquet	106	Prince Gal	112
Hoffman	98	Dr. Holzberg	104
Dr. Barkley	95	El Oro	93
Effendi	104		

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens three years old and upward; special weights; one mile.

Faultless	107	Mono	103
Nunda	105	King's Hill	105
Mugwump	103	Danbury	103
Fonair	105	Right Guard	105
La Bella Agnes	105	Bushey Top	108
Half Blue	105	Danger	108
Tubal	105	Gatlen Lass	105

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

FAUNTLEROY'S WALDEN STAKE

Odds-On Favorite Outclasses Field in Feature Race at Pimlico.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 2.—Election day and beautiful weather brought out the biggest crowd of the meeting at Pimlico to-day. The Walden Stake, the Fall feature at this track, was won by Fauntleroy, the odds-on favorite, without being unduly extended. The race came very near being ruined at the start, one of the assistant starters hanging on a bit too long to Rosshampton, causing him to stumble and throw his jockey.

The Linstead Steeplechase was a spill, every starter taking a tumble except the winner, Magellan. Later the entire field was remounted and finished. The Maryland Club Purse, at a mile and three-sixteenths, went to Juggler in a pretty stretch drive. The summary:

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs; purse $400. Aylmer, 112 pounds, (Goldstein,) 1 to 2 and out, first; Gay Deceiver, 112, (Reiff,) 10 to 1, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Dancerss, 109, (McIntyre,) 10 to 1, 2 to 1, and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:14 4-5. Trudo, Hazel Frost, The Prophet, Kenneth B., and Our Ludie also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; six furlongs; purse $400. Salvolatile, 120 pounds, (Goldstein,) 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and out, first; Takahira, 115, (Reid,) 3 to 1, 4 to 5, and 8 to 10, second; Apologize, 108, (Davenport,) 15 to 1, 4 to 1, and even, third. Time—1:12 4-5. Jolly, Massa, and Jennie Wells also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Selling; Maryland Club Purse; one and three-sixteenths miles. Juggler, 111 pounds, (Rettig,) 11 to 5, 3 to 5, and out, first; Nethermost, 101, (McCahey,) 17 to 10, 1 to 2, and out, second; Rio Grande, 107, (Grand,) 13 to 5, 4 to 5, and out, third. Time—2:01 3-5. Mary Holland and Orcagna also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Lindstead Steeplechase; about two miles; purse $500. Magellan, 182 pounds, (Huppe,) 2½ to 1, 4 to 5, and out, first; Nestor, 137, (Heider,) 2 to 1, 7 to 10, and out, second; Ruxton, 135, (T. Taylor,) 4 to 1, 3 to 2, and out, third. Time—4:48 1-5. Millwork lost rider at ninth jump. Osage lost rider at sixth jump. Ruxton fell at twelfth jump, but was remounted, and finished. Nestor fell, was remounted, and finished.

FIFTH RACE.—The Walden Stake; one mile; purse $1,500. Fauntleroy, 122 pounds, (McCahey,) 1 to 4 and out, first; Bob Co., 112, (G. Burns,) 10 to 1, 8 to 5, and 1 to 2, second; Scarus, 112, (Grand,) 10 to 1, 8 to 5, and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:40 3-5. Chilton Queen also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; one and one-sixteenth miles; purse $500. Ontario, 109 pounds, (Goldstein,) 7 to 5, 8 to 5, and out, first; Campaigner, 109, (Nicol,) 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and 4 to 5, second; Chepontuc, 100, (Davenport,) 30 to 1, 10 to 1, and 5 to 1, third. Time—1:47 3-5. Disobedient, Bobbie Kean, Wilton Lackaye, Robert Cooper, and Dele Strome also ran.

Entries for Pimlico Races.

FIRST RACE.—All ages; six furlongs. Notasulga, 112 pounds; Silverin, Top Notch, Gold Dust, 107 each; The Speaker, 92; King Commoner, 110; John Miller, 113; Everard, 115; Martinez, Lichaco, 95.

SECOND RACE.—Patapsco Hunt, purse; two miles on the flat. Algie, 145 pounds; Peter Young, 147; Dacra, 150; Ruxton, 135; Octopus, 144.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward selling; one mile and seventy yards. Silverin, 97 pounds; King Avondale, 109; Bobbie Kean, Hiacko, 107 each; Stelmwood, 110; Lady Gay Spanker, 104; *Golden Castle, 95; *Elfall, 101; Spanish Prince, 99.

FOURTH RACE.—Glenmore Steeplechase, four-year-olds and upward; two miles. Essex, 163 pounds; Lynnewood, 142; Rye Boy, 155; Waterway, Thistledale, 168 each; Monte Carlo, 161; Valhalla, 152.

FIFTH RACE.—Pimlico Fall Handicap, three-year-olds and upward; one mile and one-half. Gretna Green, 100 pounds; Arondack, 101; Nethermost, 94; Superstition, 101; Taboo, 106; Pins and Needles, 98; Terah, 110; Juggler, 113; Blue Book, 108.

SIXTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Arondack, 102 pounds; Gretna Green, 112; Emperor William, 100; Stanley Fay, 110; Martin Doyle, 115; Howard Shean, 110; Dreamer, 112; High Private, 107.

SEVENTH RACE.—All ages; six furlongs. Hanonia, 107 pounds; Tom Melton, 92; Compton, 95; Racing Bell, 107; Maiestig, 92; Sager, 95; Indian Hunter, 110; Xebec, 107; Judge Ermentrout, 112; Soli, 107; Acumen, 92.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Buster Brown Wins Free-for-All.

RED BANK, N. J., Nov. 2.—Close to 500 persons witnessed four fast trotting events at the fair grounds this afternoon. The feature event was the free-for-all, in which William K. Kelly's Buster Brown defeated Lem Ketcham's Jaro three out of four heats. Mr. Kelly's mare Frances Signal also won the Class C event in three out of four heats. The summaries:

Class A race.

Buster Brown, (W. K. Kelly)	3	1	1	1
Jaro, (Lem Ketcham)	2	2	3	2
Counter Jumper, (W. T. Van Brunt)	1	4	2	3
Iago, (W. T. Van Brunt)	6	5	6	4
Tommy Burns, (Donald Rankin)	4	3	4	

Time—1:06¾; 1:09; 1:06¼; 1:08.

Class B race.

Sunday Evening	1	1	1
Viceroy	2	2	3
Maud	3	3	2

Time—1:11; 1:12¾; 1:13.

Class C race.

Frances Signal	2	1	1	1
Helen Russell, (Charles G. Du Bois)	1	2	2	2
Lazatta	6	5	4	3
Edith R., (Donald Rankin)	3	6	3	5
George L.	5	4	5	4
Sleep Jack	4	3		

Time—1:14¼; 1:12½; 1:12; 1:12¼.

Class 4 race.

Kitty B.	1	1	1
Jack	2	2	2
Prince A.	3	4	4
John D.	5	3	3
Jim Gideon	4	5	5

Time—1:20; 1:20; 1:19.

Horses and Horsemen.

The bidding after the selling mile, won by A. G. Blakeley's Blackford, entered to sell for $1,600 at Aqueduct yesterday, was carried up to $2,500 by Jule Garson, owner of Right Guard, Blakeley then retaining his horse for $5 advance. In retaliation Blakeley claimed for $1,250 Garson's Right Guard, a highly bred three-year-old that the late J. W. Rogers believed to be the best promise of the Whitney yearlings of 1907, and now a gelding and about the most worthless race horse in training.

S. C. Hildreth decided yesterday after Fitz Herbert won the Election Day Handicap, that the colt shall go to Baltimore to keep two stake engagements he has there, and the shipment of the horse will take place as early as possible, so that he may be prepared on the ground.

Jockey E. Dugan, disabled about a week ago while riding Field Mouse in an Aqueduct race, got back to riding yesterday, and with three mounts landed two winners, both in stakes, and a second horse.

Dartmouth Shows Form.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 2.—The Dartmouth line to-day went back to its original form with Capt. Tobin in his old place at left guard and Sherwin at tackle. The team acted as if it had been restored to life and showed high class. The men worked like Trojans and the coaches kept impressing upon them that only one day more of practice remains before the Princeton game and drove them to the limit. The scrimmage consisted of defensive work on the five-yard line. The ball was given to the freshmen on the 'Varsity five-yard line and they were ordered by the coaches to take it over. They crossed the 'Varsity goal line on straight line bucking four times. Following the scrimmage the team went through some very snappy signal practice. Every man followed the ball closely, and it is evident that the men are working into form.

Pennsy Team Has Easy Work.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—Coach Smith of the University of Pennsylvania football team gave the men another period of easy work this afternoon. It was the first time in many days that the team did not go through a scrimmage so early in the week. The afternoon was spent entirely in individual coaching and signal practice. Scott was given a long practice in quick kicking and in catching punts.

The squad was then lined up as two teams and a snappy signal drill followed. Irwin, the big half back, was sent into the line as tackle. The coaches feel that they need another man who can step in and play tackle in case either of the men now playing the positions be put out of the game. Burns has been used all the season as first substitute, but the coachers want two men to fall back on.

Braddock went home just after the Indian game and has not reported yet for practice. He will, however, be back to-morrow. Lamberton also was among the missing, but he, too, will be seen on Franklin Field to-morrow afternoon. The coaches are preparing for the game Saturday with Lafayette. They do not look on the game as being an easy one at all.

Brown Practices In Rain.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 2.—In spite of the heavy rain this afternoon the Brown University squad was given a long and severe practice. Coach Gammons gave nearly all his attention to coaching the players to get under punts. This practice was followed by a long signal drill, and although the wet field slowed the team up considerably, Crother, the new quarter back, worked the team in fine style. His work in the Amherst "Aggie's" game last Saturday has brought him conspicuously before the coaches.

Langford Knocks Out Klondike.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Sam Langford of Boston knocked out Klondike, the Chicago boxer, after seven rounds of a scheduled twelve-round bout at the Armory Athletic Association to-night. Klondike was in first-class condition and made a good showing for six rounds.

THRASHES GAMBLER ON GERMAN LINER

Lieut. Fortescue, Rough Rider and Cousin of Roosevelt, Accuses Player of Cheating.

DECLARES DICE ARE LOADED

They Wrestle in Smoking Room of the Kronprinzessin Cecilie—Gambler Said to Have Cleared $1,000.

The smoking room of the North German Lloyd line steamship Kronprinzessin Cecile during the voyage from Bremen, which ended at this port yesterday, was the scene of a conflict between a man charged with cheating in a dice-throwing contest and Lieut. Granville Fortescue, U. S. A., retired, cousin of President Roosevelt, who alleged he had detected a gambler using loaded dice.

Among the passengers on the Kronprinzessin Cecile was a rather distinguished looking man, slightly past middle age, whose gray moustache gave him a military bearing. He was booked under the name of Gilbert A. Hilton and took a foremost part in the jollities of the smoking room. In this he was assisted by another man, who is supposed to have been his companion.

For most of the voyage Hilton shook dice with the passengers for drinks or an occasional shilling. On Sunday night the stakes were increased, and then Hilton made a clean up. With it came trouble and a thrashing by Lieut. Fortescue.

Hilton was playing dice with G. W. Hay of Philadelphia and some other passengers. The stakes had gone up until the men were throwing "sixes and doubles" for $5 a throw. Hay, it is said, had lost $200 and had given his I. O. U. for $100.

The Lieutenant came into the smoking room and stood for a time watching Henry Clews, Jr., the son of the banker, and James De Wolf Cutting as they played a game of chess. One of the chess players told him that he believed a crooked dice game was going on in the corner. Fortescue went over and stood behind Hilton, watching the play. He soon became satisfied that Hilton was concealing a die in the crook of his little finger. He watched the man throw, and his constant winning convinced him that there was something wrong. He leaned over quickly and grasped the player's hand.

"You dirty crook," he said, and in a second both men were struggling half over the table.

Hilton tried savagely to break from the grasp of the other, and the Lieutenant was fighting hard to get possession of the dice he believed loaded. Fisticuffs ensued, and Fortescue was having the best of the encounter when those in the room tore the men apart.

After it was over Capt. Hogemann sent for the men. The skipper gave orders that the lucky player be excluded from the smoking room, and advised him not to try to enter it again. To the losers the Captain pointed out that there was nothing he could do, as a notice against professional card players had been posted, and it was the business of passengers to exercise care when they elected to play with strangers.

In addition to the $200 in cash and the $100 represented by an I. O. U. which Mr. Hay lost to Hilton, Richard Koller, another passenger, is said to have lost $75 and a man named Miller $200 to him. In all it is supposed that the dicethrower cleaned up nearly $1,000.

In spite of the showing up and the warning of the Captain, Hilton yesterday approached Hay on deck and demanded that he settle for his I. O. U.

"You brass up or I will blow you up on the pier," he said.

Mr. Hay is said to have asked for police protection in case the irate gambler attempted to molest him. He compromised with him, however, for the I. O. U., giving him $25.

When the steamship arrived at her pier yesterday morning Hilton got ashore quickly, leaving behind a hat box and a valise. Up to a late hour he had not returned to have them examined by the Customs Inspectors. Fortescue, Hay, and others talked frankly of the incident, but deplored publicity.

Lieut. Fortescue resigned from the army in 1905, after he had been named as co-respondent in the suit for divorce brought by Major Elmore Taggart against his wife in Wooster, Ohio. He served in Cuba as Corporal in Roosevelt's Rough Riders. He was detached from his command in 1908, and detailed as aid at the White House.

Expects Nations to Agree on Patents.

Edward Bruce Moore, who has been abroad to effect preliminary arrangements looking toward international agreements on patents, returned yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He visited Denmark, Russia, Sweden, France, Belgium, and Spain. He said that the prospects were good for international protection of patent rights. He was confident that other countries would enact such a law as exists in Great Britain.

Liner Lost Buoy Found in France.

Capt. Hogemann of the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie on his arrival here yesterday was rather surprised to learn of the finding of one of the vessel's life buoys on the Normandy Coast, and the rumor that his vessel had been in trouble. He said that last May a great circular buoy fastened to the stern of the Cecilie was torn away by a storm. It must have been this buoy, he thinks, that finally drifted upon the Normandy Coast. The liner met with much bad weather in crossing.

COURT'S GRAMMAR NOT BAD.

Decision Called Grotesque by Supreme Court Lucid English.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The only surprise expressed among lawyers here at Chief Justice Fuller's order yesterday dismissing the petition of the Yellow Polar Llumber Company for a writ of certiorari because of the impertinent language used in the petitions is that the counsel for the petitioner did not receive severer treatment. The petition, which asked for a review of the proceedings by which a controversy involving a large lumber contract had been decided against the company, characterized a decision of the Court of Appeals for the Fourth Judicial Circuit as "grotesque" and "ungrammatical," and cited lengthy passages to prove this contention. It was stricken from the docket, "in order," the Chief Justice said, "to protect the records of the case from scandal."

As a matter of fact, the passages of the decision to which the petition took exception on the score of grotesqueness and lack of grammatical purity, whatever may be their legal value, to the layman read like clear English, though from one citation of an obvious typographical error, where the phrase "contenting ourselves" is printed 'contending ourselves," lawyers take the view that petitioner's counsel were merely making sport of their task. The lawyers involved are George S. Wright, Robert E. O'Hanly, and Harvey I. Hall.

"If any one but a Philadelphia lawyer," says the petition, after quoting a page of apparently lucid English, "can make head or tail out of that sentence, we would like to be presented with a diagram of the analysis."

An example of sprightly use of language on the part of the petitioner's counsel is the following in support of the plea for the writ: "Because your petitioners are being deprived of their property without due process of law, the decision and opinion in the case having manifestly been rendered without examination or understanding of the record and utterly without consideration of the authorities upon which the decision should have been based, petitioner is being judicially robbed without even having had their day in court."

The bench of the Fourth Circuit Court includes Chief Justice Fuller and Judges Goff and Pritchard. None of the lawyers were present when Justice Fuller dismissed the petition.

JEROME'S FUTURE PLANS.

Report That He Will Join Rand & Kresel for Law Practice.

It was reported last night on good authority that District Attorney Jerome will form a partnership for the practice of law with William Rand, Jr., and Isadore J. Kresel as soon as his present term of office expires. Neither Mr. Jerome, Mr. Rand, nor Mr. Kresel could be reached over the telephone to confirm the report.

Mr. Rand was formerly associated with Mr. Jerome as Assistant District Attorney, but has not held the office for some years. Mr. Kresel is at present an Assistant District Attorney.

SUNSPOTS AND THE WEATHER

Electrons Discharged Cause Thunderstorms and Gloomy Days.

The cause of the recent magnetic storm which disturbed magnetic instruments and the telegraph service over a large part of the earth's surface, and was in many places accompanied by brilliant aurorae, has, by a fairly general consent, been considered as bound up in some way with the intense activity on the sun's surface at the time. At Greenwich Observatory photographs were obtained of an immense sunspot, which, although not the largest on record, had an area of 600,000 square miles, or about three times the surface of the globe.

The connection between sunspots and weather has not received the same attention as that beween sunspots and magnetic storms, and is not so clear, although there are many points in the theory which accounts for sunspots which seem to suggest a possible influence upon weather. Sunspots are evidences of solar radioactivity, and electrons are shot off at extremely high velocities. If any of these electrons enter the earth's atmosphere they might not only account for magnetic storms, but also for rain and thunder storms and sunless days.

Electrons, it is known, form nuclei for the condensation of moisture, and hence upon entering the atmosphere it is quite possible that they are therefore instrumental in forming clouds, which screen off the sun and produce cold and cheerless days. Furthermore, not only clouds but actual downpourings of rain might follow. Indeed, it is almost difficult to see how such effects would not inevitably follow when these electronic discharges occur.

Moreover, it must be pointed out that such effects may be quite independent of magnetic storms, though these would probably occur when the electronic discharges reached a certain pitch. The effects would differ in different places and at different times, just as the effects of a magnetic storm vary in different parts of the globe.

These considerations give color to the suggestion that electronic discharges from the sun may play a more intimate part in the distribution of weather on the earth than has hitherto been admitted.—London Daily Mail.

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FIFTY ITALIANS ROBBED OF $15,000

Railroad Laborers Held Up in Their Living Quarters and Bound and Gagged.

MONEY AND VALUABLES GONE

One by One They Were Carried Out and Thrown Into a Shanty Near the Tracks.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Fifty Italian laborers living in a shanty near Glen Rock, about five miles north of Paterson, were held up and robbed of nearly $15,000 last night by four men who were armed with revolvers and knives. The robbers bound and gagged their victims and fled, leaving no trace. The robbery did not become known until 5 o'clock this morning, when one of the laborers freed himself and ran to Police Headquarters in Ridgewood and notified Police Chief Hulls.

The police found forty-nine men lying on the floor of the shanty tied with ropes. They were employed by the North Jersey Construction Company to build a new trolley line between Paterson and Suffern, and were housed together alongside the Bergen County short cut of the Erie Railroad.

Many of the laborers were preparing for bed, others were sitting around playing cards, when there came a knock at the door. Four men stood there and represented themselves to be officers of the Federal Government who had been sent to investigate a report that liquor was being served there without a license. The visitors asked for "the boss," and the man who said he was in charge was called outside.

A revolver was thrust in his face, and he was told if he said a word he would be killed. Then he was tied hand and foot and hustled to a neighboring shanty. The highwaymen returned in a few minutes and asked that another of the laborers come out. He was treated in a similar manner.

When the fourth was called out the suspicions of the laborers were aroused, but they were prevented from making a move by three of the highwaymen who locked the door and warned the frightened laborers that if they moved they would be "shot like dogs."

One by one they were gagged, securely bound, and carried out and thrown into the shanty which was used as a storehouse. The robbers then rifled the clothing of the laborers, getting all of their savings. Some of the pockets were cut out and used to carry the plunder.

According to a statement by Police Chief Hullis, $1,468.71 was taken in cash, besides watches and all valuables that were in trunks.

The Italians were able to give a good description of the thieves, as they worked without masks. Some of the men who were disposed to offer resistence were badly beaten.

Artist Gilbert White Returns.

Gilbert White, the artist, and his wife returned from abroad last night on the steamship Potsdam. While Mr. White went over on business, it was really a honeymoon trip, for just before he sailed from here some weeks ago he married Miss Mary Geary. Mr. White is painting the mural paintings for the State Capitol of Kentucky. He brings back with him two canvases, one representing the discovery of Kentucky by Boone, and the other Pennsylvania.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

11—The State of Louisiana ex rel Louis A. Hubert, receiver, plaintiff in error, vs. The Mayor and Council of the City of New Orleans.—Argument continued for the defendants in error and concluded for the plaintiff in error.

18—Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, plaintiff in error, vs. J. P. Kirven.—Argument concluded for the plaintiff in error and continued for the defendant in error. Leave granted plaintiff in error to file additional brief before the 8th inst.

19—Union Pacific Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Morris Harris et al.—Argued for the plaintiff in error and submitted for the defendants in error.

1, original—The state of Maryland, complainant, vs. The State of West Virginia.—One hour additional each side allowed for argument. Argument commenced for complainant. Adjourned until to-morrow.

Day call for Wednesday: Nos. 1, original, 40, 21, 22, 23, 359, (and 377,) 25, 26, 27, (and 28,) 29.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Preferred calendar. 126—Simon v. D. L. & W R. R. 95—Addig v. Tull. 169—Wood v. Sanitary Devices. 170—Siegel-Cooper v. Continental Paper. 174—Manufacturers Com Co v. Klotz. 176—Warren v. Mallonee. 182—Seal v. N Y, N H & H R R. 184—Williamson v. Ortiz. 186—Underwood v. N Y, N H & H R R. 3—Int Banking Corpn v. Payne. 1—Russell v. Erie R R. 61—Pritchard v. Gambrill. 88—Pratt v. North German Lloyd. 90—Cowen v. Underwood Const Co. 15—Alexandre v. Alexandre. 16—Erickson v. Stern. 17—O'Hearn v. O'Hearn. 18—Lens v. Lens. 19—McAutchen v. Wolf. 20—Met Printing Co v. Sloan. 21—N Y Trust Co v. Thomas. 22—Brandt v. Levy. 23—Eighmy v. Hill. 24—Strauss v. Hanover Rity Co. 25—Wehner v. Wehner. 26—Momand v. Momand. 27—Brickman v. Cong Shoiuan, &c. 28—Wehner v. Wehner. 29—In re Shidlovsky. 30—Rosenthal v. Levine. 31—Wittner v. Hofstatter. 32—Hawkins v. Hawkins. 33—Heine v. Lieberknecht. 34—Thomas v. Thomas. 35, 36—In re Am Surety Co. 37—In re Wilkens. 38—In re Kelly. 39 Feisinger v. Feisinger. 40—Brodie v. Towne. 41—In re Tranter. 42—Golef v. N Y, N H & H R R. 43—Thompson Co v. O'Hare. 44—Fitchett v. McCrea. 45—Burns Co v. McCrea. 46—Aaronson v. Goldstein. 47—Murphy v. N Y C & H R R. 48—City of N Y v. Lawson. 49—Dressel v. Glatt. 50—Stanberg v. Andrews. 51—Hunter v. Hunter. 52—Finley v. Sweetser. 53—Wildey v. Pflumm. 54—Caughey v. Lewis. 55—Rienzler v. Linck. 56—Thompson v. Miner. 57—Enright v. Boyd. 58—Kossower v. Meyer Co. 59—In re Frankel. 60—Welch Motor Car Co v. Brady & Son Co. 61—Brower v. Bronx Realty Co. 65—Benedict v. Boyne. 63—U S News Co v. The Roycrofters. 64—Castell v. Hutchins. 65—Herbert v. Knick Trust Co. 66—Smith v. Allen. 67—Saul v. Klein. 68—Butterick Pub Co v. Lindau. 69—Sturzenegger v. Kilpatrick. 70—Murphy v. Murphy. 71—Cohen v. Cong Adath Yeshurun. 72—In re Whitney. 73—Forest v. Smith. 74—Mitchell v. Murray. 75—Skidmore v. Guental. 76—Hotel Register Realty Corp v. McGough. 77—Wolpin Bath Co v. Friedman. 78—Crueger v. Whitridge. 79—U S News Co v. the Roycrofters. 80—Kirschenbaum v. Dolinear Sick, &c. Soc. 81—Powell v. Powell. 82—City of N Y v. Lipshitz. 83—Mabin v. Mabin. 84—Rothenberg v. Arofiovitz. 85—Lavery v. Wilson. 86—Creatore v. Creatore. 87—Stone v. Stone. 88—Sarnoff v. Hammer. 89—Stewart v. Solomon. 90—Dykes v. Freed. 91—Friedman v. Meyer Realty Co. 92—State Stenographer v. State Law Reporters. 93—Cohn v. Jones. 94—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 95—In re Wilken.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Truax, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Motions. Demurrer: 2236—Witherbee v. Bowles. Preferred causes: 3859—Weinstein v. Folbe. 4030-31-32—Montague v. Hotel Gotham Co. 2124—Rosenfield v. Fiest. General calendar: 2513—Geisman & Musliner v. Haber. 2108—Jacobs v. Jacobs. 2724—Graham v. Graham. 352—Fargon v. Indiana Territory, &c, Co. 2505—Cohen v. Cohen. 855—Daly v. Seaman. 2081—Finkler v. Cohen. 2727—Feinsob v. Teichman. 1215—Mittenberger v. Wolff. 2677—Lasser v. Lasser. 1294—Leask v. McCarthy. 2648—Axtell v. Axtell. 2745—Barnes v. King. 2066—Stuart v. Hillary. 2061—Wagner v. Zgiobicki. 2695—Kerker v. Levy. 3823—Rubenstein v. Radt. 1716—Candee, Smith & Howland v. City of N Y. 1808—McLaughlin v. Berliner. 3347—Ungrich v. Ungrich, Jr. 2728—Kelms v. Kelrms. 1141—Wolfarth v. Nat Export Assn of Am Mfrs. 2649—Hoffman v. Dalco. 2680—Lippiatt v. Lippiatt. 714—Root v. Lane. 2464—Henkel v. Henkel. 553—Spearing v. Appleby. 597—Polock v. Gold. 2284—Buellsbach v. Calumet Const Co. 2235—Naprstek v. Naprstek. 2245—Dunham v. Koster. 2250—Gross v. Neiman. 2203—Dixon v. Thompson. 1215—Hirsch Lumber Co v. Hubbell. 2692—Bloomingdale v. McKinley Storage and Van Co. 2694—Koop v. Dav

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$5,000 Hudson Navigation 6s, 1938
100 Hudson & Manhattan Com.
100 Kas. City, Mex. & Orient Com.
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60 New York Curtain
60 National Water Com.
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100 San Diego Gas & Elec. Com.
100 San Diego Gas & Elec. Pfd.
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100 Tri City Ry. & Lt. Com.
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CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Trading on the local Exchange to-day, while active, was confined to a very few stocks. United Box Board monopolized the attention of the speculative element and the investors took a vacation. The Box Board shares were bid up sharply to 18⅝ in the early trading on the statement that the price of strawboard had been advanced $4 a ton and that other box board products had advanced $1 and $1.50 a ton. The price eased off again to 18 toward midday. There were about 4,000 shares traded in during the first hour, the stock closing at 17½.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Am. Can	12¾	12	12¼
112	Am. Can pf.	83	82½	83
16	Am. Shipbuilding	67½	67	67
55	Am. Shipbuilding pf.	110⅝	110½	110⅜
625	Booth Fisheries	23⅛	23	23⅛
70	Booth Fisheries pf.	63½	63¼	63½
25	Booth Fisheries ctfs.	20	20	20
117	Chi. Pneumatic Tool.	39½	28½	28½
25	Chicago Subway	7¼	7¼	7¼
42	Com. Edison	119¼	119¼	119¼
200	Diamond Match	127	127	127
325	Illinois Brick	67⅝	66¾	66¾
100	Met. El.	17	17	17
50	Met. El. pf.	54¾	54¾	54
5	National Biscuit	115½	115½	115½
280	People's Gas	116¼	116	116¼
535	Sears-Roebuck	140	139	140
37	Sears-Roebuck pf.	120¼	120¼	120¼
530	Street's	40⅞	40⅝	40⅞
10	S. S. El.	52¾	52¾	52¾
95	Swift & Co.	108¼	108¼	108¼
5,540	United Box Board	18⅜	17	17⅝
150	U. S. Steel	91½	91⅜	91⅜

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.09	Justice	.13
Alpha Con.	.05	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Andes	.20	Mexican	1.27
Belcher	1.00	Occidental Con.	.25
Best & Belcher	.60	Ophir	1.67
Caledonia	.27	Overman	.26
Challenge Con.	.24	Potosi	.40
Chollar	.16	Savage	.53
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.05	Sag Belcher	.06
Con. Imperial	.05	Sierra Nevada	.45
Gould & Curry	.30	Union Con.	.66
Hale & Norcross	.41	Utah Con.	.08
Julia	.09	Yellow Jacket	1.00

Silver bars, 50½; Mexican dollars, 50@52; drafts, sight, 4@5 cents premium; telegraph, 9@10 cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.06
Belmont	.70	Goldfield C. M.	7.15
Jim Butler	.11	Great Bend	.02
McNamara	.27	Jumbo Extension	.13
Midway	.16	Kendall	.03
Montana	.85	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Extension	.01	Sandstorm	.05
West End	.22	St. Ives	.10
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.11	Bullfrog N. B.	.02
Blue Bell	.02	Homestake King.	.01
Combination Fract.	.53	Montgomery Mtn.	.02
Crackerjack	.01	Tramps Cons.	.03

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Nov. 2.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	7¾	8¾	McKinney ..	44	49
Elkton	71	72	Jackpot	6	8
El Paso.....	59½	60	Portland ...	82¾	83
Gold Dollar.	13	14	Vindicator...	70¾	71¼
Isabella	17⅛	18	J. Sample..	7¾	8

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
Pressed Steel Car Co. preferred.
DIVIDEND PAYABLE.
American Malt Corporation on preferred.
ANNUAL MEETINGS.
Brockton & Plymouth Street Railway.
Central New England Railroad.
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad.
Realty Syndicate.

Guaranteed and Preferred STOCKS
WE WILL BUY:
Rensselaer & Saratoga 8%
Erie & Pittsburg 7%
Beech Creek 4%
New York & Harlem 14%
New York, Lackawanna & Western 5%
Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic. 7%
WE WILL SELL:
Cleveland & Pittsburg 7%
Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie 3%
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg 5%
United New Jersey R. R. & Canal 10%
Cen. & South Amer. Telegraph 6%
A. M. Kidder & Co
TEL. 2780 RECTOR. 18 WALL ST., N.Y.

6% BONDS
These bonds are amply secured by property immediately salable for four times the bond issue.
The Company is earning six times the interest on the bonds, and two and one-half times the interest and sinking fund charges.
These bonds provide ample security, yield 6 per cent., and are being purchased by discriminating investors.
Write for Circular No. 32.
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Bankers,
25 Broad Street, New York.

American Tobacco.
Amer. Cigar Co. Stk. & Bds.
American Snuff.
Amer. Stogie, Com. & Pfd.
United Cigar Stores.
Internat. Nickel 5s.
Internat. Nickel, Com.
Braden Copper Bonds.
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.,
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First & Refunding
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Yield Over 7%
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Bought and Sold.
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Dealer in UNLISTED SECURITIES,
Real Estate Trust Building,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

F. P. FREEMAN & CO.
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Tel. 4633-34-35 Broad.

Wis. Cen. 1st Gen. Mtge. 4s, due 1949
Sup. & Dul. Div. & Ter. 1st Mtge. 4s, due 1936
Minn., St. P. & S. Ste. M. Leased Line 4% Guar. Stock.
Dominick & Dominick
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
L. B. WILSON. D. M. FERGUSON.
L. B. WILSON & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
60 WALL ST., N. Y.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold for cash or on conservative margin.
FRACTIONAL LOTS.

The financial situation at home and abroad seen at a glance in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Extended quotation lists of every security dealt in on the leading Exchanges and on the Curb, and articles and correspondence giving vivid and independent descriptions of latest financial

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Hall Signal Common
Pinelawn Cemetery
Trenton Potteries Pfd.
E. W. Bliss Common
FOR SALE
E. W. Bliss 6s, 1932
Manila Elec. R'way & Lt. 5s, 1953
Western Union Tdg. & R. E. 4½s, 1950
Cripple Creek Cent. Com.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Com.
BROWN, WILLIAMS & BURBANK
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Outside Investment Securities Department,
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$5,000,000,000
George Paish, editor of the London Statist, estimates the annual savings of the American People at $5,000,000,000, a large portion of which is placed in bonds. As specialists in investment securities we offer our services to investors, whether of large or small means, desiring a large return with safety of principal.
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Securities Co. of N. Y.
South Ferry R. R. Co.
Union Typewriter Co.
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Union Carbide Co.
Am. Press Assn.
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Members New York Stock Exchange.
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W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
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C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

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STRONGEST IN WORKING CAPITAL

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FREDERICK G. BOURNE, New York City.
FRANKLIN Q. BROWN, Redmond & Co., Bankers.
EDWARD H. CLARK, Manager Hearst Estate.
DUMONT CLARKE, President American Exchange Nat'l Bank.
CHARLES F. HOFFMAN, New York City.
J. HORACE HARDING, Charles D. Barney & Co., Bankers.
WILLIAM B. JOYCE, President National Surety Co.
CHARLES H. KEEP, President of the Company.
HINSDILL PARSONS, General Counsel & V. P. Gen. Electric Co.
SAMUEL T. PETERS, Williams & Peters, Coal Merchants.
HERBERT L. SATTERLEE, Ward, Hayden & Satterlee, Counsellors-at-Law.
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ISSUES TRAVELERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT

W. N. COLER & CO., Bankers.
43 Cedar St., New York City.
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Electric Street Ry. 5s to yield 5¼%
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Send for List.
Established 40 Years.

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(Subject to a small short-term underlying issue on a portion of the property)
Yielding 5¾%
These bonds are followed by junior securities having a present market value 5½ times this issue
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First Mort'ge Railroad Bonds
Underlying the New York Central R.R.
TO NET OVER 4%.
Price and particulars on application.
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Westinghouse El. & Mfg. deb. 5s, 1913
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New Haven Rights
Swartwout & Appenzellar
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Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange,
11 Pine Street.

1852 1909
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
86 Wall St., New York
Members N.Y. Stock Ex. — Investment Bonds

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.
Securities Bought and Sold.
Henry Bros. & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange, 71 Broadway, N. Y. City. Telephone 204 Rector.

DIVIDENDS.

NEVADA CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY
165 Broadway.
New York City, November 3, 1909.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company a quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share was declared, payable on December 31, 1909, to stockholders of record December 1, 1909. The books of the Company for transfer of stock will close December 1, 1909, at three o'clock P. M. and reopen January 3, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M.
W. E. BENNETT, Secretary.

To Holders of NEVADA CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY First Mortgage Convertible Bonds. This Company's initial quarterly dividend of 37½c. per share will be payable to stockholders of record December 1st. Holders desiring to convert their bonds into stock will, if bonds are deposited with the Bankers Trust Company, New York City, between November 15th and December 1st, be allowed full interest on the bonds to December 1st.
W. E. BENNETT, Secretary.

To Holders of NEVADA NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY First Mortgage Bonds. The Nevada Consolidated Copper Company's initial quarterly dividend of 37½c. per share will be payable to stockholders of record December 1st. Under the terms of agreement, Nevada Northern Railway bonds may be converted into Nevada Consolidated stock. Holders of bonds desiring to make such conversion will, if bonds are deposited with the City Trust Company, Boston, between November 15th and December 1st, be allowed full interest on the bonds to December 1st.
NEVADA CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.
W. E. BENNETT, Secretary.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.
New York, October 6, 1909.
The Board of Directors has declared a dividend (being dividend No. 18) on the COMMON STOCK of this Company of THREE DOLLARS ($3.00) per share, payable, December 1, 1909, out of surplus net income, to holders of said COMMON Stock registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on November 5, 1909.
Dividend cheques will be mailed to holders of COMMON Stock who file suitable orders therefor at this office.
C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer,
5 Nassau Street, New York City.

PRESSED STEEL CAR COMPANY.
New York, N. Y., October 27th, 1909.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 43.
A quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) will be paid on the Preferred Stock of this company November 24th, 1909, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 3d, 1909. Checks will be mailed from the office of the company. The transfer books will close at 3 P. M. November 3d, 1909, and reopen at 10 A. M. November 24th, 1909.
F. P. VAN HORNE, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION.
Quarterly dividend of No. 34 of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable Nov. 30, 1909, was declared Oct. 27, to stockholders of record Nov. 1. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. Nov. 3 and reopen at 10 A. M. Dec. 1.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

6% GOLD BONDS
Or, Permanent Investments, Yielding
FULL PROFITS
FROM
NEW YORK REAL ESTATE *OWNERSHIP*
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
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MADISON SQUARE, NEW YORK
BROADWAY & LISPENARD ST. BROADWAY & 72D ST.
Mercantile and Personal Accounts received subject to check or on Certificate of Deposit. Interest paid on daily balances.

TO HOLDERS OF
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
Receivers' Certificates of Indebtedness.
SERIES A,
SERIES B,
SERIES C.

The undersigned Receivers hereby give notice, pursuant to a decree, dated October 18, 1909, of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, and certain decrees ancillary thereto, that the above mentioned issues of Certificates of Indebtedness of the undersigned as Receivers have been ordered and directed by the Court to be payable at the office of THE CONTINENTAL TRUST COMPANY, the fiscal agency of the Receivers in BALTIMORE, or, at the option of the holders, at the office of BLAIR & CO., 24 BROAD STREET NEW YORK, and have been severally and respectively called for payment, principal and interest, on NOVEMBER 6, 1909, and Seaboard Air Line Railway has been directed as provided in said decrees to then and there pay the same, with accrued interest to said date. From and after said date (unless said Railway shall fail to pay said certificates on presentation) all interest on said certificates will cease.
Dated, October 20, 1909.
S. DAVIES WARFIELD,
R. LANCASTER WILLIAMS,
E. C. DUNCAN,
Receivers of Seaboard Air Line Railway.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.
Cincinnati, Ohio, October 18th, 1909.
Notice is hereby given that meetings of the Common stockholders and Preferred stockholders of this Company will be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 17th day of November, 1909, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and the transaction of any other business which may be brought before the meeting; and at 10:15 o'clock A. M. of the same day for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to consent to and authorize an issue of not to exceed twenty million dollars ($20,000,000) of the company's bonds, to be used in funding its existing floating indebtedness, the cost of certain of its construction and improvements, to provide further capital with which to develop, extend, and enlarge its railroad and facilities, and for other purposes needed in its business, such bonds to bear such rate of interest and mature at such time, and to be upon such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.
By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

NOTICE OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF
BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.
A special meeting of the Stockholders of Bethlehem Steel Corporation will be held at its principal office, No. 703 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, on Friday, November 5, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon for the following purposes, viz.: (1) To authorize the deposit and pledge by Bethlehem Steel Corporation of the whole or any part of its holdings of the capital stock of subsidiary companies as security for a guaranty by Bethlehem Steel Corporation of the payment of the principal and interest of a proposed issue of $7,500,000, face value, of Six Per Cent. Five-Year Sinking Fund Gold Notes of Bethlehem Steel Company, and (2) to transact such other business as may legally come before the meeting.
For the purposes of the meeting the books for the transfer of the capital stock of the corporation, both preferred and common, will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, October 25, 1909, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Saturday, November 6, 1909.
Dated New York City, October 15, 1909.
B. H. JONES, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF UNITED STATES CASUALTY COMPANY:
A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of United States Casualty Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 141 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, November 18, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of amending Article VI. of the Charter of the Company as now amended, so that the said Article, which now reads as follows:
"Article VI. The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be four hundred thousand dollars, ($400,000,) divided into four thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each. The capital stock may be increased or reduced as provided by law."
shall read as follows:
"Article VI. The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be five hundred thousand dollars, ($500,000,) divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each. The capital stock may be increased or reduced as provided by law."
Stock transfer books will be closed from November 8th to November 18th, 1909, inclusive.
D. G. LUCKETT, Secretary.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF HAITI,
Broad Exchange Building,
25 Broad Street, New York.
New York, November 3d, 1909.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF HAITI will be held at the office of the Company, Rooms 1,217-1,218 Broad Exchange Building, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Friday, the 19th day of November, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing the Directors for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Meeting.
The polls will remain open one hour.
The Transfer Books will be closed from October 30th, 1909, to November 19th, 1909.
Dated New York, October 29th, 1909.
CHARLES STERNHEIM, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.
Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Co-operative Garage Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, will be held at the office of said Company in the City of New York, State of New York, at the offices of Messrs. Jones & Carleton, No. 40 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, on the 10th day of November, 1909, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
The polls will remain open one hour. Transfer books will be closed from October 25th, 1909, to November 10th, 1909.
Dated New York, October 23d, 1909.
WILLIAM G. NICOLL, Secretary.

CLOSING OF BOOKS OF
MIAMI COPPER COMPANY,
42 Broadway,
New York, Nov. 1, 1909.
For the purposes of a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Miami Copper Company, to be held at No. 42 Broadway, City of New York, on Nov. 27th, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, the Transfer Books of the Company will close on Nov. 6th, at the close of business, and remain closed until Nov. 29th, 1909, at 10 A. M.
By order of the Board.
J. H. SUSMANN, Treasurer.

HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS will be held at the office of the Company in Houston, Texas, on Tuesday, November 9th, 1909, at 10:00 A. M., for the purpose of electing the Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed October 25th and reopened November 10th, 1909.
ADOLPH H. STILLE, Secretary.

AMUSEMENT DEVICE COMPANY.
Please take notice that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Amusement Device Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 New Street, New York, on Wednesday, November 10th, 1909, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of increasing the Capital Stock of the Company to raise funds to build additional plants.
LLOYD COLLIS, President.
W. R. STOCKBRIDGE, Secretary.
New York, October 26th, 1909.

Quarterly meeting of the American Institute, Thursday, Nov. 4, 1909, at 19 West 44th St., 8 P. M. R. A. B. Dayton, Secretary.

CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY FIRST AND REFUNDING MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. FIFTY-YEAR GOLD BONDS.
INDIANA, DECATUR & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. FORTY-YEAR GOLD BONDS.
The Committee representing certain of the above-mentioned bonds, under the agreement dated July 3, 1908, hereby gives notice that it has filed with Bankers Trust Company its account of its actual expenses and disbursements.
New York, November 1, 1909.
WILLIAM A. READ, Chairman.
F. N. B. CLOSE, Secretary.

American Light & Traction Co. STOCKS.
Pacific Gas & Electric Co. COMMON.
Hudson & Manhattan 4½s & STOCKS.
American Gas & Electric Co. STOCKS.
Tri-City Railway and Light Co. STOCKS.
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 5775-6 Broad. 25 Broad St., New York.

Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railway Company of Illinois
New York, October 26, 1909.
THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT THE PLAN AND AGREEMENT OF REORGANIZATION, DATED JULY 7, 1909, RESPECTING THE CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. BONDS, INCOME MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. BONDS, CAR TRUST NOTES, EQUIPMENT TRUST NOTES, PREFERRED STOCK AND COMMON STOCK OF THE ABOVE RAILWAY COMPANY, IS DECLARED EFFECTIVE AS OF THIS DATE.
CHARLES H. WARREN,
GEORGE F. BAKER, JR.,
ALFRED SHEPHERD,
Reorganization Committee.
W. W. STEVENSON, Secretary, 34 Nassau Street, New York City.

No. 9,569.
Treasury Department.
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.
Washington, D. C., October 28, 1909.
Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that
The Audubon National Bank of New York, located in the City of New York in the County of New York and State of New York, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;
Now, therefore, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that
The Audubon National Bank of New York, located in the City of New York in the County of New York and State of New York, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty-one Hundred and Sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.
In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 28th day of October, 1909.
LAWRENCE O. MURRAY,
[Seal.] Comptroller of the Currency.

OFFICE OF THE
CANTON COMPANY OF BALTIMORE,
N. E. COR. OF TOONE AND SECOND STS., CANTON, BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD.
November 1st, 1909.
By resolution of the Board of Directors notice is hereby given to the stockholders THAT $30,000.00 OR SUCH SUM (MORE OR LESS) AS MAY BE DEEMED EXPEDIENT, WILL BE EXPENDED IN THE PURCHASE OF SHARES OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE CANTON COMPANY OF BALTIMORE for cancellation, in accordance with its charter.
All offers to sell must be in writing, inclosed in sealed envelopes, and indorsed "Proposals to Sell Stock."
All offers received before 12 o'clock noon on the 15th day of November, 1909, will be considered, and the said sum (more or less) will be expended in the purchase of shares offered at the lowest prices, the Company, however, reserving the right to reject any or all offers.
W. B. BROOKS, President.

OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
Notice of Redemption of
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.
The Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company hereby gives notice, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage securing the bonds referred to herein, that it will pay off on March 1st, 1910, at the office of the New York Trust Company, No. 26 Broad Street, New York, all of the above described bonds at the rate of one hundred and five per centum of their par value, and accrued interest to March 1st, 1910. Interest on said bonds will cease on that date.
OKLAHOMA GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

W. L. MAY & CO.
35 BROAD STREET.
Specialists in
Canadian Mines
and
Guanajuato
Tel. 3080 Broad.

The Franklin Society
If you want a convenient, profitable, safe investment, large or small, acquaint yourself with the methods of the Franklin Society. Begin with $1 or more, or send for Booklet A.
One Beekman St., New York. 5%

ODD LOTS A SPECIALTY
Daily Market Letter on Application.
J. FRANK HOWELL
Member Consolidated Stock Ex. of N.Y.
34 New St., New York.
BRANCH OFFICE—1 HUDSON ST.
WILL J. WHITE, MGR.

BABSON'S REPORTS
On Underlying Conditions are used by most conservative corporations, merchants and investors. Details sent gratis on request. Address Babson's Offices, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
Business Barometers Installed In Banks.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG TO ANNOUNCE that they have to-day formed a copartnership under the firm name of
MAGNUS & BEHAL
for the negotiation of collateral loans.
Firm consisting of E. H. Magnus and M. Behal, located at 20 Broad Street, New York.
Telephone 133—Rector.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, Nov. 3d, 1909,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
2 shares Fort Wayne & Jackson R. R. Co. pfd.
15 shares Corn Exchange Bank.
87 shares Standard Gas Light Co. common.
6 shares Standard Gas Light Co. pfd.
150 shares American Hide & Leather Co. pfd.
$5,000 Consolidated Rubber Tire Co. income bds.
100 shares Consolidated Rubber Tire Co. common.
10 shares Central Safe Deposit Co., N. Y.
Ctf. Membership Maritime Association of Port of N. Y.
2,160 shares Utah Southern Gold and Copper Mining Co.
Pew 97 4th Avenue Presbyterian Church.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATOR.
4 shares Williamsburg Trust Co., (N. Y. C.)
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE.
1 share N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust. Co.
FOR ACC. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

New York Holiday Restricts London Trading in Americans.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Money was in good demand on the market to-day, but the supply was small. Discounts were steady. The Stock Exchange reopened with two small failures, but these incidents did not affect the market, which closed generally cheerful. Gilt-edged securities benefited by investment support. Foreigners hardened on Paris buying. Rhodesian mines and Mexican rails also received good attention. Consols, in which the settlement has commenced, advanced 3-16. American securities opened with fractional parity gains. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Union Pacific, and Amalgamated advanced and strengthened the others, but the New York holiday checked operations, and after narrow movements the market closed firm at a fraction below the best.

Bar silver steady at 23¼d per ounce.

Money, 4½@5 per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 4⅛@5 per cent.; for three months' bills, 4⅝ per cent.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were steady.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 2½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 22c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The Daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,064. UNDERGROUND TRAMWAY—A further report on the underground tramway system, to which reference was made in foreign trade opportunity No. 3,855, has been forwarded by an American Consular officer.

4,065. GLAZED TILES—An Australian man who supplies building materials to house builders and architects in that country advises an American Consul that he desires to purchase direct from American manufacturers glazed tiles of the following descriptions: First and second quality, 6x3 and 6x6, white; first and second quality, 6x6, colored.

4,066. ICE PLANT WANTED IN THE LEVANT—A report has been received from an American Consular officer in the Levant in which he states it is proposed to erect in his district an ice plant capable of producing 15 kilos (330 pounds) of crystal ice per hour. Plans and specifications should be sent as soon as practicable to the Consular officer in question for the inquirer, whose name is given in the report.

4,067. AMERICAN GOODS OF VARIOUS KINDS—An American Consular officer in Australia reports that a firm of good repute in his district desires to obtain agencies and is likely to purchase the following lines of American manufactures: Soda fountain accessories, confectionery, preserved provisions in cans and jars, preserved fish, metal furniture for hotels and cafes, small ice-making machines for country hotels, and ice chests. The firm declares that a good market exists for the above-mentioned goods, which could be profitably utilized by American manufacturers of the right kind in quality and price.

4,068. CHASSIS FOR AUTO—A report has been received from an American Consul in the Far East stating that a business man in his district has expressed a desire to obtain a representation of a good American firm producing chassis for auto buggies, (some times called motor buggies.) The firm in question has written the Consul a letter setting out in detail its requirements and giving references, a copy of which can be obtained by interested concerns. This firm has for a long time been importing carriage materials from the United States.

4,069. MACHINE FOR EXTRUDING TIN MAN'S SOLDER AND SOFT METAL—An American firm of import and export freight agents writes that it has an inquiry from a British firm for a machine for extruding tin man's solder and soft metal. The British firm states that it can place an order for four or five at once, and possibly a dozen.

4,070. SAMPLES AND PRICE LISTS OF TANNERINE—A request has been received at an American Consulate in a European country for the names of American manufacturers of Tannerine, (crone,) used for tanning purposes.

4,071. PUBLIC WORKS.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that the local government is calling for tenders for the construction of certain roads and repairing bridges. The Consular officer desires to call the attention of American firms to these and many similar opportunities now offering in that country, and says that steps should be taken for entering the field in future projects.

4,072. AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY—An American Consular officer in the Far East reports that the local government is making experiments in the use of modern agricultural machinery, and feels that a change must be made from the old methods of farming. This, however, will be gradual.

WHEN THE KING TRAVELS.

Busy Time for Every Worker on the Railroad.

A royal visit is a busy time to more than the prospective host and hostess, for those who are responsible for their safe transportation, from the President of the railroad to the humblest laborer, have their hands full. The royal special is a must sumptuous affair. The King's car contains bedroom, dressing room, and bathrooms, day room, and smoking room, which are all fitted up with electrical devices, from electric heaters and fans to cigar lighters. The Queen's car is daintiness itself, and is furnished in satinwood, ivory, rosewood, and mahogany. The decorations are so exquisite that when not in use the car is kept in a special shed of even temperature, so that the works of art may not be spoiled by heat, dampness, or cold. There is a storeroom at the end of the special for the various belongings which the royal couple always take.

There is a room at all the large London terminals specially fitted for the use of the King and Queen, and the time-tables of the royal couple are always printed in letters of gold. The whole train is thoroughly examined an hour before they get aboard, and a complete staff of telegraphers under an electrical engineer is installed on it. This enables communication to be established with the world about at any point that may be desired. Needless to say, the finest locomotive on the line is always selected, and both the chief engineer and permanent way engineer accompany the train, which has as driver the most trustworthy veteran in the service. For at least half an hour before the special is due no train, except a pilot, which has been sent fifteen minutes ahead of it, is allowed on or across the tracks, and all facing points are locked and stations and crossings guarded. And then there is spread along the whole way every few hundred yards an army of watchers, each of whom has a red and green flag.—American Home Monthly.

Inconsiderate Husband.

"Wife, wife!" he shouted in the middle of the night, "I believe I have swallowed my false teeth!"

"Isn't that always the way with a man," snapped the good wife, "and I was planning to have steak for breakfast."—Boston Herald.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday for the cotton and grain States as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Western Florida, Eastern Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Eastern Texas, Western Texas, Oklahoma, and Arkansas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, with rising temperature; moderate westerly, shifting to southerly, winds.

Lower Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair and warmer Wednesday and Thursday; moderate westerly, shifting to southerly, winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, showers; moderate westerly winds.

Minnesota—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, fair; moderate to brisk westerly winds.

Iowa—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

Missouri, North and South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Atchison	127⅛	124¾	124¾	..
Atchison pf.	107½	104⅞	105	+ ⅛
Balt. & Ohio	119⅜	116⅜	115⅜	+ ⅞
Canadian Pacific	189¾	184⅝	184⅝	+ ⅛
Ches. & Ohio	91⅜	89⅜	89	+ ⅜
C., M. & St. Paul	161⅜	157⅝	157½	— ⅛
Den. & Rio G.	49⅜	48⅝	48⅝	— ⅝
Den. & Rio G. pf.	87	84⅞	85	— ¼
Erie	35	34¼	34½	..
Erie 1st pf.	49½	48¼	48¼	— ⅛
Illinois Central	151⅜	147⅞	148	— ⅜
Louis. & Nash.	157½	153⅝	154	— ⅝
M., K. & Texas	49⅝	48	48	..
N. Y. Central	139½	136¼	136¾	— ⅛
Norf. & West.	98	96¼	95¾	— ⅜
Ont. & West	48	46⅞	47	— ⅛
Pennsylvania	76	147⅞	148⅜	+ ⅛
Reading	83¼	162⅜	162½	+ ¼
Southern Ry.	52¼	31½	31½	..
Southern Ry. pf.	71½	69⅝	70	— ⅜
Southern Pac.	133	129⅝	129⅝	..
Union Pac.	207¼	201⅜	201½	+ ⅛
Union Pac. pf.	106½	103⅜	103⅜	..
U. S. Steel	93¼	90⅞	91	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	131½	127⅞	128½	— ⅛
Wabash	21	20½	20¼	+ ¼
Wabash pf.	53½	52⅞	52⅜	..

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Wieman & Muench, Milwaukee, Wis.; D. Wieman, notions; Hoffman House.
Siegel, Rothschild & Co., Baltimore, Md.; B. Rothschild, umbrellas; The Breslin.
Snellenberg & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. Snellenberg, piece goods; Hoffman House.
Reeves, J. S., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; J. E. Sparkman, notions, laces, and ribbons; 258 Church Street; Hotel Albert.
Stroymason & Wolf, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. Wolf, cloaks, laces, millinery, and carpets; J. Wolf, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Reid & Hughes, Waterbury, Conn.; A. K. Burnham, notions; 75 Spring Street.
Solomon, J., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Solomon, clothing; Hotel Latham.
Wyeman, J. Sons, Cleveland, Ohio; H. C. Graves, children's wear; Hotel Broztell.
May Company, Cleveland, Ohio; W. Keller, hats and caps; 4 Washington Place; Hotel Broztell.
Harris-Emery Company, Des Moines, Iowa; G. H. Snapper, carpets; 320 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; G. Gray, carpets; 57 White Street.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. McGrath, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.
Superior Skirt Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; B. D. Abrahams, skirts; The Breslin.
Ingber, J. M., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. M. Ingber, waists; Hotel Albert.
Rogers Manufacturing Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; E. S. Rogers, piece goods; The Breslin.
Ford & Gage, Reading, Penn.; Miss A. B. Sznik, ladies' wear; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.
Hunter, A. S. & J., Utica, N. Y.; C. A. Vencill, cloaks, suits, hosiery, and gloves; 192 Greene Street.
Watt & Shond, Lancaster, Penn.; Mrs. J. Kirkwood, millinery; 57 White Street; Hotel Navarre.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; E. S. Evans, dry goods; 821 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Marks, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Charles Marks, cloaks, suits, ladies and infant's wear; Hotel Navarre.
Youngstown Dry Goods Company, Youngstown, Ohio; P. W. Gilmore, notions, laces, neckwear, and ribbons; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Eisenberg, A., Baltimore, Md.; A. Birkenwald, men's and boy's clothing; Hotel York.
Hartley, H. J., Fairmount, West Va.; dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Campbell, William, Pittsburg, Penn.; L. C. Scott, carpets; Hotel Cadillac.
Basalle & Koch Company, Toledo, Ohio; J. R. Fairley, carpets; Hotel Cadillac.
Trankla, Charles, & Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; E. Ellis, laces, notions, and jewelry; 57 White Street; The Hermitage.
Thompson, Gibson & Co., Williamsport, Pa.; E. E. Schlich, housefurnishing goods; 817 Broadway; Hotel Marlborough.
Daniel Millinery Company, Dallas, Texas; L. O. Daniel, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hotel York.
Baron Brothers, Millinery Company, Dallas, Texas; I. Baron, millinery; Hotel York.
Ettlinger, M., Providence, R. I., clothing; Hotel York.
Miller, Rhoades & Swartz, Norfolk, Va.; C. Wahnsley, cloaks, suits, and waists; 41 Union Square; Hotel York.
Nieman, B., Pittsburg, Penn., dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Mills, Ellis, Pittsburg, Penn.; W. E. Mills, cloaks, waists, millinery, ladies' and infants' wear; Herald Squqre Hotel.
Gutman, Joel & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Jesse Ridder, boys' clothing; 79 Grand Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Wheeler & Motter Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; D. C. Inuish, manufacturing department; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Gage Brothers & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. Bode, millinery; 11 West Thirty-second Street.
Gotthelf & Co, Norwich, Conn.; L. L. Gotthelf, clothing; Glisey House.
Good, L. S., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; L. S. Good, cloaks and suits; 600 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.
Bernheimer, G., Brothers & Co.; Kansas City, Mo.; H. J. Gillen, dress goods and silks; 683 Broadway.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; L. W. Rosskopf, cloaks, suits, millinery, ladies' and infants' wear, notions, laces, and ribbons; 2 Walker Street.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; H. G. Schoonmaker, furs; Hotel Wellington.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; F. P. Burlingame, carpets; 2 Walker Street.
Gable, William F., & Co., Altoona, Penn.; J. Gansbach, domestics; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.
Baer & Goldberg, Lancaster, Penn.; J. J. Goldberg, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Hyde, E. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; W. J. McGuire, furnishing goods; 41 Union Square; Herald Square Hotel.
Myers, J. G., Company, Albany, N. Y.; W. A. Findlay, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square; Hotel Seville.
Quackenbush, G. V. S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. W. Loomis, waists; hosiery, ladies' and infants' wear; W. H. Doyle, dry goods; Hotel Wolcott.
Sturtevant, H. H., Company, Zanesville, Ohio; J. W. Dulan, carpets; 320 Church Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; F. B. Nolan, laces and dress trimmings; Herald Square Hotel.
Sherer, C. T., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. J. Vion, domestics, silks, and dress goods; The Breslin.
Berwick Stores Company, Berwick, Penn.; W. C. Garrison, dry goods; The Breslin.
Williams, R. J., & Brother, Scranton, Penn.; L. J. Williams, carpets; Hotel Albert.
Grinsfelder, J., & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; S. Grinsfelder, silks; Hoffman House.
O'Callaghan Cloak and Suit Company, Boston, Mass.; R. D. Lidstone, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; H. Elsenberg, notions; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.
Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; A. G. Lesley, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.
Bowman & Co., Harrisburg, Penn.; H. H. Bowman, domestics; C. Sands, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Healy Cloak Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. J. McGrail, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
Dayton-Wile Company, Rochester, N. Y.; E. A. Dayton, clothing; Hotel Imperial.
Strauss, H., & Sons' Company, Louisville, Ky.; J. C. Phely, rugs; 817 Braodway; Hotel Grand.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, Mass.; R. H. Wade, kid gloves; 19 West Nineteenth Street; The Breslin.
Britton, G. M., & Co., Reading, Penn.; G. M. Britton, dry goods; Hotel Grand.
Fourgureon, Temple & Co., Richmond, Va.; R. S. Gray, gloves, laces, ribbons, and furnishing goods; W. E. Ahearn, cloaks and suits; Hotel Grand.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; G. M. Pratt, domestics; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Grand.
Sisson Brothers * Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; Miss D. Finely, embroideries and handkerchiefs; Hotel Grand.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising in this department telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
W. A. Anderson & Co., 81-83 Fulton St.

AUTOMOBILE TRUNKS.
Ajax Trunk & Sample Case Co., 91-93 Mercer.

BOOKS.
The Baker & Taylor Co., 33-37 E. 17th St.

CANDIES.
Beinhauer Bros. Candy Co., 617-623 W. 47th.

CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.

FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 97 Fifth Av. cor. 17th.

HOSIERY.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.

JEWELRY.
S. F. Myers Co., 47-49 Maiden Lane.

JEWELRY BOXES & Window Novelties.
Albert Borgzinner & Co., 66 Nassau St.
Worsheim & Sachs, 35 Maiden Lane.

LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Ave.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.

NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach 842-844, & 840 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Kelser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
SOLIDSILK SCARVES, Louis Auerbach, 846 B'way.

RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.

RIBBONS.
Manhattan Ribbon Co., 96-98 Prince St.

SELECTED ITALIAN WINES.
Francesco Tocci, 520 Broadway.

SMYRNA RUGS.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
The Julius King Optical Co., 12 Maiden Lane.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.

STATIONERY.
A. L. Salomon & Co., 345-347 B'way.

SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.

WATCHES—American.
Louis Manheimer & Bros., 35 Maiden Lane.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

INSTRUCTION. | INSTRUCTION.

MUSIC LESSONS FREE

We Give You 96 Free Lessons on Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar, Banjo, Mandolin or Sight-Singing in Your Own Home

THOUSANDS of men, women and children of all ages have become accomplished musicians through our courses. We teach both vocal and instrumental music, furnishing the lesson-sheets absolutely without charge. They are so simply arranged that home study can be pursued intelligently without a teacher.

A Lesson Every Week.

We teach music by easy stages. By mastering one lesson a week, the pupil may become a finished musician before the end of the 96 lessons. Our lesson-sheets are sent out each week, and the only expense during the entire time you take the course is the cost of postage and the music you use, which is a small item.

Our plan is to make these home study courses known in your locality. We want you and your friends to know our methods, to see how, in a few lessons, we place the pupil perfectly at ease before the home circle or the largest audience. Many of our pupils form music clubs, giving concerts and taking part in entertainments with rare skill.

What Our Pupils Say:

"The lessons are marvels of simplicity, and my 11 year-old boy has not had the least trouble to learn."

"Have learned more in one term in my home with your weekly lessons than in three terms with private teachers, and at a great deal less expense."

"As each succeeding lesson comes I am more and more fully persuaded I made no mistake in becoming your pupil."

Send for Our Booklet

The best way to take advantage of this instruction at once is to drop us a postal or a brief line asking for our descriptive booklet. This will be sent post-free, together with our tuition offer. This places you under no obligation, even if you never write us again.

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PREPARES BOYS FOR ALL COLLEGES.
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ELEANOR I. KELLER, Pd. M., Principal.

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A course for forty-five lectures on law for business women and those interested in the management of property Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, 11:30 A. M. or 8 P. M., at the University Building, Washington Square. First lecture, Nov. 8. Fee, $15. For Bulletin, giving full details as to fees, scholarships, etc., address Registrar N. Y. University, N. Y. City.

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NORMAL SCHOOL OF DANCING,
163 West 42d St.
Private Classes for Ladies, Gentlemen, Adults, and Children, in "Body-Building" and "Hygiene," by means of dancing; also Classical, Aesthetic, National, Folk, and Fine Ballroom Dancing
LOUIS H. CHALIF, Instructor,
Graduate of The Imperial Ballet School of Russia. Send for Catalogue.

AUCTION SALES.

DAVID W. BIOW & CO., Aucts.
Tel. 2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
To-day, Wednesday, Nov. 3, 10:30 A. M.
Special Peremptory Auction Sale.
HIGH CLASS STOCK LADIES', MISSES'
WEARING APPAREL
CONSISTING OF 3,000 LADIES' SKIRTS in voiles, panamas, cheviots, etc.
1,000 Ladies' Dresses, 1,000 Ladies' Long Coats, 1,200 DOZ. LADIES' SHIRTWAISTS in taffeta, lingerie, sateen, flannel.
LADIES' COAT SUITS, CAPES, JACKETS.
The above goods are of the reliable kind and adapted to the best trade.

Over $100,000 worth of clothing (in trade lots to suit purchasers) below market values.
Comprising Men's, Young Men's, and Children's overcoats, suits, trousers, cravanettes, etc., etc.
These goods are from well-known makers, including advertised brands in large varieties, from which live buyers can select to fill their immediate wants.
A. SCHAAP & SONS,
The Reliable Clothing Jobbers, 740-742 B'way.

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Hotel Wellington
Seventh Avenue & 55th St.
Best located family and transient Hotel in the city.
Apartments furnished and unfurnished now leasing for fall and winter.
J. F. CHAMPLIN, Mgr.

You must live somewhere, why not at HOTEL FREDERICK? WEST 56TH ST., Between Seventh Av. and Broadway, finest location in the city, only 3 blocks from Central Park; a fine location. Rooms and private bath, $1.50 per day. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath for one or two persons, $2.00 per day. Greatest value in New York for the money. Elevator service day and night. Telephone in every room. Rooms are large, with extra large closets. Special Monthly rates.

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MADISON SQUARE (1,122 BROADWAY.)
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn, 218 Livingston St.
350 BRANCHES IN ALL LEADING CITIES.
Lessons at School or Residence, Day and Evenings.
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SUPERIOR NATIVE TEACHERS.
Free Conversation Circles and Pronunciation Courses.
TRIAL LESSON FREE.

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ADVERTISING
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REIL ESTATE
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L. D. RAY, 35 W. 84th St.
Preparation for college or business.
Primary and Intermediate Departments.
No home study for boys under fifteen.
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Thorough preparation for Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Cornell, and Engineering Schools.
Chemical and Physical Laboratory.
REGENTS' CERTIFICATES.
Day and Evening Sessions. Individual Attention.
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Largest and best equipped private gymnasium. Classes and Individual Instruction given to Girls, Boys, Ladies, and Gentlemen. Evening Classes. HENRY PANZER, Director.

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200 WEST 72D ST.
Languages taught in classes or privately.

Stammering and other speech defects corrected; lip reading to the deaf; backward children rapidly advanced. Miss Smith, 170 West 75th St.

FRENCH—GERMAN—SPANISH—ITALIAN.
The Language Phone Method.
807 Metropolis Building, New York.

The Le Roy School of French,
9 West 29th Street.
Hours 8 A. M. to 9. P. M.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
Bronxville, Westchester Co., N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
Most Moderate Rates of any First Class Hotel in or near New York.
J. J. LANNIN CO. . . . . Proprietors

NEW YORK—Briarcliff Manor.

Briarcliff Manor, New York.
BRIARCLIFF LODGE
Open May 1st to Dec. 1st. Very much enlarged and with a new and beautiful dining hall among its attractions.
D. B. PLUMER, Manager.
New York representative at 5½ East 46th St. Mr. Plumer's Winter connection will be Hotel Green, at Pasadena, Cal., opening Dec. 1.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

Saratoga Springs Room and board, self-supporting women at Young Women's Industrial Club, 82 Circular St.; $4.25 to $6 per week; steam heat, electric light; open entire year.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

FALL SEASON AT
LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
Favorably known for its standard of excellence, NOW OPEN.
A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

Mountain Beauty Spot
THE MONTCLAIR,
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Apply Am. Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N.Y.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

SEASIDE HOUSE
Directly on the Ocean Front.
Sea water baths. Open all the year.
F. P. COOK'S SONS.

NEW JERSEY—Plainfield.

Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J.—Located Watchung Mountains; chronic and nervous cases; no insane; open all the year. Booklet. Telephone 84.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

Wanted—A physician will take a few invalids for treatment; modern improvements; home comforts. Apply Doctor, Box 2, Watertown, Conn.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OF THE CITY of New York, Southwest Corner Fifty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Board of Health of the Department of Health until 10 o'clock A. M. on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1909.

For furnishing all the labor and furnishing all the materials necessary or required for the removal of night soil, offal and dead animals from the City of New York, all Boroughs, during the years 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, and 1914, contract to be awarded as a whole, or by each Borough separately, as the Board may decide is for the best interests of the City.

For full particulars see City Record.

THOMAS DARLINGTON, M. D., President;
ALVAH H. DOTY, M. D.,
WILLIAM F. BAKER,
Board of Health.

Dated October 30 1909.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1909.
Borough of The Bronx.

For furnishing and delivering earth fill for the Colonial Garden in Van Cortlandt Park, in the Borough of The Bronx, in The City of New York.

For full particulars see City Record.

HENRY SMITH, President;
JOSEPH I. BERRY,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of The City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1909.

No. 1. For furnishing all the labor and materials required for repairs to the Fireboat "The New Yorker."

For full particulars see City Record.

NICHOLAS J. HAYES, Commissioner.

Dated October 30, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION, NO. 148 East Twentieth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Correction at the above office until 11 o'clock A. M. on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1909.
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering hardware, paints, iron, steam fittings, lumber and miscellaneous articles.

For full particulars see City Record.

JOHN J. BARRY, Commissioner.

Dated October 29, 1909.

SOUTH AMERICA

First Grand Cruise BY THE SUPERB **S.S. Bluecher** (13,000 tons.)

Calling at all the important cities en route in **Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Chili,** and through the fjords of the **Straits of Magellan.** Optional side trips all over, also trips across the **Andes** to **Valparaiso** and **Santiago.**

The "BLUECHER" leaves **New York January 22, 1910.** Duration, 81 days.

COSTS FROM $350 UPWARD

CRUISES TO WEST INDIES AND ORIENT. Illustrated booklets giving full particulars, description, etc., will be sent upon request.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

AUTUMN TOURS
BERMUDA
A delightful Ocean Sail of 1,400 miles, and several days on these Charming Islands, with Hotels, Carriage Drive, Transfer and Trip to the Coral Reef included—8-day trip—$42.00 up. Leave New York by Quebec S. S. Co.'s New Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian" November 10, 20.
WINTER SERVICE—Commencing December the Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN" (5,530 tons) will sail weekly. Commencing Jan. 15 the magnificent Twin Screw S. S. "OCEANA" (8,000 tons) will sail every Saturday and S. S. "BERMUDIAN" every Wednesday.
WASHINGTON, OLD POINT, RICHMOND, NATURAL BRIDGE, LURAY
A series of pleasant short tours occupying from 3 to 7 days. Inclusive fares from $16.50 up. Weekly departures began October 9th.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave. (Windsor Arcade.) N. Y.

Go To Bermuda By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
S.S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels
Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York in the season. For illustrated booklets and rates, address
A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO.,
Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd.; 29 Broadway, New York. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec, Canada, or THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 1,200 Broadway, 642 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave.

BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY
(OLD BAY LINE)
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, and Portsmouth, Va.
Splendid Steamers. Finest South of New York. All the delicacies of the Chesapeake.
LEAVE BALTIMORE every week day at 6:30 P. M. AFFORDING A REFRESHING NIGHT'S REST. Connection made by Pennsylvania R. R. train leaving Jersey City at 1:15 P. M. and Baltimore & Ohio R. R. train leaving at 12:12 P. M.
Tickets on sale at all principal offices. Staterooms engaged at S. A. L. Ry. Office, 1,183 Broadway.

Panama Rail Road S. S. Line
To Colon, (Canal Zone,) Panama and San Francisco, Pacific Ports, Central & South America and Mexico.
S. S. COLON.....Thursday, Nov. 4, 3 P. M.
S. S. ADVANCE....Tuesday, Nov. 9, 3 P. M.
C. C. VAN RIPER, Passenger Agent,
A. E. PATERSON, Freight Agent.
From foot of West 27th St. Office 24 State St.

McCANN'S
CONSULT
TICKET AND TOURIST AGENCY
about touring anywhere, individually or in parties. Requests for information will be given absolutely gratis. McCANN'S TOURS, 1328 B'way, N.Y. 'Phone Murray Hill—123.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
To Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla. From Pier 36, N. R., (Spring St.) at 1 P. M.
Iroquois.....Nov. 3 | Huron.....Nov. 6
Arapahoe.....Nov. 5 | Mohawk.....Nov. 9
Pier 36, N. R., and 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CALIFORNIA
Where It's
Summer All Winter
Thousands of Attractions for Tourist and Settler
YOSEMITE VALLEY
BIG TREES
FLOWER CARNIVALS
Southern Pacific
Sunset Route
Trains of Superior Equipment
1158—366—1 Broadway.
L. H. NUTTING. G. E. P. A.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PLYMOUTH and PROVIDENCE. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
PEOPLE'S LINE TO ALBANY
Magnificent steamers C. W. MORSE or ADIRONDACK leave N. Y. daily (Sundays excepted,) Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.
CITIZENS LINE TO TROY
New steamers TROJAN or RENSSELAER leave New York daily (Saturdays excepted,) Pier 46, N. R., foot West 10th St., at 6 P. M. Sunday steamers touch at Albany.
ROUND TRIP $2.50, Via BOTH LINES.
Splendid accommodations. Rooms heated. Connecting with trains for points North, East and West. Express Freight Service. Quick Delivery

"MANHATTAN LINE"
TO ALBANY 1.00 ONE WAY 1.50 ROUND TRIP
STEAMERS
FRANK JONES AND SARATOGA
From Pier 54, N. R., ft. W. 14th St., 5:30 P. M.

JOY LINE TO **BOSTON** $2.40 VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P. M., from Pier 19, East River.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE: from Franklin St., daily, 6 P. M.; [illegible] 9 A. M.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
All Modern Safety Devices,

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Apartments Sold on the Heights —Deal for West Thirty-first Street Property, Near Sixth Avenue.

The Tomahawk Realty Company has sold, through N. Wilson, the six-story elevator apartment house known as Rosbert Hall, at the southeast corner of Broadway and 163d Street, 100 by 100. The property is held at $300,000.

The Consolidated Board of Brokers has sold to the Scheer and Ginsberg Realty and Construction Company the six-story elevator apartment house at 553 and 555 West 147th Street, 100 by 100. The same company also sold a block front, 200 by 100, on Verdam street, Jamaica, L. I., to the Gilbert Realty Company.

Operator Sells 31st Street Property.

Tucker, Speyers & Co. have sold for W. Clarence Martin to Samuel K. Jacobs the property, 114 West Thirty-first street, 20.10 by 107 by 110.

East 93d Street Purchase.

The Rodney Realty Company has purchased 305 East Ninety-third Street, a four-story double tenement. Charles W. Eldt was the broker.

Buyer for Unionport Lots.

R. I. Brown's Sons, in conjunction with A. S. Buhre and George Costar, sold for Ada E. Maslen the vacant plot of about one and a half lots on the south side of Tremont Avenue, 250 feet east of Westchester Avenue known as Lots 8 and 9 on the map of Elizabeth Ketcham at Unionport.

New Quarters for Woolen Co.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased for the 118 East Sixteenth Street Company to the Detmer Woolen Company for a long term the fifth loft in the building now being erected at the southwest corner of Irving Place and Sixteenth Street, opposite the new Borgfeldt Building.

Jesse T. Meeker has leased to E. Gimpel & Wildenstein, for Thomas R. A. Hall, the store and basement at the southwest corner of Fifty-first Street and Fifth Avenue, for a long term of years.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGES
62 CEDAR ST.

WE BUY
Second Mortgages
Quick Decisions
Lincoln Mortgage Co.
100 BROADWAY.

Mortgage Money.
FIRST AND SECOND
Mortgages and Building Loans
Any Borough of Greater New York.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, 835 Broadway.

WANTED—First mortgage of $7,500 to $10,000 on finest residence site on the Hudson River cliff, opposite Riverside Drive; cost double. WANTED—First mortgage of $2,000 on 21-acre farm near Hackensack. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

1st mortgages at 4½%.
I have a particularly large fund to loan in amounts of $25,000 to $250,000 net; reasonable charges. Tel. 2573 Cort. W. O. Beaton, 115 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN 1st and 2d Mortg. Sums to Suit.
MORTON BOND AND MORTGAGE CO.
62 William St. Tel. John 860

Mortgage Money
Prompt attention. Reasonable terms.
O'DONNELL, 41 Park Row. Tel. 3266 Cort.

MORTGAGE MONEY LOW RATES and CHARGES
For Quick Decisions See H. H. HAZELTON 31 Nassau Street Phone 4545 Cort.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
Moderate Charges. Liberal Appraisals.
PIERRE M. CLEAR, 147 FOURTH AVE.

WM. WINANS MOORE & CO.,
MORTGAGE INVESTMENTS,
115 BROADWAY. TEL. CORTLANDT 6262.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful Elmhurst
NEW YORK CITY.
AS FAR FROM CITY HALL, N. Y.
AS CENTRAL PARK.
All City Improvements
Excellent Transportation
A Few Choice Plots At
THE RIGHT PRICE
TAKE CORONA CAR TO PENFOLD ROAD OR SEND FOR MAP AND PARTICULARS.
Bankers Land Corporation
887 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Jamaica Estates.—Two adjoining building plots, corner, 131x140 on streets; list price $5,225; will sell to quick buyer for $4,000, $1,800 cash, balance easy payments. F. R. Raiff, 165 Broadway.

College Point, one and two family houses; easy payments. 106 15th St., College Point.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A $7,000 HOUSE FOR $5,000.
Unparalleled for beauty, terms and transportation. Positively underselling everybody. Albert Edwards, Church Ave. at Brighton Beach "L" Station, Flatbush, open Sundays.

BUILDERS WITH MEANS
may join me developing splendid Flatbush building site, or will sell; unparalleled opportunity. Edwards, owner, Church Av., East 18th St., Flatbush.

PRICE, $15,500. INCOME, $1,600.
High-class apartments, fine location, best transit, no assessments, easy terms; best in Brooklyn.
BRENNAN & ROGERS.
767 Flatbush Av. Tel. Flat.—55.

$450 buys a neat house containing 7 rooms and bath, all conveniences; garage in rear; built 14x16; concrete floor and pit; sacrifice price. J. D. Ranck Realty Co., 44 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Loft wanted from owner, below Canal St.; 2,500 to 3,000 square feet; light, live steam, freight elevator; on or before May 1, 1910. J. S. Drake, broker, 42 Broadway.

Lots, plots, and improved Bronx, Westchester County properties. Clement H. Smith, 464 Tremont Av.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

4-STORY DOUBLE FLAT,
with store, near Simpson St. Station. Rent, $3,220; equity, $10,000. Will exchange for lots and cash.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
149TH ST. AND 3D AVE.

St. Mark's Av., corner Hopkinson, Brooklyn, 140-foot frontage, exchange for improved or farm; might add cash. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman, Manhattan.

Beautiful 8-story brick house, (new,) South Yonkers, for free and clear lots, well located. Duross Co., suburban homes dept., 156 B'way.

The Automobile Exchange in Sunday's New York Times is the favorite meeting place of buyers and sellers of used automobiles. All kinds of makes at all sorts of prices.—Adv.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

You want
the assurance that you are getting a good title. We give it to you. We pay the loss if the title isn't good.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

City & Suburban Homes Co.
ASSETS NEARLY $6,000,000.
AGENTS
For First-Class Apartment Houses, Flats and Tenements.
These figures speak for themselves:
Total collections to date.....$254,647
Total losses to date..... 912
We stope leaks and keep down expenses.
Main office, 281 4th Av., New York.
Tel. 6137-6138 Gramercy.

The TITLE INSURANCE Company of New York
135 Broadway,
insures titles to real estate and lends money on bond and mortgage.

Have the **PLUMBING** inspected and repaired monthly for a small fee; violations removed. The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. 'Phone 359—Harlem.

WHITEWASHING
done well. F. J. FLECK & CO.,
407 West 18th St. Tel. 99 Chelsea.

West Side.

$4,000 cash will buy tenement, 455 W. 40th St. K. White, 9 W. 60th St.

Washington Heights.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
Finest constructed apartments on Washington Heights; beautiful location, near Subway. Will sell or exchange.
JAMES K. HOLLY,
929 Amsterdam Av.

Below 14th St.

WORTH INVESTIGATING
Five-story business building, 50x100, near Broadway, below Canal; well rented; price low.
EASY TERMS.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET

BEAUTIFUL COLONIAL HOME.
Sweeping views of the Harlem Valley; house is cozy, and improvements modern; for example: 3 bathrooms, nice location, 4¾ acres for lawn, and covering nice landscape features; Harlem Road, one hour and ten minutes out. Price on application. Cooley & West, Inc., White Plains, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

OWNER MUST SELL AT ONCE
Modern Chester Hill residence of ten rooms and two baths. Lots 50x100 feet. Seven minutes' walk from New Haven station.
PRICE REDUCED TO $10,500.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
Near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon.

Yonkers.

One of the finest two-family dwellings in Yonkers is for sale at a very reasonable price, on easy terms, with a small cash payment; the location is excellent, near Van Cortland Park, 45 minutes from 42d St., in very refined neighborhood; right in line for a rapid increase in value. The house contains 15 large, elegantly decorated rooms and two baths, of which 6 rooms and bath reached by private stairway, can be rented. For particulars write Owner, Box 11 Yonkers Realty Exchange, Yonkers, N. Y.

A few high-class apartments, $40 to $45, in best section in Yonkers. Address Yonkers Realty Exchange, 369 South Broadway, Yonkers, or Cerbereux Co., 507 5th Av., New York. 'Phone 214 Murray Hill.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

WEEQUAHIC TRACT, Newark, N. J.
This development offers the greatest opportunity to reap the benefit of the inevitable increase in land values that will result from the completion of the improved transit facilities between New York and New Jersey.
The Parkview station of the Lehigh Valley Railroad at the property. Beautiful Weequahic Park directly opposite.
Flat roofs not allowed. No more than 2½ stories. All houses built uniform distance from street. Streets paved, with parkways in centre. Water, gas, and electric lights; sewer mains laid, with connections to curb line.
Take Lehigh Valley Train (Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries,) 12:25 Boat, 23d St.; 12:45 Boat, Cortlandt St., (Sunday,) and get off at Parkview Station.
Take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania, or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark and take Mt. Prospect Av. or Main Line trolleys to the property.
FRANK J. BOCK
800 BROAD ST., NEWARK

Baldwin Park, South Orange Heights, 300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 90 trains daily; select resident suburb, restricted property; all improvements; if looking for a home in the country you should not fail to see this property before buying elsewhere; 50 New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory. Write or call Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., New York, or 451 Summit Av., South Orange, N. J.

OAKCROFT, UPPER MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Foothills of the Orange Mountains, 420 feet above sea level; 40 minutes from New York; 5 minutes' walk as the clock ticks from Erie Station; lawned, sewered, curbed, and guttered; macadam roads; gas, water, electricity, telephone, drainage, undergrainage; park effect; schools, High Schools, churches; quaint cement stucco houses, superbly built, or houses built to order if desired, or lots sold; terms to suit; booklet on demand. Godfrey Land & Building Co., Upper Montclair, N. J.

To close estate will sell 5 acres Central New Jersey for $15; only $2 per acre; call, no time to answer letters. Wagner, 6 John St.

$1,000 cash purchases a gentleman's beautiful residence; brand new; every improvement; plot 76x150; near station; 20 minutes out. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Farm bargains everywhere; all kinds; owners' descriptive list mailed. Lebkuecher, 78 Bible House, Manhattan.

Farms at farmer's prices everywhere in Jersey; special bargains. Osgoodby, 50 Church St., N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Chance for Chicken Raisers.
SUMMER BUNGALOW,
Only $750; terms $50 down and $8 monthly until paid. Big discount for cash. This is a large 3-room cottage, with 3 lots, 3 minutes to depot and trolley; fare 16c, 1 hour out. Would make a fine little chicken farm. Can tell you of a brand new system. Write at once. Box E 174 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

For Sale.—The most beautiful building site in America, for either private residence or hotel; seventeen acres on Lookout Mountain, Tenn.; price, $27,500. Address P. F. Jones, Lookout Mountain, Tenn.

Guthrie, Oklahoma's capital; closing out original boomers' holdings; great bargains; lots, $350; worth $1,000; values constantly increasing. Bremens, 10 East 42d St.

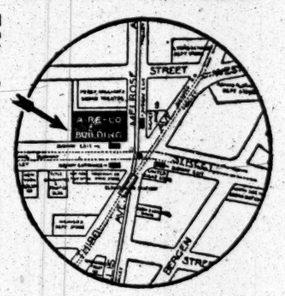
TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

The Bronx's Finest Business Building

The New A-RE-CO Mercantile Building

149th Street and 3rd Avenue (The Traffic and Business Center of the Bronx)

STORES—OFFICES—LOFTS—FOR RENT



Location. At the *established* traffic and business center of the Bronx, where thousands of people transfer from the Elevated, Subway and Surface lines.

Building. Five stories and basement of the finest, modern fire-proof steel construction. Elevators, plumbing and steam heating equipment of the very latest type. Mail Chutes, Electric Lights, Vacuum Cleaners.

Stores. In very desirable sizes. All plate-glass store fronts. High ceilings. Best of light.

Offices. Varying sizes from 228 to 696 square feet. Finished and arranged with all the completeness of equipment and perfection of detail of newest downtown office buildings.

Lofts. Will be divided to suit. Permanent light on three sides.

Send for Booklet. See the Building.

Apply to AMERICAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY, Owner
985 Southern Boulevard

Very Large Lofts and Store
in new 12-story building—Covering 12,000 Square Feet.
S. W. Corner 16th St. and Irving Place
Opposite New Borgfeldt Building and within 300 feet of Union Square
Ready for occupancy January 1st, 1910
Building is absolutely Fire Proof; has the new Sprinkler and Ventilation Systems; Mail Chutes; Five (5) Otis Elevators and every modern improvement.
Apply to
KIPS BAY REALTY CO.
135 BROADWAY
or your broker.

EMMET ARCADE
Southwest Corner
MADISON AVE. & 59TH ST.
FOR RENT
LARGE LIGHT STORES
BUSINESS LOFTS
and OFFICES
ELEVATOR, STEAM HEAT.
Best appointed building in the vicinity of New York's large hotels.
Apply to M. D. BARRY,
Room 102, on Premises.

131-133 W. 28th Street
West of Sixth Avenue
STORES AND LOFTS
54 feet front by 100 feet deep.
Extra heavy construction.
Finest Light. Every Modern Improvement 5,000 feet on each floor. Seven-story mercantile building, center new wholesale dry goods district. Constructed for manufacturing purposes. Perfect ventilation. Liberal lease to high-class tenant.
APPLY ON PREMISES
OR TO YOUR BROKER.

New York Law School BUILDING
172-174 FULTON STREET
TO LET
Extra Large Store and Basement
ALSO
Entire 4th Loft. 2820 Sq. Ft.
EXCELLENT LIGHT.
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
on premises.

WILL SUBLET
Part of 32nd Floor of SINGER BUILDING.
Apply Room 3203,
Singer Building.

LOFT, 40 x 100
293 7th Ave., nr. 27th St.
Steel construction; passenger and freight elevators; large show window front.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
C. F. BEDELL CO.,
2,381 Broadway, cor. 87th St. Tel. 3010 River.

STORES AND LOFTS TO LET.
This is the time to secure desirable location for February rentings. Send your wants and we will do the rest.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

Fine three factory lofts to let; space, 100x60 each; in Astoria, Long Island, half block from 92d St. Ferry, corner Munson and Franklin Sts; plenty of light; no smoky location; including steam power and elevator service; long lease. Apply Wm. Kral & Co.

To lease for a long term entire building, 25x110; Broadway, near 23d St.; elevator and steam heat.
Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

A Valuable Floor, 20 West 33rd St. IN THE COLONIA BUILDING.
Unusually fine building; location unexcelled; divide. Apply Miss A. M. Swift, 13 East 36th.

STORES—NEW BUILDING
FINE LOCATION FOR ANY BUSINESS.
N. W. Cor. Audubon Ave. and 181st
APPLY ON PREMISES.

HALF FLOOR OFFICES
at 36 East 23d St., near Broadway and Subway; 25x42; rent $65; all improvements. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 West 59th St.—North skylight studios; in new, up-to-date building; rent reasonable. Apply on premises.

5,800 square feet of the best lighted loft in New York at 50 cents a square foot. Brackett Realty Co., 1 East 42d St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

ATTRACTIVE DWELLING TO LET
74 East 90th St.—Three stories and basement, 11 rooms and bath; Reduced Rents.
WM. HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

237 WEST 137TH ST.
Elegant American basement dwelling, 20 rooms, 2 baths, near 8th Av. L and Lenox Av. Subway; private neighborhood; A1 condition; rent, $1,600.
GEO. F. PICKEN, 43 West 125th St.

50 West 69th St., handsome four-story brownstone dwelling, with 2-story extension; size 25x60x100; electric lights, hardwood floors, 14 rooms, 3 baths; rent moderate. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

8 East 49th St., handsome four-story and basement dwelling, with two-story extension; size 25x70x100; fifteen rooms and three baths, electric lights, open plumbing; possession any time; rent moderate. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Don't Overlook This Proposition

LOOK INTO IT.
204 TO 208 EAST 27TH ST.
Running through to 26th St.
Suitable for Any Business, Lofts or Warehouses.
Light on Every Side.
Fine 6-story structure, A1 condition; practically rebuilt; 12 separate floor spaces; a total of 55,000 square feet; entrance on two streets; elevator, power.
Lease All—or Subdivide,
AT LESS THAN 30c. PER SQUARE FOOT.
Ask for Mr. Carroll on premises or at 200 E. 27th St., or Geo. B. McEntyre, 401 Greenwich St.

First loft, 25x60, 42 East 23d, near Broadway and Subway; rent, $100. S. B. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

East Side.

THE HILLHURST
160
EAST
91ST STREET
LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS—TASTEFUL DECORATIONS—POLITE ATTENDANTS.
$16 HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS. $40
UNFURNISHED.
4 Rooms and Bath.....$33.00
5 Rooms and Bath..... 35.00
MAGNIFICENT ROOF GARDEN.
FIREPROOF BUILDING.
TWO OTIS PASSENGER LIFTS.
Free private 'phone in each apartment, Night and day service.
MEALS SERVED IN PRIVATE DINING ROOM IF DESIRED.

ELEGANT APARTMENT
784 Fifth Avenue
to Rent—50 x 90—11 Rooms and 2 Baths
Apply on Premises or through Your Own Broker

MT. MORRIS
Cor. 126th St. and 5th Ave.
High Class modern apartments with elevator, hall and telephone service.
8 rooms and 2 baths.....$1,300
7 rooms and bath..... ..$720 to 1,000
Liberal concessions will be made on account of lateness of season.
PORTER & CO.,
159 W. 125TH ST.

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 EAST 24TH STREET.
Large Apartments to Rent.

Desirable corner apartment; two rooms, bath, heat. 133 East 34th St.; rent, $40, $42.50.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
Only a few left at special prices.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 7 rooms and bath, $28 to $45.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS.
5 and 6 rooms and bath $26 to $33.
All large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW!
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

THE HILLCREST
Woodycrest Av. & 166th St
Two short blocks east of Ogden Av.
These exquisite new non-elevator apartments are of a superior construction and finish, surpassing anything in the Bronx.
The improvements include long-distance telephone, electric lights, tiled bathrooms, open nickel plumbing, Dutch shelves, &c.
4, 5, and 6 Large Rooms.
RENTS REDUCED.
Superintendent on premises

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
5 and 6 All Light Rooms.
Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" station.
RENTS $24 UP.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Fred'k Zittel & Sons,
Broadway & 79th St. Broadway & 140th St.
Unusual Inducement Offered

The Bellmore
Southwest Corner
Broadway and 183d St.
These Apartments are especially attractive for small as well as large families; the rooms are large and sunny; elevator, telephone, electric lights, etc.
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath,
Rents, $456 to $660.

Claremont Hall
Northwest Corner
112th St. & Broadway.
Large outside rooms, choice location, handy to Subway station; every improvement; day and night service.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath.
$600 to $1,100.

The Arleigh
616-620 West 113th St.
Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Refined private house block; one block from subway station; attractive, large sunny rooms; extra maids' bathroom; choice tenants.
7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths,
Rents, $1,000 to $1,200.

The Sunnycrest
611 West 113th St.,
Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive
Choice private house block, cheerful outlook, large rooms, plenty of closet room; southern exposure.
5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $660 to $1,200

Ellerslie Court
601 W. 140th & 600 W. 141st Sts., Broadway Corners.
Subway station 137th St. and Broadway; a view of the river can be enjoyed from the apartments; new houses, embodying every possible convenience, including elevator.
6 & 7 Rooms & Bath,
$750 to $1,200.

THE MAJESTIC
St. Nicholas Ave., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
Absolutely Fireproof
7 and 8 Large Rooms.
Rents $660 to $1080
Including Electric Light and Cold Storage. Continuous Elevator Service. Subway, Elevated, Surface Lines.
DU BOIS & TAYLOR,
3555 Broadway (146th St.)

Paul Revere
Elevator Apartments,
Convent Av. and 147th St.
4 AND 5 ROOMS
All Outside Rooms.
Convenient to Subway, elevated and all surface lines; all-night elevator service; strictly first class in every detail; $600-$900.

ROBT. FULTON COURT,
N. E. Cor. B'way and 156th St.
Open for inspection.
4, 5, 6 and 7 large, light, sunny rooms; elevator, hall and telephone service; rents $500 to $980.
PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th.

THE SPRINGFIELD.
Near Riverside Drive.—180 Claremont Av., northeast corner 125th.—Beautiful apartments; five, six, and seven elegant rooms; night elevator, telephone, mail chute, hall service; near Subway station; moderate.

AT THE MANITOU.
221 West 141st St., near 7th Av.; high-grade 4 and 6 large, light room, elevator apartments; $28-$35-$38-$40-$45.

STERLING, 203 WEST 118TH ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
6 AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENTS $50 TO $70.

A.—To sublet; large, light, 6-room apartment; all outside rooms; $85; concessions. Apply on premises, 611 West 111th St.

A.—To sublet in Evelyn Court, 619 West 114th, handsome eight-room apartment; two baths; will make concessions. Inquire on premises.

Cathedral Heights, $40.
Elevator; five rooms. 509 West 112th St.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
4, 5, 6 Rooms & Bath, $36 to $55.
N. W. Cor. Audubon Av. & 181st
HEALTHIEST PART OF CITY.
Convenient to Subway; all modern improvements; wall safe; telephone; hall service night and day. APPLY ON PREMISES.
121st St., 421 West.—Six light front rooms; telephone; near Columbia University; $38-$42.

West Side. West Side.

The BELNORD
(ONE ENTIRE SQUARE BLOCK),
Broadway, Amsterdam Av., 86th to 87th Street.
The largest and best appointed apartment house in the world.
7 outside rooms and up; 2, 3 and 4 bathrooms.
Rentals $2,100 upward.
Representative on premises at all hours to show apartments.
Illustrated Booklet upon application.
W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents.
Office on premises—2364 Broadway.
Telephone, 10400—River.

Euclid Hall
Broadway, West Side,
85th and 86th Sts.
9 and 11 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.
RENTS, $2,000 to $3,000 A YEAR

Buckingham Court,
312 West 99th St.
All-night elevator service.
Eight large rooms and two baths.

Covent Garden APARTMENTS.
St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park.
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT.
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms AND 2 BATHS.
RENTS $40 TO $90.
Finest Location on Washington Heights.

St. Nicholas Court,
746 St. Nicholas Ave.
Elevator service and steam heat.
4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

Earls Court,
108-116 W. 141st St.
5 and 6 Rooms
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
$32.50 to $50.00 per Month.
APPLY MANHATTAN LEASING CO.,
149 Church St.
OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ANDERSON
102 WEST 80TH.
Cozy modern family hotel.
One, two, and three rooms, with baths, furnished and unfurnished; American dining room.

LINCOLN.
306-310 West 51st St.
Beautiful elevator apartments; five and six large, light rooms, bath; electricity. Superintendent on premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

84th St., 19 West, Near Central Park.—Seven beautiful rooms; bath; open plumbing; steam heat; hot water; owner's management; ideal neighborhood; $53.

A.—605 WEST 111TH ST.,
4 rooms & bath; large, light, & airy; telephone; elevator; $55. Apply on premises.

12 West 97th St.—6 rooms, bath, steam heated, hot water; near Subway; rent $35-$37.

Medford Apartments.
BROADWAY (East Side) 163d to 164th St.
Finest Elevator Apartments on Washington Heights.
Finished similar to the Hendrick Hudson Apartments.
Every room is of unusual size; Every apartment faces street.
Parlors, 18x11. Dining Room, 16x13.
Foyers, 15x8.6. Chambers, 18x10.
Kitchens, 8x16.
Five Rooms, Foyer, Bath..$50 to $57.50
Six " " 2 Baths 65 to 70.00
Seven " " 2 Baths 70 to 75.00
Seven-room apts. have extra large foyer.
Convenient to Subway Express Station and all surface lines.
Telephone, 297—Audubon.

MARLEN COURT,
S. E. COR. BROADWAY AND 179TH ST.
Contains all the improvements ordinarily found only in more expensive apartments.
4, 5, 6, & 7 ROOMS & BATH, $35-$75.
R. S. JENNINGS & CO.
AGENTS ON PREMISES.

Camden, 206 W. 95th St.
Apartments, 5 Rooms, and Bath
All improvements; elevator, telephone; fine entrance; all-night service; convenient to 96th St. Subway express station.
RENTS $55. APPLY ON PREMISES.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON
318-322 West 51st.
Beautiful modern apartment, six, seven, and eight large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE ALVARADO,
S.E. cor. 80th St., Park Av.
High-class Apartments, seven, eight, and nine rooms, two baths, equipped with latest appliances; rents $1,300 to $1,900. Supt.

Brooklyn.

HUDSON-FULTON
AS YOU WOULD BUILD THEM.
High-class to-date Apartments,
6 and 7 Rooms.
Beverly Road & East 21st St.,
—FLATBUSH—
Every Improvement. $48 to $68.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

OPPORTUNITY.—FIRST THREE FLOORS OF BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED HOUSE TO DESIRABLE COUPLE; WEST 72D ST. LOCATION; EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR HOUSEKEEPING; ELECTRICITY, SHOWER BATH, PARQUET FLOORS, &c. OPPORTUNITY, 20 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Three rooms, bath, and kitchen; light, elevator; for self and wife; must be first-class; give particulars. M. 32 Times, Times Square.

FOR SALE.

GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE
FACTORY PRICES
Mission, Art and Crafts
Everything for the Home
250 Pieces of Circassian Walnut at 30% Off Regular Prices
CONSISTING OF
Dressers, Chiffoniers, Princess Toilets Desks, Dining Room Tables, Buffets Serving Tables, China Closets and Chairs
LEMON & COMPANY,
151-153 East 23d St.
Near Lexington Ave.

ROLL TOP **DESKS**
Office Furniture in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

BUY FROM the IMPORTERS
DIAMONDS and JEWELRY ON CREDIT Save the Retailer's profit. Easy payments.
B. H. DAVIS SON & CO. 12-16 John Street.

EMERGENCY BAGGAGE REPAIR CO.
The only company of its kind.
Trunks, Bags, Cases, Travellers' Outfits Bought, Sold, Exchanged and Made to Order.
25 E. 14th St., bet. 5th Av. and Union Sq.

TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months, rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

BUDD & CO., 71 Spring St., Near Subway. High-grade Office Furniture, desks, tables, chairs, partitions; also several sound-proof telephone booths and stock quotation boards at reasonable prices. Tel. 5483 Spg.

MIRRORS BARGAINS. All kinds framed, unframed.
PLATE GLASS TOPS
to cover desks, furniture, etc. Nathan Lyons 129-131 West 31st St. Tel. 7190 Mad. Sq.

SAFES New and second-hand, of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged and repaired. YORK SAFE & LOCK CO., formerly J. M. Mossman, 55 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest prices. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connects.

DESKS CHAIRS, OFFICE FURNITURE PARTITIONS, &c. BUY DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS. HAMBURGER'S 33 E. 29TH ST.

Big Bargains.—Second-hand desks, office furniture, typewriters, cash registers, adding machines, multigraphs, safes, filing cabinets, mimeographs. Nathan's, 239 West Broadway.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Earle T. Co., 79 Duane St.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

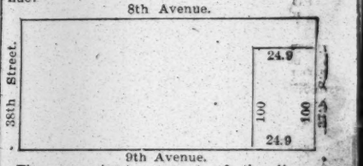
Christman Pianos
Prominent artists speak highly of the "CHRISTMAN"—grow enthusiastic over their wonderful tone. Prices are lower than any other high-class piano. Call, listen, and judge for yourself.
BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK.
Steinway Upright.....$275
Sohmer Upright..... 200
Weber Upright..... 175
Everett Upright..... 165
Sherwood Upright..... 125
Angelus Player Piano..... 175
Square Pianos from..... 75
Christman Sons, 35 West 14th St.

WM. A. POND & CO.
FOR RENT, STEINWAY'S, WEBER'S and other high grade pianos. Monthly or season. Also for SALE for CASH or on EASY PAYMENTS.
18 WEST 37th ST., near 5th Avenue.

CALL AND SEE THE POPULAR
O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS
sold at factory prices on easy payments. Players, self-playing pianos. Open evenings. 1,518 Third Av., near 86th St., Manhattan. 2,929 Third Av., near 151st St., Bronx.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York—JAMES EVERARD, Plaintiff, against CATHARINE FRANCES CALLAN and others, Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 1st day of November, 1909, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of November, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and thereinafter described as follows: All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northeasterly corner of Ninth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, running thence northerly along the easterly side of Ninth Avenue twenty-four feet and nine inches; thence easterly and part of the distance through a party wall parallel with Thirty-seventh Street, one hundred feet; thence southerly and parallel with Ninth Avenue twenty-four feet and nine inches to the northerly side of Thirty-seventh Street, and thence westerly along the northerly side of Thirty-seventh Street one hundred feet to the northeasterly corner of Ninth Avenue, the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less. Said premises being known as Number 484 Ninth Avenue.
Dated, New York, November 1st, 1909.
GILBERT H. MONTAGUE, Referee.
DAVID M. NEUBERGER, Attorney for Plaintiff, 302 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 484 Ninth Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is fifty-nine thousand five hundred and forty-two and 96-100 dollars ($59,542.96,) with interest thereon from the 30th day of October, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $724 81-100, with interest from October 30th, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the Referee, is $5,952.80 and interest.
Dated, New York, November 1st, 1909.
GILBERT H. MONTAGUE, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—HENRY KING STURDEE and WILLIAM B. HATCH, Complainants, against CUBA EASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, Defendant.
In pursuance of an interlocutory decree duly made and filed herein on the 14th day of October, 1909, notice is hereby given that all claims and demands against the defendant, Cuba Eastern Railroad Company, must be presented on or before the 12th day of November, 1909, to the undersigned at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City.
The first hearing before the undersigned, the Special Master appointed by said interlocutory decree, will be held at his said office on Tuesday, November 30th, at four P. M.
Dated New York, October 15th, 1909.
BEVERLEY R. ROBINSON,
Special Master.

Help Wanted—Females.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN,

Require thoroughly experienced saleswomen for the following departments: FURS, TRIMMINGS, VELVETS, STATIONERY, RIBBONS, OPTICAL, CAMERA, PICTURE, SILVERWARE, BRIC-A-BRAC, CHINA, LACES, RUCHING, JEWELRY, LADIES' SHOES, SILKS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, AND KNIT UNDERWEAR. Apply by mail or in person to General Superintendent.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Neat girl for light chamber work and sewing; good wages. Inquire 68 East 70th St., 9 to 12 o'clock.

COMPETENT GIRL, working housekeeper or general house work; good cook; two in family; personal references. Livingston, 18 W. 119.

SAKS & COMPANY,
Broadway, at 34th Street,

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED

SALESWOMEN
for the following departments:

WOMEN'S GLOVES,
MISSES' SUITS, WAISTS,
AND MEN'S GLOVES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly capable and experienced stenographer and typist, with knowledge of bookkeeping; reference. Call between 10 A. M. and noon, M. Herbert, 42 West Broadway.

WANTED.—Young girl with previous experience in double entry bookkeeping and stenography; references required. Apply by letter. Steno., 1,360 3d Av.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN,

Require thoroughly experienced salesmen for the following departments: SILKS, DOMESTICS, DRESS GOODS, DOMESTIC AND ORIENTAL RUGS.

ALSO

JEWELRY WORKROOM—Several experienced jewelers.

ALSO

HOUSEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT — Require an experienced man for general repair work, also competent man to set up and repair stoves. Apply by mail or in person to General Superintendent.

PACKERS—Require several packers on china and housefurnishings. Apply to Superintendent of Traffic and Buildings.

CUTTER.—Wanted, a first-class coat cutter. Apply to Thorer & Praetorius, 41 East 11th St., at 8:30 A. M.

FRIENDS OF HUMANITY CO-OPERATE. Are you friendless? Do you want honest work? Do you want help for honest humane-like duties. If so, let us know your trouble. We will try to help you. Address Mutual Philanthropy, 1,537 Broadway. THIS IS NOT AN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.

SALESMEN.—If you have the real selling ability and want a quick seller, one that will get you at least three orders daily, call and see our new book and magazine combination; selling features that clinch the orders. Review of Reviews, 13 Astor Place. Afternoons only.

WANTED—Young men who can furnish references to become traveling salesmen; experience unnecessary; write to-day for full particulars. Bradstreet System, Dept. 94, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED.—Draftsman and estimator familiar with steel plate construction; technical graduate preferred. Address or call Room 1,002, 141 Broadway, city.

WANTED—By an A1 skirt concern, an experienced salesman for the Middle West with an established trade; good inducements to right party. Box M 39 Times, Times Square.

General.

SALESMEN—Traveling salesmen wanted; hundreds of good positions now open; no experience needed to get one of them; salesmen earn from $1,000 to $25,000 a year and expenses; over 600,000 employed in the United States, and the demand always exceeds the supply. We will teach you to be an expert Salesman by mail and assist you to secure a good position. We are receiving more calls for Salesmen than we can fill and are placing our graduates daily with the best firms in the country. Hundreds of them who formerly earned from $25 to $75 a month have since earned from $100 to as high as $500 a month and expenses. Many of them have earned as high as $100 a day. Our Free Employment Bureau will assist you to secure one of these positions. If you want to increase your earning capacity, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810-D Flat Iron Bldg., New York. Branches: Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712—Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, competent office assistants wanted, male and female. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 69 West 39th St. —Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

A.—A.—Hofmayer, 153 West 23d St; domestic help; references investigated; telephone 1864 Chelsea.

Lind's Employment Agency, 729 Lexington Av. —Reliable servants; all nationalities; references investigated: phone 4696—Plaza.

MRS. PILLSBURY, 507 5th Av., Murray Hill 6185. Teachers, governesses, housekeepers, companions, trained nurses.
SEPARATE DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

SELECT COLORED HELP for private families, boarding houses, hotels, and clubs. Duncan's Help Exchange, 134 West 134th St. Telephone 5078 Morningside.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St., tel. 4736—Columbus.

Agents Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS wanted to sell our riders' policies, issued to both men and women, covering accident, sickness, and death, and all occupations, giving $3,000 death and $15 weekly benefits, costing but $5 per annum; something entirely new; extra large commission given. Call or address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York. Established 24 years.

Situations Wanted--Females.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—DRESSMAKER.—Maker of gowns of superior design, fit, and workmanship; your last season's satin gown veiled with marquisette makes serviceable evening gown; satisfactory remodeling. Mme. Cully, 138 West 48th St. Phone 1883 Bryant.

APPEAL TO LADIES!
Are there some noble minded, kind hearted ladies in New York who have the means to be able to devote some little time to congenial, great work—of philanthropical aim? This is not charity to attack your purse! Help yourself by helping others! Mutual Philanthropy, 1,537 Broadway. Tel. Bryant 1593.

BILL CLERK.—A1; five years' reference; $12. E 179 Times Downtown.

COLORED WOMAN.—Washing, ironing, cleaning; out by day. Toler, 10 West 99th St.

COMPETENT HOUSEKEEPER, who thoroughly understands good cooking in all its branches, desires position out of New York City; excellent references as to character and ability; good salary required; no employment agencies. Millgrom, M 31 Times, Times Square.

EDUCATED GERMAN, active and experienced, wishes position as managing housekeeper where help are kept; American reference. M. M., 306 East 57th St.

GOVERNESS.—Experienced, speaking, teaching perfectly French, German English, music, desires position; thorough care, training children; highest references. Education, 233 E. 60th.

LADY desires addressing at home; rapid and accurate. M 50 Times, Times Square.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, graduate nurse, experienced stenographer and typewriter; would travel; knows several languages. Box J. 8 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, former private secretary to manager of large publishing house in Western city; has a fair acquaintance with the divers meanderings of Noah Webster, an absolute horror of split infinitives, and zeal in translating diction into nice, proper, grammatical forms with an unusual degree of celerity. M 40 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience; does expert work; well educated, refined; anxious locate with well established house requiring services of first-class woman; unquestionable references. E 177 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, general office assistant.—Few months' experience; neat, accurate, ambitious; anxious to locate with reliable firm; highest references; accept moderate salary. Miss L., 176 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; Remington. Underwood; capable of taking charge of office details; systematic, thorough, competent; $15. V 184, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Short experience; reference; accurate and rapid at transcriptions; Christian; $8. E. M. B., 225 Jewett Av., Jersey City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, experience, good education, neat, accurate, ambitious; references. E 166, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, some experience, well-recommended young American girl. Efficient, 804, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—Seven years' experience; can handle entire correspondence; salary $15. B. Galerstein, 813 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, educated, up-to-date American girl wants position quickly. Gloria, P. O. 1045.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady with some experience. Miss Kolb, 42 West 99th St.

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Situations Wanted—Males.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—ACCOUNTANT, certified, desires additional work; audits, part time work, systematizing, &c.; highest credentials; prompt attention; moderate charges. Certified Public Accountant, Suite 602, 35 Nassau. Tel. 6677—Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, disentangled, systematized, audited, $5 monthly upward; kept part time. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, installs, and simplifies systems, makes weekly postings, trial balances, profit-loss balance sheets. George Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ADJUSTER.—By young man as claim adjuster; knows business thoroughly; experienced in law; highest references. M 45 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER. — Expert accountant seeks work; books opened, written up, systematized; special arrangements with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 306, 302 Broadway Telephone 1544 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man highly recommended, wide experience; rapid, accurate, reliable; best references, character, ability. L. Seale, 1,462 East 17th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Will attend to office, giving expert's service, charging only for hour or more each week, necessary to have first-class results. G. F. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER (24) desires position; seven years' business experience; rapid and accurate; best references. M 24 Times, Times Square.

BUTLER and VALET; English; 34; good personality; city reference W. Lonegan, 196 Waverley Place.

DENTIST.—Japanese, young man, wishes position in dentist's office; graduate of Japanese medical college; salary no object. M 38 Times, Times Square.

DESIGNER, PERFORATOR.—Experienced linen, pillow top, leather, wishes position. Frank Caforio, 354 West 30th St.

ELECTRICAL constructing designing engineer desires engagement, outside, office, or both; competent estimates, specifications; resourceful, and handler of men. Box K 150 Times, Times Square.

I AM SELLING New York State and Vermont 5 and 10 cent stores chinaware; I want a side line. Freedman, E 185 Times Downtown.

LIFE INSURANCE opening, with greater opportunities; 20 years' continuous experience; agency production by quota, actuarial and insurance accounting work; statistical analysis. S., Eastern Underwriter, 105 William St., New York City.

NIGHT WORK wanted by young man; hours about 8 to 12. M 43 Times, Times Square.

PAYING TELLER of a New York savings bank, 28, desires position; cashier anything; evenings only; best references. P., 23 East 107th St.

POSITION wanted by young man experienced in credits and collections; legal training; as credit man or assistant. M 44 Times, Times Square.

TUTOR.—By competent tutor of considerable experience and training. Hall, Box 110 Times Downtown.

VALET.—Visiting by day private families; special attention given bachelors' apartments; call or write; references. C. Morgan, 358 West 119th St.

WINDOW DRESSER, striking, advanced ideas, appealing to refined trade. Address Box M 51 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG LAWYER, LL. B., New York Bar 1906, desires to abandon profession and accept position in commercial, literary, or publishing line; confidential position preferred; experience in study of the laws should prove valuable in any business. M 36 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as clerk; has had four years' experience in the circulation department of a large newspaper, but is willing to do anything. M 33 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 26 years old, wishes to secure a position as shipping clerk; can give first-class references for the past seven years. John Keating, 59 Madison St., New York City.

YOUNG lawyer desires any legitimate engagement requiring highest educational qualifications. Box M 52 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position with stock or curb house, telephone order clerk; also write blotter. James Duane, 370 East 69th St.

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Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Keeping the Want Page Clean.

The New York Times makes every effort to keep out misleading and fraudulent advertisements. The task, however, is not an easy one. Therefore, The Times requests the aid of its readers, and any information regarding an advertisement thought to be misleading will be appreciated and considered confidential. The Times aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Boarders Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1— AMERICAN PLAN ONLY.
One person $10 weekly.
Two persons $16 weekly.
Table "the best in NEW YORK."
TABLE GUESTS, $7 WEEKLY.
Not simply a place to stay, but a "Home" which reflects the comfort of competence—the solidity of substance—the good taste of refinement. HIGHEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. Service, Cuisine, Furnishings, Unequaled elsewhere except at twice our rates. Then why pay higher prices? COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.
Room and Meals for one person $10 weekly.
Two persons $16 weekly.
Parlor and Chamber, and Meals for
One person $16 weekly.
Two persons $22 weekly.
Three persons $28 weekly.
Double Parlors, Two Chambers, Private Bath, and Meals for
One person $25 weekly.
Two persons $30 weekly.
Three persons $36 weekly.
Four persons $42 weekly.
These prices are on a basis of two meals daily. For three meals add $1 per week for each person.
Outside rooms, newly, substantially furnished; elevator, steam heat, electricity, gas, baths, telephones in abundance.
Just off Broadway; three minutes to 145th St. Subway station; block to Riverside Drive. SPENCER, 505 West 143d St. 'Phone, 2990—Audubon.

1.—THE CONNEAUT.
871 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
Corner 97th St.
Newly furnished and decorated; all rooms southern exposure, with running water; dining room on top floor; elevator service, electric lights; table board. A. K. Dick, Manager.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46, Corner 11th.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large front rooms; well heated, furnished; excellent board; telephone.

20TH ST., 356 WEST. — EXTRA LARGE, MEDIUM SUNNY ROOMS; QUIET; SMALL FAMILY; REFERENCES; EXCELLENT FOOD PROPERLY SERVED. 'PHONE 4554—CHELSEA.

25TH ST., 35 WEST.—Large rooms en suite or single; visitors in city accommodated.

48TH, 115 WEST.—A private family offers with board large comfortable room to gentleman.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, small steam-heated rooms; entire house newly redecorated, under new management; inexhaustible hot water supply; private baths; table board without room, $7.

57TH, 337 WEST.—Large, desirable room, with board; telephone; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms with board; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Desirable medium rooms, also single room; first-class table; moderate.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private bath; southern exposure; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; single room; private baths; electric lights; table guests.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room; steam, 'phone; first-class board; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Front room, southern exposure; water; two adults, $16; table guests, $5.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Single and medium rooms, newly decorated; superior table; references; table boarders.

80TH, 154 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; running water; ample closets; table guests accommodated; references.

80TH, 146 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; superior board; private American family; telephone.

80TH, 150-152 WEST.—Large, sunny room; bath adjoining; parlor dining room; table guests.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—A few table guests accommodated; good home, table; Southern.

82D, 8 WEST.—Highest class cuisine; beautiful rooms; pleasant surroundings; moderate price; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Every room bath, steam heat, parquet floors; excellent table; splendid service.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large, handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private bath; electric lights; large closets; excellent table; telephone; near Park.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant rooms; excellent table board; table guests accommodated. Telephone 2871, Riverside.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; hall room; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable large room; all conveniences; good board; telephone.

94TH ST., 18 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; southern exposure; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

113TH ST., 75 WEST.—Back parlor; doctor, couple, two or three young men; other rooms. Schwarzkopf.

117TH ST., 417-419 WEST, Near Columbia University.—Highest, healthiest location; Morningside, near Central and Riverside Parks; faces tennis courts; (no traffic;) sunny south front suite; entire second floor; parlor floor suite; private bath; exceptional home table: Subway; references.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, sunny rooms; dressing room; first-class board; telephone; references.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Hall room, southern exposure; good table; American family; telephone; "L" station.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large front room; second floor; also small rooms; references; "L"; Subway.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Accommodation; private family; residential block; Subway; excellent table; conveniences; references.

ALLIANCE HOUSE 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 793—Bryant.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars, beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephones; superior table.

Young man wishes another young man as roommate; references. Box M 41 Times, Times Square.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references exchanged.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Double rooms and bath; excellent table; references; telephone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—One large front, sunny room, with board; references.

58TH ST., 50 EAST.—Desirable large and small fourth floor rooms; large closets; near bath; parlor dining room; permanent; adults; reference.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second floor; two rooms and bath; exceedingly attractive; also single room; prices reasonable; accommodations considered; excellent table; American.

IRVING PLACE, 53, Gramercy Park District, Nicholas Fish Mansion.—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Double and single rooms, with excellent board; parlor dining room.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5. Heights.—River view, Wall St.; Subway to Broadway, 5 minutes; neighborhood, house, high-class; second-story front room, elegantly furnished; small suite; table, choicest products New York markets. 905 Main.

GREENE AV., 41.—If you have a taste for homelike cooking, you will like my dining room; it's bright, tidy, and comfortable.

Boarders Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE, 902 PRESIDENT ST.
Elegant double and single rooms; superior table.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

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Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Board Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ROOM and board wanted by a young man in a French private family, where an opportunity could be had to learn French; references given; please state terms. M 48 Times, Times Square.

An English gentleman desires to make his home with refined private family; artistic and literary; Westchester preferred; no boarding houses. Address M 46 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—Room and board by young man; private family preferred. K 120 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Country Board.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

New York.

A comfortable home, beautifully located; $7 upward; send for circular. 315 Gramatan Av., Mount Vernon.

New Jersey.

WINDSOR HOTEL, ORANGE, N. J.—Under new management; handsomely furnished; excellent table; terms moderate.

Country Board Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Board and two rooms wanted for two young ladies; healthy country, good water; references. 796 Prospect Ave., Brooklyn.

Furnished Rooms.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

15TH, 252 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; hot and cold water; telephone; private house.

29TH ST., 330 WEST.—Large, nicely heated rooms, all conveniences; southern exposure; private house; telephone.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—One very desirable room; first-class service; Southerners accommodated; references.

43D ST., 246 WEST.—Beautifully furnished back parlor with private bath; steam heat; $8. Northrup.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

48TH ST., 69 WEST.—Large room, with bath; also back parlor, steam heated; elegant appointments.

49TH ST., 131 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; southern exposure; suitable for business person; reference.

54TH ST., 158 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, large or small; hot water; 'phone; all cars.

55TH ST., 25 WEST.
Accommodations en suite, single; breakfast; valet service.

56TH ST., 210 West, (The Frederick.)—Rooms, with bath, $1.50 a day and upward.

57TH ST., 100 WEST.—Well-furnished, sunny front rooms; steam heat; running water; bath. Vanderweg.

58TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for gentlemen; bath; heat; breakfast optional.

64TH ST., 35 WEST, (Monticello.)—For gentlemen; large and small rooms, with bath and showers; telephone, elevators; hotel service; fireproof; quiet; from $8 weekly upward; elevated or Subway to 66th St.

64TH ST., 116 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable, large and small rooms; first-class house; 'phone.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room, attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—For gentlemen; electric lights; telephone; private baths; European service; breakfast; references.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—High-class bachelor apartments; private bath; private house; telephone; reference; breakfast.

76TH ST., 100 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; one flight up; elevator, telephone. Inquire hall boy.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Choice rooms; attractive to gentlemen appreciating refinement; exceptionally handsome house; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Small room, newly furnished and decorated; private family; low rent.

80TH ST., 134 WEST.—Rooms, one with private bath; board optional; parlor for physician; moderate.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; running water; "L" and Subway; private house.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, with bath, or separate; near Park; reasonable; 'phone.

82D ST., 107 WEST.—Large front room; bath; refined surroundings; private house; gentleman; reference. Jacklin.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large front room, one flight; electric light; parquet floors; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive; private house; south; large, small; running water, (plenty hot;) telephone.

83D, 56 WEST.—Delightful, large, warm room; private house.

84TH ST., 14 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front room, second floor; appointments first-class; telephone.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Beautifully newly furnished rooms; private bath; twin beds; all conveniences; centrally located; refined surroundings; reference; telephone.

92D ST., 202 WEST.—Southern lady, comfortable front inside room; all conveniences; Subway; references. Mueller.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large, small rooms, single or connecting; telephone; reception room; very moderate.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Newly furnished, light rooms; one flight up; high class apartment. Corwin.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Doctor, dentist; three large rooms; parlor floor; lavatory; desirable neighborhood; telephone.

96TH ST., 127 WEST.—Front suite, rooms, nicely furnished; piano, bath; one, two gentlemen. Whitehead.

140TH ST., 219 WEST.—Corner apartment; parlor and bedroom; nicely furnished; private family; steam. Taylor.

105TH ST., 109 WEST.—Prettily furnished light rooms; single or connecting; one flight. Shanliff.

Furnished Rooms.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

106TH ST., 206 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; elevator apartment; telephone; Subway, "L." Horner.

106TH ST., (940 Amsterdam Av.)—Large outside room, bath; quiet; independence; gentlemen; reasonable. Lawson.

113TH, 266 WEST.—Beautifully furnished single and double rooms for gentlemen or couple; all conveniences; private house; near Subway and L.

118TH ST., 83 WEST.—Large, sunny room for two gentlemen; private residence; adult family; telephone.

118TH ST., 366 WEST.—Desirable suite; other rooms; first-class accommodations; private house; near Morningside.

118TH ST., 415 WEST.—Attractive rooms; elevator, telephone, electric light. Wheeler.

119TH ST., 359 WEST.—Large, cheerful, warm room, dressing room; running water; private house; reference.

123D ST., 350 WEST.—Large, sunny room, dressing room adjoining; bath; private family; "L"; 'phone.

126TH ST., 177 WEST.—Doctor's office established twelve years; electric light and all modern equipments.

127TH ST.—Desirable outside room; bath; business woman. Conkling, 10 St. Nicholas Terrace.

133D ST., 206 WEST.—One flight; steam; private hall; small family; clean; reasonable. Hill.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; ample closets; parlor; refined neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

138TH ST., 606 WEST.—Desirable, large room; all conveniences; board optional; Subway one block; reasonable.

144TH, 562 WEST.—Large attractive front room; elevator apartment; electricity; gentlemen; $6. Apartment 61.

145TH ST., 544 WEST.—Private family, occupying modern apartment near Subway station, will rent desirable sunny room overlooking Riverside Drive, moderate to permanent party. Ogden.

160TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; conveniences; telephone, piano; reasonable; board optional; private house.

180TH ST., 602 WEST.—Pleasant room, adjoining bath; high-class apartment; gentlemen; private. Hills.

A.—A.—The Frederick, 210 West 56th, Near Central Park.—Rooms, with private bath, $1.50 a day; parlor, bedroom, and private bath, one or two persons, $2 per day; elevator service day and night. Telephone in room. Special monthly rates.

IN A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, second floor, two rooms and bath, or two rooms, third floor, near 72d St. Subway Station; furnished or unfurnished; breakfast optional; gentlemen preferred; references. Professional, K 57 Times, Times Square.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Washington Heights.—Two outside rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, shower bath; together or separate. E 180 Times Downtown.

STUDIO, 514 WEST 114TH ST., to rent three days week; two pianos; 'phone.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103-105.—Room with private bath, beautifully furnished; $10 per week.

East Side.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private house, references.

32D ST., 19 EAST.

Double and single rooms.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.
THE NAYLOR.
DESIRABLE ROOMS, TABLE BOARD. Phone

37TH ST., 145 EAST, (Murray Hill).—Beautiful, warm south rooms; hot water; telephone; gentlemen; reasonable.

52D ST., 41 EAST, corner Madison.—Beautiful, furnished studio for rent several days a week; musicians, singing, elocution, musicals, &c., artists.

55TH ST., 22 EAST.—Large fourth floor front room; one or two men.

55TH ST., 207 EAST.—Offer one, two, newly furnished rooms, private house, to gentleman.

58TH ST., 34 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, single or connecting; private bath; physician's office; references.

65TH ST., 158 EAST.—Nice large front room, with hot bath, steam heat, telephone; private house.

68TH ST., 226 EAST.—Single room, nicely furnished; bath; private house; nice location; convenient "L."

92D ST., 60 EAST.—Extra large, pleasant room; dressing room, bath; choice locality; private; American.

116TH ST., 113 EAST.—Nicely furnished large, medium rooms; meals optional; telephone 3434 Harlem.

121ST ST., 149 EAST.—Large and small, elegant room with bath; steam heat. Mathe.

135TH ST., 421 EAST.—Large, furnished room for two; heated; bath and toilet on floor.

IRVING PLACE, 69.—Large, medium-sized front, rear rooms; conveniences; block Subway, "L"; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, (72d and 73d Sts.)—Single rooms $5-$15; housekeeping rooms, parlors; doctor or business; new furniture; steam heat; electricity.

LEXINGTON AV., 868, (40th St.)—Parlor floor, furnished; electric lights; every convenience; for light business.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,198.—Large, small heated rooms; hot, cold water; light, sunny; thoroughly renovated.

LEXINGTON AV., 811.—Large room, nicely furnished, suitable for two.
Office suitable for doctor.
138 East 61st St.

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Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Young man wants unfurnished room; reasonable. K 119 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Unfurnished Rooms.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

39th St., 45 West.—2 rooms and bath; parlor floor and front basement.

Lost.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times, 18c. a line a day; 7 times, 15c. a line a day.

LOST—A black cashmere reticule containing a pocket handkerchief and gloves, silver watch chain, and a ring, between Cortlandt St. and Wanamaker's store on Broadway; reward if returned to York Hotel.

LOST.—Between 45th St. and 6th Av. and 47th St. and 8th Av., blue bead purse with silver top. Suitable reward on return to 110 West 45th St.

LOST—Portfolio of photographs, valuable to owner only; left in Fulton St. Subway station; return and be rewarded. Lincoln Art Co., 1,101 Times Building, care of Jackson Bros.

LOST—Lady's gold pin, design maple leaf covered with pearls; liberal reward will be given finder. Mrs. Herman, Apartment 506, Hotel Endicott.

LOST—Sunday, hunting case silver watch, with fob, between Van Cortlandt Park and Dunwoodie, via aqueduct path. V. R., 186 Times Downtown.

THE BEST HELP

May be obtained by advertising in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times. Costs little and produces results. Or read the advertisements of men and women seeking employment,. under the classification of Situations Wanted.

Lost.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times, 18c. a line a day; 7 times, 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Friday, Oct. 29, 1909, Airedalle Terrier, brown color, dark body, with collar. Inquire porter's desk, Hotel Belmont, 42d St. Reward, $15.

LOST—Monday night, in vicinity of "Little Hungaria," a light-weight overcoat; owners' name in inside pocket; liberal reward; no questions asked. Walton, 3,100 Broadway.

LOST—In Holy Trinity Church a gold bag and purse; a liberal reward will be paid and no questions asked if returned to Hotel Regent, 70th St. and Broadway.

LOST—On Nov. 2, sapphire and diamond chain bracelet between Summit, N. J., and Grand Central Station; liberal reward. C., 55 William St., 6th floor.

LOST—On 99th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs., a marabou feather neckpiece, brown; reward. Return to 151 West 99th St., janitor.

LOST—Between 426 5th Av. and Sherry's blue enamel lady's watch, diamond-studded. Finder kindly return to office at Sherry's; liberal reward.

LOST—On Oct. 27, Cavanaugh's restaurant, West 23d St. and 8th Av., toilet upstairs, two rings, ruby with seven diamonds and emerald with two diamonds; liberal reward. M. M. Phillips, 605 West 111th St.

LOST—9th St., 6th Av. or 11th St., gold pin, two pearls, small sapphires, Wednesday; reward. Newell, 66 West 9th St.

LOST—Diamond bar pin; liberal reward offered. Address or call I. Rosenfield, The Langham, 73d St. and Central Park West.

LOST—A gold college pin with black enamel name and date on the back; liberal reward with clerk, Clendenning Hotel.

LOST—Small open-faced gold watch; initials "J. S."; finder will be rewarded; return 1,230 Amsterdam Av., City.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, Central Park or Madison Av. car, Sunday afternoon; reward. M 34 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Fancy gold bracelet; monogram "T. F.," above 125th St.; return 3,603 Broadway. Chapman.

LOST—Bank book No. 211,445 Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped; kindly return to bank.

LOST—Diamond earring; liberal reward. Mrs. Max Roth, 1,887 7th Av.

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Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times, 18c. a line a day; 7 times, 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, brindle bull terrier; answers to the name of Teddy; reward and no questions asked if returned to 51 East 53d St.

LOST—Fox terrier puppy; brown spots over eyes; answers name Deuce; liberal reward. Hoar, 210 West 107th.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times, 18c. a line a day; 7 times, 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—In Times Building, Times Square, a book and cane. Call Want Advertising Department, first floor, Times Building, Times Square.

FOUND—Saturday night, near Times Building, small bunch keys. Apply Want Advertising Department, first floor, Times Building, Times Square.

FOUND, Oct. 28—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry St.; Bag coffee, marked "A. & G. No. 1,"; black horse, white spot on forehead, 16 h

CHILD IS FORCIBLY TAKEN TO HOSPITAL

Parents Say They Were Clubbed by the Police in a Row Over the Little One.

SURGEON ROUGHLY HANDLED

Health Department Wouldn't Accept the Family Physician's Report of a Diphtheria Cure.

Charges that an ambulance surgeon of the Willard Parker Hospital for Contagious Diseases, reinforced by half a dozen reserves from the Eldridge Street Police Station, forcibly broke into the home of Louis Brodsky, a carpenter, of 191 Forsyth Street on Monday night, clubbed members of his family, and forcibly removed to the hospital his three-year-old daughter, Rosa Brodsky, after the attending physician had pronounced the child cured of diphtheria and croup, were investigated yesterday by Dr. Alonzo Blauvelt, chief of the Division of Contagious Disease of the Health Department.

According to Dr. Blauvelt the conditions were such as to necessitate the forcible removal of the child, and most of the violence done was inflicted by the child's family and neighbors upon the ambulance surgeon in their efforts to frustrate him. Dr. Max Girsdansky, of 237 East Broadway, who had discharged the child as cured, tells a different story. He says that even the child's grandfather came in for a share of clubbing by the police.

According to Dr. Girsdansky, the child was taken ill about a week ago. He was called in, after two other physicians had seen the girl, on Friday of last week, and diagnosed the case as diphtheria and croup.

"I was there twice a day," said Dr. Girsdansky, "and treated the child with antitoxin. On Saturday morning I notified the Health Department of the case. On Monday morning I found the child playing in the room, its throat quite clear, its pulse and temperature normal. She was properly isolated from the rest of the family. I told them the girl was practically cured, and would no longer require my services.

"At 7:30 o'clock that same night I received a telephone call to come at once to the house, as something had happened. When I got there I found the street packed with people. The stairway and hall of the tenement house were crowded with excited neighbors, many of whom were crying and nursing bruises. They said the police had beaten them and taken the child away to the hospital. The girl's mother, whom I found hysterical in one of the two rooms where the family lives, told me that an officer of the Health Department had forced his way into the room, torn away the child despite the protests of the parents, and that six policemen fell to beating the family when they remonstrated. I saw the old grandfather, a man of about 75 years, who bore bruises on his arms where the police had clubbed him. All the neighbors were wild with indignation.

"I telephoned to the Health Department and protested against the action, also to Dr. Darlington himself later in the evening. He told me that the case would be investigated. I shall complain about the matter to the Eastern Medical Society and the East Side Medical Association."

At the Brodsky home, the child's mother corroborated Dr. Girsdansky's statement.

When the case was mentioned to the Lieutenant in charge of the Eldridge Street Police Station, he said there was no record of the affair on his blotter.

Dr. Blauvelt gave out this statement as the result of his investigation:

"We received a report of the case from Dr. Girsdansky on Monday morning. A District Inspector was sent to the house at once, and he reported that the child still had diphtheria and croup; that the family of two adults and two children lived in two rooms of the tenement house, with no door between them, and that the case could not be properly isolated. A special man sent there later made the same report, and advised a removal to the hospital, forcibly if necessary.

"I am informed that the ambulance surgeon sent from the hospital encountered so much opposition from the relatives and friends of the child that the policeman who accompanied him had to call for reserves from the police station. Even then the ambulance surgeon was roughly handled and several times kicked in the abdomen by the child's father. He tells me that neither he nor the police used undue violence in return, though their language was somewhat strong.

"It is not customary to take the attending physician's word that a cure has been effected in diphtheria cases. We followed the regular routine in this matter. It may be strenuous, but it is better than to endanger the infection of the rest of the family by negligence on our part."

At the hospital it could not be stated definitely when the child would be discharged, although her condition was pronounced much improved. The mother saw her yesterday.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
12:10—352 E. 77th St.; Swarz & Cleman..$1,500
5:55—1 Franklin St.; Frank Alonzollo.....$10
6:30—462 6th Av.; Parker House.....$25
7:52—46 Washington Place; C. B. Goodman & Co.....$10
11:40—37 W. 81st St.; O. J. Gude Adv. Co..$10
P. M.
12:20—26 W. 17th St.; owner unknown..Trifling
2:30—1,478 Convent Av.; L. J. Sullivan.....$10
3:50—412 West 16th St.; T. McMullin.....$5
4:20—199 Hester St.; Board of Education...$25
5:00—Front of 10 Stanton St.; unknown..Trifling
5:15—135th St., between 8th and St. Nicholas Avs.; N. Y. Bill Posting Co..Trifling
5:30—2,411 2d Av.; A. Hockroth.....Trifling
5:40—152 East 103d St.; Mary Laroque...Trifling
5:55—Northeast corner of 151st St. and Convent Av.; O. J. Gude & Co.....$10
6:05—Front of 212 Chrystie St.; unknown..Trifling
6:15—53 to 55 East 124th St.; A. White...Trifling
6:15—Corner of 142d St. and Edgecombe Av.; New York Bill Posting Co.....$5
7:10—199 Division St.; unknown.....Trifling
7:15—Corner of 107th St. and St. Nicholas Av.; Judge & Co.....$5
7:20—276 Madison St.; Isaac Bayling.....$150
7:45—201 Clinton St.; Sig. Moenkrantz.....$50
7:45—309 W. 42d St.; L. Strauss.....$25
8:00—94th St. and 2d Av.; I. R. T. Co..Trifling
8:00—Foot of 133d St. and Harlem River; N. Y. & N. H. Construc. Co...Trifling
8:30—1,763 Park Av.; unknown.....Trifling
9:15—76 Mulberry St.; Nick Falonce.....$100
9:30—302 Fordham Road; Charles McNamara.....Trifling
10:05—252 Mulberry St.; Rosansky & Goldberg.....$200
10:45—87 Avenue C; Max Schlinger.....$1,500
11:25—144 Columbia St.; Jacob Marshak....$100

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CLOTHING
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at 38 New St., One Block Below Wall St.
In the Heart of the Financial District.
Everything at ½ Former Prices.
$20 SUIT or Overcoat NOW $10.
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Fur-lined Overcoats, English Slipons, Trousers, Vests, and complete lines of Furnishings Advertised Brands of COLLARS, 3 for 25c.
ALL AT ½ FORMER PRICES
ADVERTISED BRANDS OF SHIRTS
$3 VALUES, $1.00 and $1.40.
VISIT WILL PAY YOU.
THE HOUSE, 38 NEW ST.

OLD MAN STABBED NEAR HOME

Found Unconscious on His Stoop—Doesn't Know His Assailant.

With a stab wound in his head, Nicholas Clinst, a cabinetmaker, 65 years old, of 99 Franklin Street, Greenpoint, was found insensible on the stoop of his house early yesterday morning. His groans drew attention to him, and a policeman who was summoned sent to the Eastern District Hospital for an ambulance. Dr. Leibovici found Clinst to be badly hurt, and wanted to remove him to the hospital, but the man's wife objected.

Clinst told the police that when he was on his way home he was attacked from behind by a man, who stabbed him without saying a word and then disappeared.

Clinst's condition was serious because of loss of blood.

JERSEY DEER SEASON OPENS.

After Ten Years' Preservation Herds Are Sport of Huntsmen Again.

Special to The New York Times.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Nov. 2.—The season for killing deer in New Jersey opens to-morrow, after being closed for ten years. Almost every train to-day brought hunting parties, and many sportsmen arrived in automobiles and went direct to the deer woods. In some instances they pitched tents and will camp out so they can be on the drives and stands early.

Notwithstanding that the law prohibits the trailing of deer with dogs, some of the hunting parties have hounds with them and state they will use them. Game Warden Loder and State Deputies will be in the woods at daybreak and will keep a close watch to see that the letter of the law is lived up to. They declare that they will arrest all who break it.

JAMES DE W. CUTTING HERE.

Denies That Mrs. Leeds Canceled Her Passage on His Account.

James De Wolf Cutting, who, according to cable dispatches, was engaged to marry Mrs. W. B. Leeds, a wealthy American widow, arrived yesterday on the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie. According to a story sent from abroad Mr. Cutting and Mrs. Leeds had a quarrel. Both were booked to sail on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, but when Mrs. Leeds found that Mr. Cutting was to go on the liner she canceled her passage.

Mr. Cutting was asked about these stories yesterday, but he would not comment on them except to declare that the report that Mrs. Leeds had canceled her passage on his account was without foundation.

IN NEW JERSEY.

George Reyot, a man of 72 years, who had been ill for some time, committed suicide yesterday in the woodshed of his home, 144 St. Paul's Avenue, Jersey City, by taking carbolic acid.

The general store of Harold Thurston at Delmont, in which the Post Office was located, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The entire contents were consumed. The fire is thought to have been the work of incendiaries.

Two deaths within twenty-four hours have occurred in one home in Bayonne. Mrs. Frances L. Flanders of Scotch Plains died Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nellie C. Cottrell, whom she had been visiting. She was 79 years old. With Mrs. Cottrell lived Mrs. Flanders's sister, Mrs. Ellen M. Crosby, 82 years of age. Prostrated by her sister's death, Mrs. Crosby sank rapidly and she passed away yesterday.

A suit for $25,000 against the Public Service Railway Company was begun in the Circuit Court in Newark yesterday in behalf of Bojenka Martinka, a girl who, it is asserted, was injured last February. The girl was a passenger on a Springfield Avenue car and was thrown to the floor, it is asserted, by the sudden starting of the car.

Playing in the Franklin Street School playground in Newark yesterday, Arthur Wrickson, 10 years old, of 205 Parker Street, fell from a sliding chute to the ground. His back was broken and he died soon afterward in St. Michael's Hospital.

After voting yesterday Henry M. Sovereign of Lebanon went home and joined his bride of fifty years ago in a golden wedding celebration, at which were present four who attended the original ceremony. Three of them were the bride's brothers, Simon Fisher of Hackettstown, Henry Fisher of Fairmount, and William Fisher of Naughright. The fourth was William W. Sutton of New Germantown.

William McGuire, 64 years old, of Bordentown, a veteran of the civil war, on his way to vote yesterday, dropped dead within twenty-five feet of his home. He had complained of not feeling well, and told his wife that he was afraid that he would not be able to go to the polls. Mr. McGuire was Commander of a G. A. R. post. He leaves a wife and four children.

Passengers on a Valley Road car in Montclair were badly shaken up yesterday when it ran into the rear end of a Bloomfield Avenue car which had come to a halt opposite the Lackawanna Railroad station. The motorman of the Valley Road car could not bring it to a halt owing to the slippery rails, and the car struck the car ahead with great force. The front of the Valley Road car was wrecked, and nearly every pane of glass was shattered. The passengers, mostly women on both cars, were tossed about, but none was hurt.

In a quarrel in Madison over the ownership of a shovel Carmine Delnafie stabbed to death a fellow countryman, Philip Defanti, along Elm Road last night. The murderer escaped, and it is thought has gone to New York, where he has a brother. The two men had been working at Convent Station, and on their way home last night renewed the fight over the shovel. The slain man was stabbed but once, the knife penetrating the heart. He died almost instantly.

An error in the ballots made it necessary to get J. Thomas Scott, a printer of Chatham, out of bed at 2 o'clock yesterday morning to reprint the ballots for Chatham. The names of J. Herbert Bobout, for Assessor, and Louis A. A. Noe, for Committeeman, on the Democratic ticket, had both been left off. It is declared that the proofs passed upon by the County Clerk were correct. The Chatham printer had the ballots ready by 6 o'clock, when the polls opened. Noe discovered the mistake when he got his ballots Monday, and Monday night he went to Township Clerk Frederick Maurer to see if the mistake ran through all the ballots. He was compelled to wait till the stroke of midnight, when the arrival of election day made it legal for the Clerk to open the sealed packages. When the fact was established that the mistake was general the order was given at once to reprint them.

DECLARES BOY WAS FLOGGED 45 MINUTES

Caretaker at Brooklyn Disciplinary School Gives Damaging Evidence Against Farrell.

HOUSE MOTHER IS ACCUSED

Stories of Violent Punishment of Boy Inmates Arouse the Chairman of the Law Committee.

Supt. James P. Farrell of the Brooklyn Diciplinary Training School flogged a boy named Taylor with a stick for forty-five minutes without cessation, according to evidence produced before the Law Committee of the school's Board of Managers yesterday.

A former caretaker of the institution described how the Superintendent first caused the lad to be stripped, and then how he had driven him from floor to floor, and room to room, beating his bare body and face. The caretaker said that when the lad sought refuge under beds or furniture the Superintendent ordered employes of the institution to drag him out.

The caretaker's name is John H. Farrell, but he is not related to the accused Superintendent. "The cook had lost her watch and accused the Taylor boy of taking it," he said.

"The Superintendent sent me to get the boy, and when I had brought him to the office the Superintendent said: "'My boy, where is that watch?' The boy said he didn't know.

"'I'll make you know,' the Superintendent then said, and struck him three times over the head with his stick.

"The boy still denied that he knew where the watch was. So the Superintendent told me to take the boy's clothes off, and I stripped him. He followed him about, beating him. He beat him for forty-five minutes right here in the library.

"Finally the boy said, pretending, so as to get relief: 'Mr. Farrell, I'll go out and help you find the watch.' The Superintendent ordered me to put the boy's clothes on, and the boy pretended to hunt for the watch in the cook's room. Then the Superintendent ordered me to take the boy's clothes off again. The boy ran every way to find a hiding place.

"When the Superintendent got tired he told me to make a cell for the boy and keep him there in solitary confinement for thirty days, feeding him only on bread and water. He also told me to beat him daily until he confessed where the watch was, but I didn't beat him."

Tells of Other Boys Beaten.

Asked why he had not interfered while the Taylor boy was being beaten, the caretaker said he was afraid of being "thrown out of the institution on his head."

Asked to name other boys who had been mistreated by the Superintendent, the caretaker named Schreger, Nailer, Roberts, Hepburn, Schultz, Nile, Spain, Drummond and Schell. Schreger, the caretaker said, was beaton over the head till big lumps formed. His offense was looking for a monkey wrench in the engine room. As for Nailer, he got into a fight with one of Miss Hastings's boys, the caretaker said, and the Superintendent struck him in the mouth. Drummond was beaten for chewing tobacco and Roberts for stealing lead pencils out of the schoolmaster's desk.

It was charged by witnesses that meat was served to the inmates of which the cooks complained, and they said the butter was unfit for use.

"On one of the Superintendent's trips to town," the caretaker testified, "he kept the school's carriage waiting for him from 10 P. M. to 8 A. M. at the Eighteenth Avenue station. Once he came home in such condition that he had to cling to the banisters to get upstairs.

"One of the cooks once called my attention to some stew meat. I told her to show it to the House Mother (Miss Hutchinson). 'Anything is good enough for those caretakers,' the cook told me the House Mother said."

Katharine Darcy, who was a laundress and cook in the school for five years, was the first witness which Chairman Byk, of the Law Committee, called to give evidence as to House Mother Hutchinson.

"I saw the House Mother under the influence of liquor on several occasions," Mrs. Darcy testified. "She would come back from town at 7 A. M. from New York and walk unsteadily through the halls and up the stairs. She and the Superintendent would come back in the carriage together."

She went on to tell of friendly relations that existed between House Mother Hutchinson and three inmates of the "disciplinary" school, young men 20 years old. They were known as London, Callahan, and Toughey.

Miss Hutchinson is said to be about 45 years old. She has a lawyer attending the committee's sittings. On Monday he wanted to know exactly what his client was being charged with.

The testimony concerning the Taylor boy aroused Chairman Byk to an outburst of anger at yesterday's hearing, and his fellow-committemen pleaded with him not to become excited.

"I can't help it," he cried. "The testimony makes me sick. The investigation haunts me. It has been on my shoulders day and night for nine months now."

HEN SURVIVES 25-DAY FAST.

Fell Into an Empty Cistern; Owner Thought Chicken Had Been Stolen.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEVILLE, N. J., Nov. 2.—Oscar De Rose of Belleville is the owner of a chicken that has survived a fast of twenty-five days. The hen, a Plymouth Rock, was placed in the cellar of the De Rose home, and was intended for dinner the next day. Its legs were tied. When Mrs. De Rose went to the cellar the next day to get the chicken, it was not to be found. She thought that it had been stolen.

Some days afterward while in the cellar Mr. De Rose heard a noise and decided that rats had begun to frequent the cellar. The house cat was kept in the cellar nights thereafter.

The noises, however, continued from day to day. Yesterday Mr. De Rose had occasion to go into the cellar, and hearing the same noises he searched around with a light until he came to a hole which had at one time been used as a cistern. At the bottom of the hole was the missing chicken. It was still alive and De Rose carried it upstairs. It was so weak that when its legs were untied, it could not stand on them, and food and water had to be poured down its throat. To-day it was much improved and can walk.

When placed in the cellar the chicken weighed six pounds, and when it was taken out it weighed just a pound and a half.

So it won't be eaten just now.

FIVE SEATS FOR SOCIALISTS.

They Now Have 22 Members of the Saxon Diet.

DRESDEN, Nov. 2.—In the reballoting for the Saxon Diet the Socialists won only five seats to-day, owing to the combinations of other parties against them. Up to the present eighty members have been elected, out of a total of ninety-two.

The Conservatives and National Liberals have won twenty-four seats each, the Socialists, twenty-two; the Radicals eight, and other parties two. The remaining reballots will be held Wednesday and Thursday.

Held for Getting Seats by Pretense.

Henry E. Hacker, a clerk, 22 years old, of 759 Dawson Street, the Bronx, was held for examination by Magistrate Krotel in the West Side Court yesterday afternoon, charged with obtaining two theatre tickets from Frank J. Wilstach, business manager for William Faversham, playing in "Herod" at the Lyric Theatre, under false pretenses. Detective O'Brien said the prisoner telephoned to Mr. Wilstach for theatre tickets and represented himself to be the President of Smith's Magazine and asked that the tickets be sent to the Marie Antoinette. Mr. Wilstach, the detective said, made inquiries at the offices of Smith's Magazine, and found that no one knew the prisoner. A letter was sent to him addressed to the hotel, and when he asked for his letter he was arrested.

Car Hurts Three in Moving Van.

As the result of a collision between a heavy moving van and a north-bound Sedgwick Avenue car at 230th Street, the Bronx, last night, three men were taken in an ambulance by Dr. Black to Fordham Hospital. They were: Joseph Weltman of 453 East Houston Street; Joseph Green of 111 Lewis Street, and David Werner of 144 Lewis Street. Green's injuries were regarded as serious. Patrick Glynn, the motorman, was arrested. It was said that he ran his car into the van in which the three men injured were riding.

Reproduction of a letter from Mr.
Enrico Caruso
To the Makers of the
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The Piano all can play either by hand or by perforated music rolls.
THE PLAZA NEW YORK

Hardman, Peck & Co., Fifth Ave., New York. March 27, 1908.

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It is very difficult for me to tell you how much pleasure I have derived from using the Hardman Autotone. I cannot conceive how it has been possible to combine in one instrument such a superb and unique tone-quality as the Hardman, with a pneumatic action capable of so perfectly reproducing the human touch. Its expression, accenting and transposing devices are marvellous.

Congratulating you upon producing the most artistic so-called "player-piano" and wishing you still further success, I am,

Most cordially yours,
Enrico Caruso

In another letter from Mr. Caruso (written last season), referring to the Hardman Piano, this famous artist says: *"I shall be glad to have one again on my return to America next season."*

Agreeable to the wishes of Mr. Caruso, a Hardman Autotone, which is at the same time a Hardman Piano, has been delivered to his apartments for his personal use this season.

At our warerooms you can see the instruments of his choice, and in the event that you decide to purchase terms will be arranged to meet your convenience and liberal allowance made for instruments taken in exchange.

Hardman, Peck & Co.,
Established 1842.
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The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes
Fall Overcoats
DESPITE the balmy noons of the past few days, there has been a chill at morning and evening that says OVERCOAT in unmistakable tones.
Now Hart, Schaffner & Marx have made for us very handsome Fall Overcoats—garments of a style and quality not often seen—garments that are far beyond those others are offering at like prices. Some are full silk lined, others silk lined to the edge.
Splendid values, all.
"Seeing is believing"—as well you know.
One look will convince you more surely of the superb value of these overcoats.
Better see them to-day.
Fall Overcoats $15 to $40

SPECIAL SALE
Overcoats from triple-x melton, kersey and moule cloth, satin lined, to measure, $25; faultlessly tailored. 30 styles of fancy, blue, black and gray cable worsted cheviots. Suit to measure, $20; guaranteed to give excellent satisfaction.
Samples forwarded to any address.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

THREE FIREMEN INJURED.

Ladder Breaks as They Drag Hose to Roof of Williamsburg Tenement.

Serious injuries were sustained by three firemen early yesterday morning at a fire which destroyed a three-story tenement at 240 Ainslee Street, Williamsburg, by the breaking of a ladder. The injured firemen are William R. Carlton and Charles F. Roessler of Engine 113 and George Derby of Engine 121.

The fire started in the cellar near the air shaft, and was discovered shortly after 4 o'clock by a milkman. The entire upper part of the house was ablaze, and he raised an alarm and then ran to the headquarters of Engine 113, two blocks away. When the firemen arrived the eldest daughter of James Bailey, who lived on the third floor, was trying to save her sixteen-year-old invalid brother and her seven-year-old sister, Margaruite. The firemen rescued the family and also helped out the other residents, all of whom were more or less affected by smoke.

On the arrival of more fire apparatus, a second ladder, thirty-five feet long, was placed against the house. The three firmen who were hurt, ran up to reach the roof with a line of hose. As they were on a level with the top floor the ladder suddenly broke, and the men dropped about thirty feet.

Derby struck the wooden picket fence in front of the house, and was terribly injured internally, while the other two firmen hit the stone flagging, and sustained dislocations of the ankles and shoulders, as well as being internally injured. They were immediately removed to St. Catherine's Hospital, where their condition was pronounced critical.

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Will Open Its First Season Nov. 8 with ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.
This Play Will Be Repeated Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings and Wed. and Thurs. Mats.
On Thursday Night, Nov. 11, THE COTTAGE IN THE AIR,
A New Play by Edw. Knoblauch Will Be Produced. This Will Be Repeated Sat. Mat. & Eve
Seats now on Sale at Box Office for all performances two weeks in advance. Prices $2, $1.50, $1, 75c., 50c. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 2:30.
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A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 Circus Acts
LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Only Matinee Saturday 2:15.
You cannot afford to miss HEROD.—Alan Dale.
WM. FAVERSHAM in HEROD 250 People
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
FORBES-ROBERTSON and His London Co. in The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Only Matinee Saturday 2:15.
SAM BERNARD THE GIRL AND THE WIZARD.
Sunday Night—Hope Booth Benefit.
Greatest Bill Ever Presented in New York.
DALY'S B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Next Matinee Saturday 2:15.
LAST 5 TIMES Viola Allen IN The White Sister
Star Cast, Including JAMES O'NEILL WILLIAM FARNUM, MINNA GALE.
Beginning MON., NOV. 8 Seats To-morrow
FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY
BROADWAY THEA., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
THE MIDNIGHT SONS
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 9th WEEK
Popular Matinee To-day. Best Seats $1.50.
Whiteside In Zangwill's Great Play, THE MELTING POT
"The Little Theatre with the Big Play."—SUN.
LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQUARE $1.50 Matinee Today 2:15. Evs. 8:15.
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HACKETT THEA., 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:15.
Elsie Ferguson in SUCH A LITTLE QUEEN
MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Evgs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day 2:15.
BERT A. Williams Of Williams & Walker, in MR. LODE OF KOAL.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25c. to $1.50. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2.
BERTHA GALLAND THE RETURN OF EVE.
Next Week—John Mason—The Witching Hour.
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day 2:15.
JAMES T. POWERS in HAVANA
METROPOLIS 142d St. & 3d Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
TWO WOMEN AND THAT MAN.

HORSE SHOW
The Box Office at the MADISON SQUARE GARDEN will be open from 9 A. M. until 7:30 P. M. on Wednesday, the 3d of November, for the sale of seats and boxes for the entire week of the show; and on and after Nov. 4 for reserved seats for any single performance.

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Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15. THE MAN FROM HOME
WED., NOV. 10. Seats Now Selling.
"SEVEN DAYS" A Comedy of New York Life.
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Next Mat. Sat. 2:20.
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS IDOLS "Actual Stirring Drama." Sun.
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Thursday Evening, November 4, at 8:15.
Friday Afternoon, November 5, at 2:30.
BEETHOVEN—Overture. "The Consecration of the House"
BEETHOVEN—Symphony No. 3..."Eroica"
STRAUSS..."Till Eulenspiegel"
LISZT—Symphonic Poem..."Mazeppa"
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NOV. 21-22—EGYPT
NOV. 28-29—THE SUDAN
DEC. 5-6—SICILY
DEC. 12-13—DALMATIA
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